Beginner Student's Book

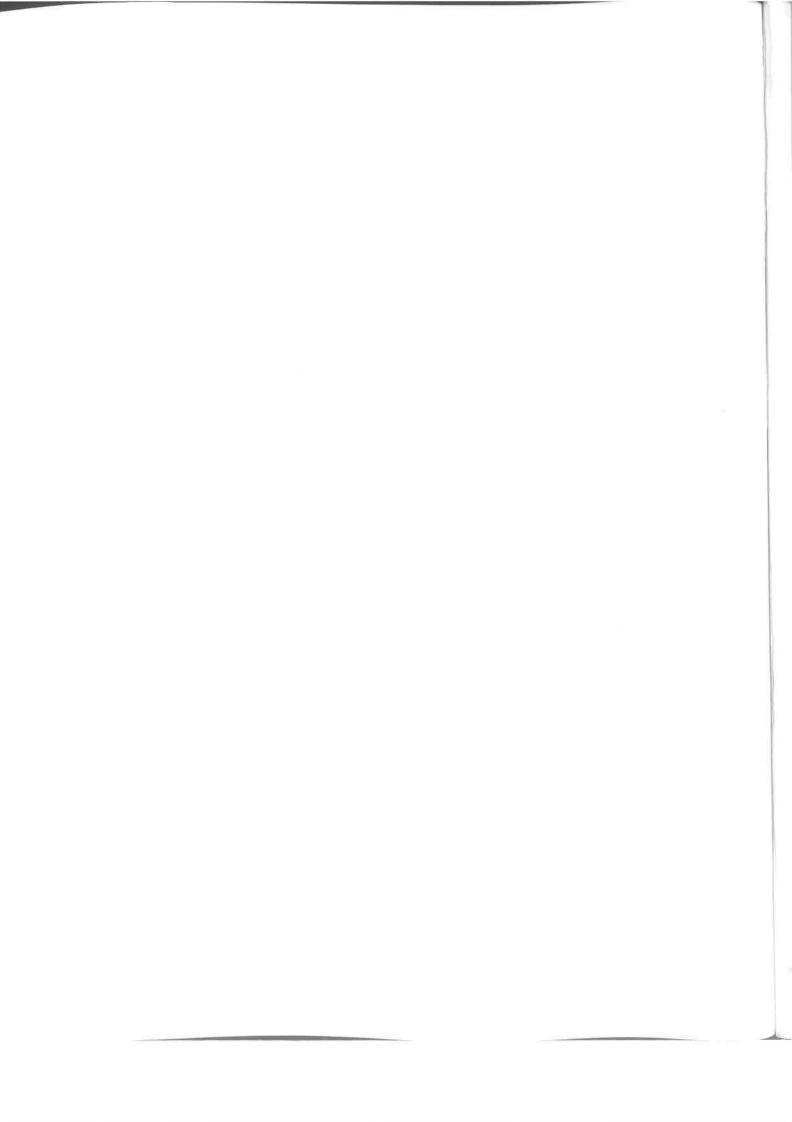
Head Way

John and Liz Soars

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OXFORD

MEIN



Headway Plus

Beginner Student's Book

John and Liz Soars



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Hello!

am/are/is, my/your • This is . . . • How are you? • Good morning! What's this in English? • Numbers 1–10 • Plurals

STARTER

Listen. Say your name.

Hello. I'm Paula.

Hello. I'm Josef.



WHAT'S YOUR NAME?

am/are/is, my/your

1 T 1.2 Read and listen.

Pablo Hello. I'm Pablo. What's your name?

Ahmed My name's Ahmed.

Pablo Hello, Ahmed.

T 1.2 Listen and repeat.

GRAMMAR SPOT

I'm = I am

name's = name is

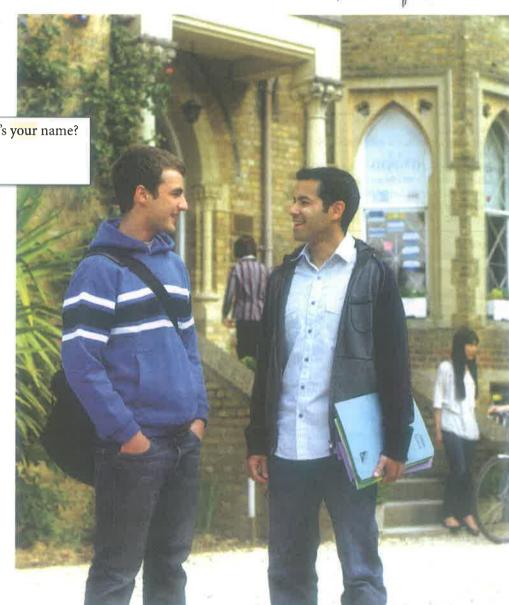
What's = What is

2 Stand up and practise.

Hello, I'm

What's your name?

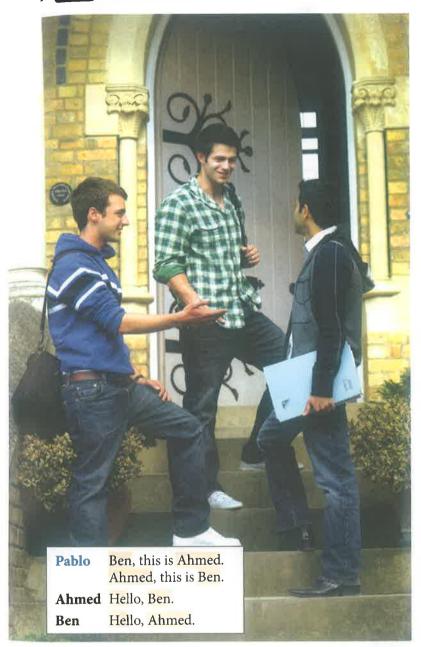
My name's



INTRODUCTIONS

This is ...

1 T1.3 Read and listen.



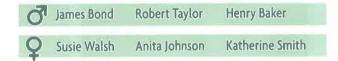
- T 1.3 Listen and repeat.
- **2** Practise in groups of three.



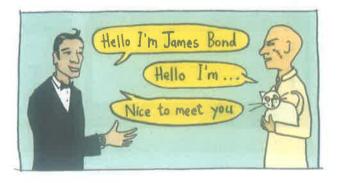
Nice to meet you



- T1.4 Listen and repeat.
- 4 Practise in pairs. Say your first name and surname.
 - A Hello. My name's _____
 - B Hello. I'm _________Nice to meet you.
 - A And you.
- 5 T 1.5 Listen to the English names.



Choose a name. Stand up and say hello.



HOW ARE YOU?

1 T 1.6 Read and listen.



1 Pablo Hi, Ben. How are you? Fine, thanks, Pablo. And you? Ben

Pablo I'm OK, thanks.

T 1.6 Listen and repeat.

2 Answer your teacher.

3 Stand up and practise.

Hi,

. How are you?

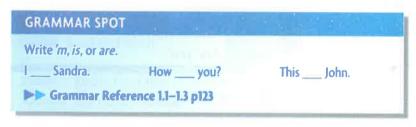
Hello, Ahmed. How are you? Ahmed Very well, thank you. How are you? Ben

Fine, thanks.

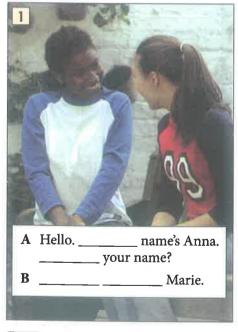
Fine, thanks. And you?

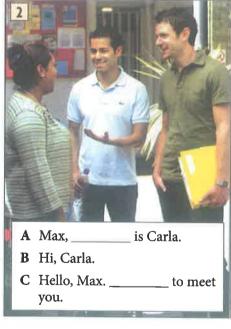
Very well, thank you.

OK, thanks.



4 Complete the conversations.





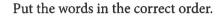


11.7 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Good morning!

















4 A Good night! well Sleep B Thank you. And

T 1.8 Listen and check, Practise the conversations.

T 1.9 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.

VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

What's this in English?

1 Write the words.

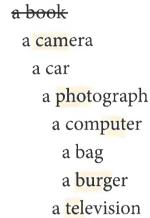


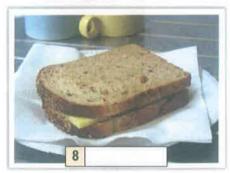




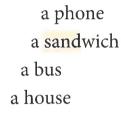






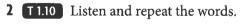












3 Till Listen and repeat.



Work with a partner. Point to a picture. Ask and answer questions.



It's = It is

4 Go to things in the room. Ask your teacher.



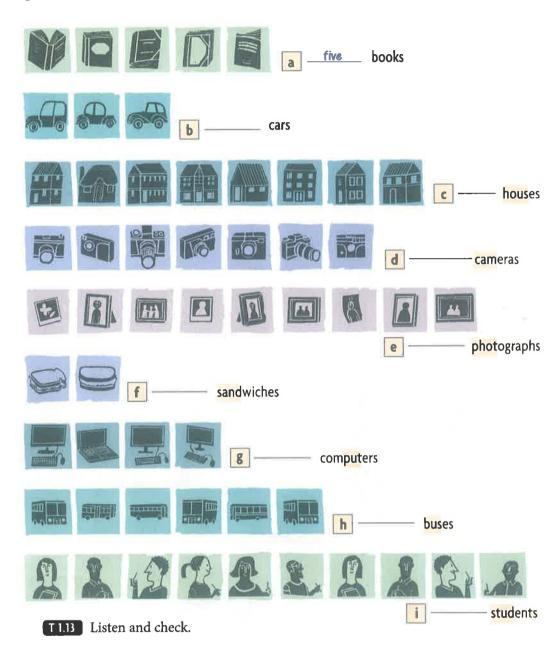
lt's a ...

9

Numbers 1-10 and plurals

- 1 T1.12 Read and listen.
 Practise the numbers.
 - 1 one
 - 2 two
 - 3 three
 - 4 four
 - 5 five
 - 6 six
 - 7 seven
 - 8 eight
 - 9 nine
 - 10 ten
- 2 Say the numbers round the class.

3 Write the numbers.



4 Ask and answer questions.

What's in this picture?

Nine photographs.

5 T 1.14 Listen and repeat.

/s/	/z/	/IZ/
book _e photograph _s student _s	cars computers burgers cameras televisions bags phones	sandwich _{es} hous _{es} bus _{es}

Singular Plural
one book two books
one bus two buses

Grammar Reference 1.4 p123

11



2

Your world

Countries • he/she/they, his/her • Where's he from? fantastic/awful/beautiful • Numbers 11–30

STARTER

Find your country on the map on page 13. Find these countries on the map.

Australia Brazil Egypt China England France Italy Hungary Japan Russia Spain Saudi Arabia

T 2.1 Listen and repeat.

SHE'S FROM JAPAN

he/she, his/her

1 T 2.2 Read and listen.



Tax Listen and repeat.

2 Where are you from? Stand up and practise.

Where are you from?

I'm from Italy/Libya ... Where ...?

12 Unit 2 • Your world

3 T 2.3 Read, listen, and repeat.



His name's Ahmed. He's from Egypt.



Her name's Miki. She's from Japan.

GRAMMAR SPOT

he's = he is

she's = she is

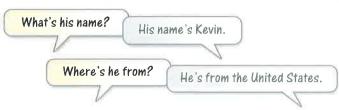
►► Grammar Reference 2.1–2.2 p123



- T 2.4 Listen and check. Repeat the sentences.
- 2 T 2.5 Listen and repeat the questions.

What's his name? Where's he from? What's her name? Where's she from?

3 Ask and answer questions about the people in the photographs.



GRAMMAR SPOT		
1 Where's = Where is		
2 Complete the questions with is or are.		
Whereshe from?		
Where he from?		
Where you from?		
►► Grammar Reference 2.3 p123		

PRACTICE

Cities and countries

1 Where are the cities? Ask and answer.



Barcelona

São Paulo

Beijing

Sydney

Moscow

Damascus

Cairo

Budapest

Los Angeles

London

T 2.6 Listen and check.

2 Work with a partner.

Student A Look at the photos on this page.

Student B Look at the photos on p140.

Ask questions and write the answers.

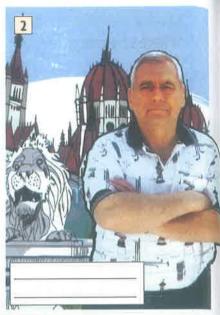


Talking about you

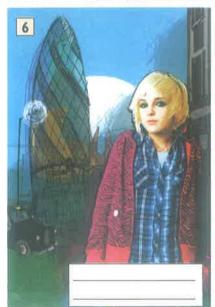
3 Ask about the students in the class.

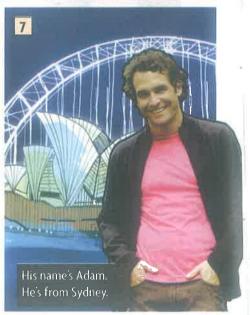






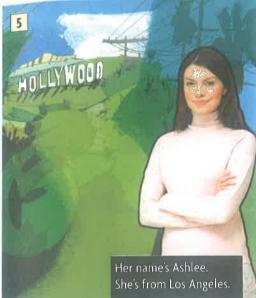


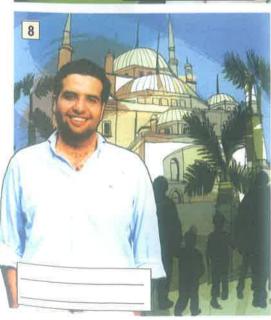




4 Unit 2 • Your world







Questions and answers

4 T 2.7 Listen and complete the conversation. Practise it.

7	Disterrand complete		
	Rosely Hello, I'm Rosely. W		
	Bruno name's Br		
	R Hello, Bruno. Where are		
	B from Brazil. V	·	
		from São Paulo.	
	B Really? I'm from São Pau		
	R Oh, nice to meet you, Br	uno.	
5	T 2.8 Listen and write the	countries.	
	1 Claudia: Akemi: 2 Charles: Bud: 3 Loretta and Jane:		
6	Match the questions and ans	wers.	
	1 d Where are you from?	a His name's Fadi.	
	2 What's her name?	b He's from Amman.	
	3 What's his name?	c It's in Canada.	
	4 Where's he from?	d I'm from Japan.	
	5 What's this in English?	e Fine, thanks.	
	6 How are you?	f Her name's Tatiana.	
	7 Where's Montreal?	g It's a computer.	
	T 2.9 Listen and check.		
	Work with a partner. Take tu the answers. Practise them.	rns to cover the questions or	
C	heck it		
7	Tick (✓) the correct sentence	e.	
	1 My name Ahmed. My name's Ahmed.	4 He's from Libya. His from Libya.	
	2 What's he's name? What's his name?	5 Where she from? Where's she from?	
	3 [What's his name?' 'K	owin' 6 What's her name?	

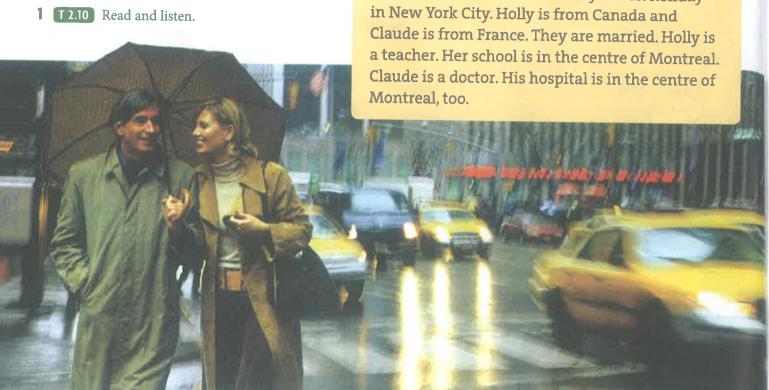
'What's her name?' 'Kevin.'

What's she name?

READING AND SPEAKING

Where are they from?

1 T 2.10 Read and listen.



This is a photograph of Claude and Holly Duval

from Montreal, in Canada. They are on holiday

2	C	omplete the sentences.
	1	Holly is from in Canada.
		She's a
	3	Her is in the centre of Montreal.
	4	Claude is from
	5	He's a
	6	His hospital is in the of Montreal
	7	They in New York.
	8	They are
3	W: ab	rite questions with <i>What?</i> and <i>Where?</i> out Claude and Holly. Ask a partner.
	W_{i}	hat name? Where from? here school? Where hospital?

GRAMMAR SPOT		
Write is or are.		
She	_ a teacher.	
He	a doctor.	
They	from Canada.	
►► Grammar Reference 2.4 p123		

Complete the conversations.
1 awful (8) weather
C Oh, no! Look at the weather!
H Ugh! It's!
2 really good 😃 burger
H Wow! Look at my!
It's fantastic!
C My burger is, too!
3 fantastic building
C What's this building ?
H It's the Empire State Building!
It's!

Look C Wow! _____ at Central Park!

4 beautiful ©

H It's

T 2.11 Listen to Claude and Holly.



T 2.11 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Numbers 11-30

- 1 Say the numbers 1–10 round the class.
- 2 T 2.12 Listen, read, and repeat.

11 12 13 14 15 eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen

16 17 18 19 20 sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen twenty

Say the numbers 1-20 round the class.

- **3** Write the numbers your teacher says. Say the numbers your teacher writes.
- 4 Match the numbers.

21 twenty-five twenty-seven 23 twenty-one 24 twenty-eight 25 twenty-two 26 twenty-four twenty-nine 28 twenty-three 29 thirty 30 twenty-six

- T 2.13 Listen and repeat. Say the numbers 1–30 round the class.
- 5 T 2.14 Listen and tick (✓) the numbers you hear.

1 22 12/ 10 20 17 15 16 14 29 21 19 9 7 17 11 27 5 23 3 13 30

6 Work with a partner.

Student A Write five numbers. Say them to your partner.

Student B Write the numbers you hear. 14 24 ...

7 Look at the pictures. How old is he/she?

I think she's 18 months.

No, I think she's about 2.











Listen and find out.





All about you

Jobs • am/are/is • Negatives and questions • Personal information • Social expressions (1)

STARTER

1 Match the jobs and the pictures.

a doctor a nurse a student a teacher a shop assistant a bus driver a businessman a police officer a builder



















T 3.1 Listen and repeat.

2 T 3.2 Read the questions and answers. Listen and repeat.

What's his job?

He's a teacher.

What's her job?

She's a doctor.



Look at the pictures. Ask and answer questions with a partner.

3 What's your job? Ask and answer.

What's your job?

l'm a student.

I'm a businessman.

HE ISN'T A STUDENT

Negatives - he isn't

1 Look and read.





T3.3 Listen and repeat.

2 Look at pictures 1–9 again. Make more negative and positive sentences.

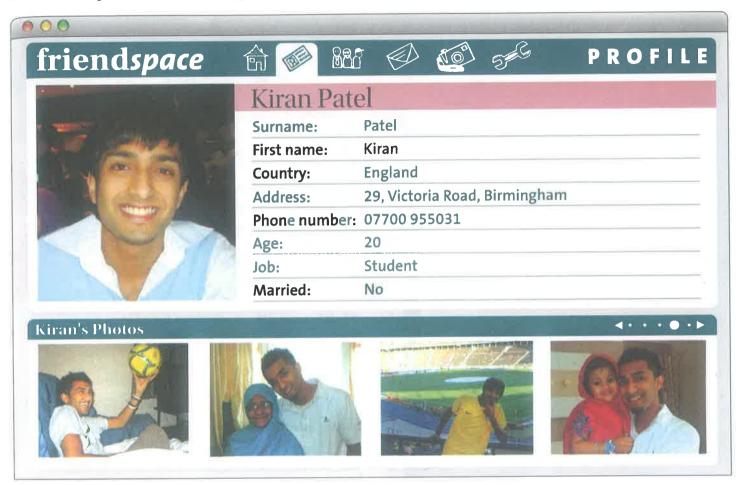
He/She isn't a ... He/She's a ...

GRAMMAR SPOT He's a teacher. 's = is She isn't a nurse. isn't = is not

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Ouestions and answers

1 Look at the photos and read Kiran's profile.



- 2 Complete the questions and answers.
 - 1 What's his surname ? Patel
 - 2 What's his _____? Kiran
 - 3 Where's he ? England
 - 4 What's his _____? 29, Victoria Road, Birmingham
 - 5 What's his ____? 07700 955031
 - 6 How old is he?
 - 7 What's _____?
- He's
- He's _____
- 8 Is he ______?
- No, he isn't.
- T3.4 Listen and check. Practise the questions and answers.

- 3 T 3.5 Read and listen. Then listen and repeat.
 - Is Kiran from Japan?
- X No. he isn't.
- Is he from China?
- X No, he isn't.
- Is he from England?
- ✓ Yes, he is.
- 4 Ask and answer questions about Kiran.
 - 1 Is he from London? Liverpool? Birmingham?
 - 2 Is he 16? 18? 20?
 - 3 Is he a teacher? a doctor? a student?
 - 4 Is he married?
- 5 Complete the sentences.
 - 1 Kiran isn't from Japan.
 - He 's ___ from England.
 - 2 His phone number _____ 07700 995031. It _____ 07700 955031.
 - 3 He _____ 18. He _____ 20.
 - 4 He ____ married.

5 STUDENTS WALK FOR CHARITY

Negatives - I'm not, they aren't, we aren't

- 1 Look at the pictures. Who are the people?
- 2 T3.6 Listen and complete the questions.
 - T3.6 Listen again and check. Practise the conversation.

GRAMMAR SPOT

1 Negative

I'm not from Scotland. I'm not = I am not
They aren't from Ireland. They aren't = They are not
We aren't worried. We aren't = We are not

2 Short answers

Are you from Scotland? Yes, I am./No, I'm not. Are they from Ireland? Yes, they are./No, they aren't. Are you worried? Yes, we are./No, we aren't.

Grammar Reference 3.1 p124

- **3** Answer the questions.
 - 1 Are Paul and Donny brothers?
 - 2 Are they from Scotland?
 - 3 Are the other boys from Ireland?
 - 4 Is it a difficult walk?
 - 5 Are the boys worried?

13.7 Listen and check. Practise the questions and answers.

4 Practise the interview in groups of three.

Talking about you

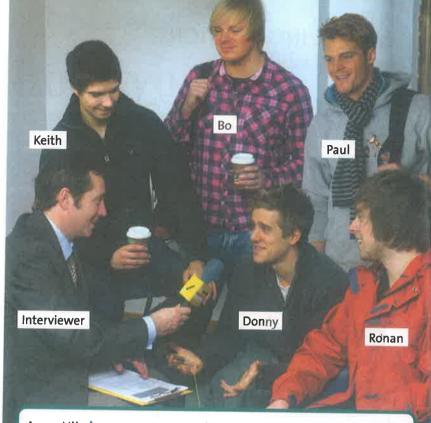
5 Ask and answer the questions about you.

Are you from Scotland?

No, . . .

Are you from Ireland?

Are you a student?



ı	Hi! Are you	_ the boys from the
	National University?	,

P+all Yes, we are.

- I Great! And ______ Donny McNab?
- P No, I'm not. I'm Paul McNab. This is Donny. He's my brother.
- Ah, yes, sorry. Hi, Donny. You're a student from Scotland, right?
- **D** Well, yes, I am a student, but I'm not from Scotland.
- Oh, where _____ from?
- P+D We're from here Ireland.
- I _____ the other boys from Ireland too?
- D No, they aren't. They're all from different countries.
- Oh! Interesting! And _____ all students?
- D Yes, they are. We're all . . .
- P Yeah, we're all students at the National University of Ireland, in Galway.
- Interesting! Now, this walk is difficult. Twelve mountains or 'Bens' in three days! Are you worried?
- D Yes, it's very difficult, but we aren't worried!
- I OK boys! Nice to meet you. Good luck to you all!
- All Thank you very much.

The 12 'Bens' Charity Walk

PRACTICE

Is he a businessman?

- 1 Look at the pictures of Tarek and Grace. Where are they?
- 2 T3.8 Listen to the conversations. Complete the chart.

First name	Tarek	Grace
Surname	Elkushli	Chou
Country	Libya	
City/Town		
Phone number		212 638-9475
Age	42	
Job		Shop assistant
Married?		

T3.8 Listen again and check.

- 3 Ask and answer the questions with a partner.
 - Is Tarek from Tripoli?
 Yes, he is.
 - Is he a businessman?
 - Is he 42?
 - Is he married?
- Is Grace from Dubai?
- Is she a nurse?
- Is she 33?
- Is she married?
- 4 Talk about Tarek and Grace.

Tarek is from Tripoli. His surname is ...

Grace is from

Talking about you

5 Complete the questions.

1	What's	your	first name
2		-	surname?

- 3 _____ you from?
- 4 _____ phone number?
- 5 How old _____?
- 6 _____job?
- 7 _____ married?

In groups, ask and answer the questions.

Writing

6 Write about another student. Read it aloud.

	He	r name's	She's from	Jordan	Her phone	number is
--	----	----------	------------	--------	-----------	-----------



7 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

1	She's	name's	Nora

- Her name's Nora.
- 2 Her job is teacher.
- She's a teacher.
- 3 He's phone number is 796542.
 - His phone number is 796542.
- 4 I'm not a doctor.
 - I amn't a doctor.
- 5 They aren't from Italy.
- They're no from Italy.
- 6 She is no married.
 - She isn't married.

Tarek

Grace

READING AND LISTENING

The charity walk

1 Look at the picture and read. Where are the boys?

HELLO! WE'RE ON A MOUNTAIN!

The boys are all students on a charity walk in Ireland.
They are from different countries. Paul and Donny
McNab are from Ireland, they are brothers. Bo Olsson is
from Sweden. Ronan Wilson is from Australia and Keith
Massey is from England.

Now they are on Benbaun, a mountain in Ireland. They're on the phone to a newspaper journalist.

Journalist Hi, guys, where are you?

Boys Hi, we're on Benbaun. It's beautiful!

Journalist And how are you?

Boys We're all fine! It's fantastic here!

Journalist Are you tired?

Boys No, we aren't. We're very happy and excited.

GRAMMAR SPOT

We're on a mountain.

we're = we are

We aren't tired.

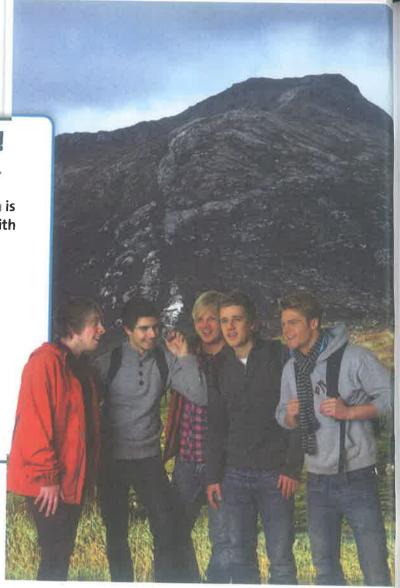
we aren't = we are not

Grammar Reference 3.2 p124

- 2 Answer the questions.
 - 1 Are all the boys students?
- 2 Are they all brothers?
- 3 Are they all from Ireland?
- 4 Where are they now?
- 5 Are they happy?
- **3** Read about the boys again. Correct the information.
 - 1 The boys are on holiday.

They aren't on holiday! They're on a charity walk!

- 2 They're in Scotland.
- 3 Bo is from Australia.
- 4 Keith's from Sweden.
- 5 They're on the phone to a friend.
- 6 They're very tired.
- T 3.9 Listen and check. Practise the answers.
- 22 Unit 3 All about you



Interview on a mountain

- 4 T3.10 Listen to the complete interview and <u>underline</u> the correct answer.
 - 1 This is/isn't their first walk for charity.
 - 2 The money is/isn't for an animal charity.
 - 3 The boys are/aren't at the same university.
 - 4 Ronan is 21/22.
 - 5 Bo and Keith are both 18/19.
 - 6 Donny and Paul are/aren't both 20.

Roleplay

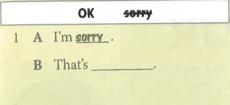
Work in groups. Go to tapescript 3.10 on page 113. Practise the interview.

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Social expressions (1)

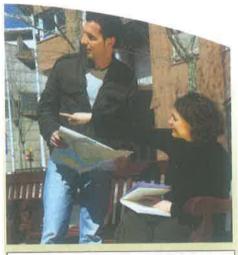
1 T3.11 Listen and look at the pictures.





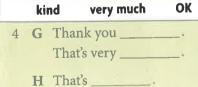


		Thanks	please	
2	С	A coffee, _		
	D	That's £1.2	0.	
	C		very much.	



	Excu	se a lot		over there
3	E		me!	
		Where's the	e stat	ion?
	F	It's		
	E	Thanks		







	d	on't understand sorry	
5	I	Quelle heure est-il?	
	J	I'm I	



		don't know	Excuse	
5	K	m	ie!	
		Where's the	town centre?	
	L	I'm sorry. I		

- 2 Complete the conversations with the words in the boxes.

 T3.11 Listen again and check.
- **3** Work with a partner. Learn the conversations. Stand up! Act the conversations.





Family and friends

our/their • Possessive's • The family • has/have • The alphabet

STARTER

1	Complete the chart.	1	you	he	she	we	they
		тү				our	their

2 Talk about things in the classroom.

This is my book.

Emma

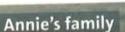
This is our class.

This is her bag.

MY FAMILY

Possessive's

1 T 4.1 Read and listen.



ANNIE TAYLOR

This is Annie Taylor. She's married, and this is her family. Their house is in London. She's a doctor. Annie's hospital is in the centre of town

Jim is Annie's husband. He's a bank manager. Jim's office is in the centre of town, too.

'Our children are Emma and Vince. Emma is 15. She's at Camden High School. Vince is 19. He's at the University of Westminster. We're all happy in London.'

Jim

Annie

Vince

GRAMMAR SPOT 1 She's married. She's a doctor. 's = is 2 This is her family. This is Annie's family 's = the family of Annie 3 his Jim's office her Emma's school Compared to the school of the sch

- 2 Answer the questions.
 - 1 Is Annie married?

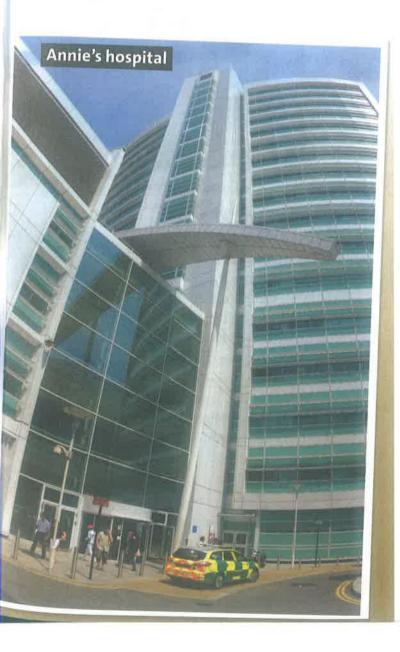
 2 Where's their house?

 3 What's Annie's job?

 4 Where's her hospital?

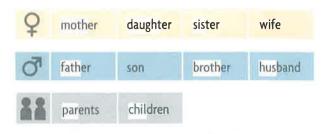
 5 What's Jim's job?

 6 Are their children both at school?
 - T 4.2 Listen, check, and practise.

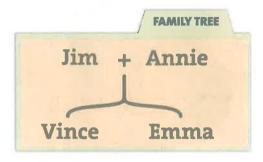


Who are they?

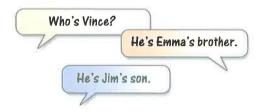
3 T4.3 Listen and repeat.



4 Look at the family tree.



- T 4.4 Listen and complete the sentences.
- 1 Annie is Jim's wife.
- 2 Jim is Annie's
- 3 Emma is Annie and Jim's _____.
- 4 Vince is their _____.
- 5 Annie is Vince's _____.
- 6 Jim is Emma's _____.
- 7 Emma is Vince's ______
- 8 Vince is Emma's
- 9 Annie and Jim are Emma and Vince's ______.
- 10 Emma and Vince are Jim and Annie's _____
- T 4.4 Listen again and check.
- Ask and answer questions with a partner.



6 T 4.5 Listen to the five people. Who are they?

1	Annie _	Come on, Emma! Time for school!
2		
3		
4		
5		

PRACTICE

An American family

1 T 4.6 Listen to Michela Sacchi from Chicago. Complete the information about her family.

	Name	Age	Job	
Michela's brother	Massimo			
Michela's mother				
Michela's father				



7	Complete	the	sentences
-	Complete	me	seniences

- 1 Massimo is Michela's brother.
- 2 Her _____ name is Maria.
- 3 'What's _____ job?' 'He's a businessman.'
- 4 'Where's _____ house?' 'It's in Chicago.'
- 3 Write the names of people in your family.

 John/Sara

Ask and answer questions with a partner.

Who's John/Sara?	He's/She's my brother/mother
How old is he/she	He's/She's
What's his/her job?	He's/She's a

26 Unit 4 • Family and friends

mv/our/vour	mv/	OUL	VOIII	,
-------------	-----	-----	-------	---

- 4 Complete the sentences with my, our, your, ...
 - 1 'What's your name?'

'My name's Annie.'

- 2 'What are _____ names?'
 'Our names are Emma and Vince.'
- 3 Jean-Paul and André are students.
 ______school is in Paris.

4 'My sister's married.'

'What's _____ husband's name?'

- 5 'My brother's office is in New York.'
 'What's ______ job?'
- 6 We're in _____ English class.
- 7 'Mum and Dad are in Rome.'

 'What's the name of ______ hotel?'

T 4.7 Listen and check.

ANNIE'S BROTHER

has/have

- 1 14.8 Look at the pictures. Read and listen to Paddy. Who are the people?
- 2 Are the sentences true (\checkmark) or false (X)?
 - 1 A Paddy's hotel is in England.
 It isn't in England. It's in Ireland.
 - 2 His wife has a job in a hospital.
 - 3 Annie is Paddy's wife.
 - 4 Their hotel is very big.
 - 5 Paddy and Shona have three children.
 - 6 All their sons are at university.
 - 7 Jim and Annie have a son and a daughter.

GRAMMAR SPOT

Complete the forms of the verb have.

have We _____

He has

She

►► Grammar Reference 4.4 p124

3 T 4.9 Listen and complete the sentences.
Practise them.

1 <u>I have a small hotel</u> in the city of Galway.

2 _____ in town.

3 three sons.

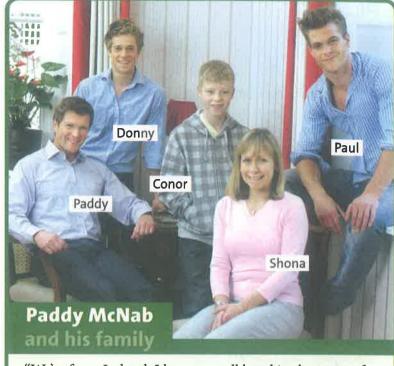
4 _____ an apartment in the hotel.

5 _____ house in London.

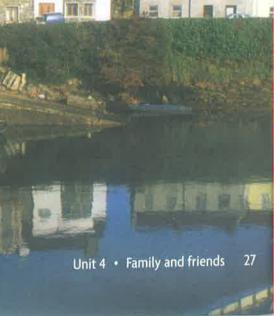
Write sentences about your family. Tell the class.

We have a house in the centre of town.

I have two sisters.



"We're from Ireland. I have a small hotel in the town of Galway. My wife's name is Shona, and she has a job in town. She's a nurse. We have three sons, Paul, Donny, and Conor. We have an apartment in the hotel. Our sons Paul and Donny are students at the National University of Ireland, here in Galway. Our son Conor is only 13. He's still at school. My sister, Annie, and her husband, Jim, have a big house in London. They have two children, a son and a daughter. Jim has a very good job."



PRACTICE has/have 1 Complete the sentences. Use has or have. 1 I have two brothers and a sister. 2 My parents _____ a house in the country. 3 My wife _____ a Japanese car. 4 My sister and I _____ a cat. 5 You _____ a very nice family. 6 Our school _____ fifteen classrooms. 7 We _____ English classes in the evening. 2 Talk about your school. Our school is fantastic! It has six classrooms. We have ten students in our class. Questions and answers 3 Match the questions and answers. 1 d How is your daughter? a Smith. 2 What's your sister's job? b He's a student from Madrid. 3 How old are your children? c It's in the centre of town. 4 Who is Pedro? - She's very well, thank you. 5 Where's your office? e They're ten and thirteen. 6 What's your surname? f She's a nurse T 4.10 Listen, check, and practise. Check it **4** Tick (✓) the correct sentence. 1 Maryam's children are married. Maryam is children are married. 2 What's your daughter name? What's your daughter's name? 3 What's he's job? What's his job? 4 They're from Germany. Their from Germany. 5 They're parents have a house in Bonn. Their parents have a house in Bonn.

READING AND WRITING My best friend

- 1 Read about Antonia. Check the new words in your dictionary.
- 2 Match the photos with a part of the text. Who are the people in the photos?

My friend Antonia

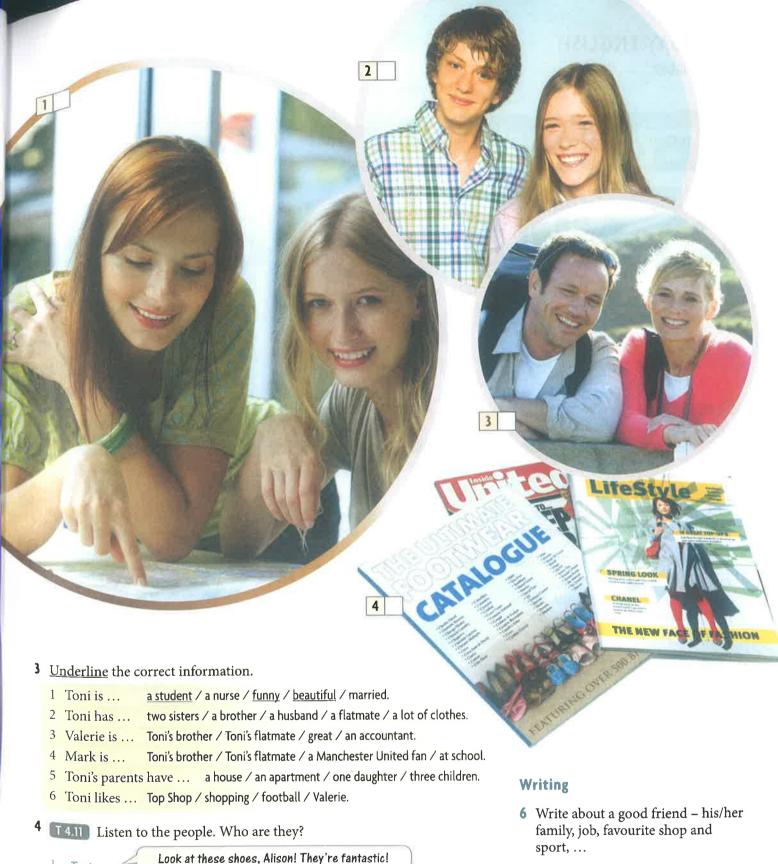
- **a** My best friend's name is Antonia Toni for short. She's very beautiful, and she's really funny. She's 18, and she's a student at university in London. She has a lot of friends and a great flatmate. Her name is Valerie, she's 19 and she's also at university.
- **b** Toni is from the **north** of England. Her parents have a house in a **village** near Manchester. Her father is an accountant, and her mother has a **part-time** job in a bank.
- c She has a brother and a sister. Their names are Mark and Alison. Mark is 16 and Alison is 14. They're **both** at school.
- d Toni has a lot of clothes. Her favourite designer is Anna Sui, and her favourite shop is *Top Shop*. She **likes shopping**. She and Alison **like** shopping a lot. She also likes football. She and her brother, Mark, are big Manchester United **fans**.

When we're together, we have a really good time.

6 My brother have a good job.

My brother has a good job.

We have a lovely teacher.We has a lovely teacher.



1 Toni

 3
 4

 6
 7

Work with a partner. Talk about Toni. Toni's a student. She's very ...

My friend's name is ... Her/His parents ... She's/He's ... Her/His favourite ... She/He has ... She/He likes ...

Read it to a partner.

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nh Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

1	Look at	the lette	ers of the	alphabet.
		Listen.		

2	T 4.13	Listen and practise the groups of letters

/eɪ/	a h j k	/၁ʊ/	0
/i:/	bcdegptv	/u:/	q u w
/e/	flmnsxz	/a:/	r
/aT/	iv		

How do you spell . . . ?

3 T 4.14 Listen to people spell their first name (Annie) and their surname (Taylor). Write the names.

1	ANNIE	TAYLOR
2		
3		

4 Practise spelling your name with a partner.

How do you spell your first name?	1
	A-N-T-O-N-I-A
How do you spell your surname?	7 /
1/	D-0-W-N-I-N-6

5 Work with a partner. Ask and answer *How do you spell* ...? with words from the text about Antonia on p28.

How do you spell 'friend'?	F-R-I-E-N-D

6 Put the letters in the correct order. What's the country?

NEFACR	FRANCE
ABYLI	
RNLAIED	
NAPAJ	
LASARUTAI	
AYRSI	
GANELDN	

7 Read the letters aloud. What are they?

DVD	UK	KSA
BBC	US	PC
WWW	UAE	TV

T 4.15 Listen and check.

On the phone

1 T 4.16 Listen to two phone conversations and look at the business cards.

Conversation 1

- A Good morning. Laxcon International.
- H Hello. The Manager, please.
- A Certainly. And your name is?
- H Hamid Al-Habsi.
- A How do you spell your surname?
- H A-L-(-)-H-A-B-S-I.
- A Thank you. I'm connecting you.
- S Hello. Sam Benting speaking.
- H Good morning, Mr Benting. My name's ...

Conversation 2

- **B** Good afternoon. The King School of English.
- M Hello. Can you give me some information about your school, please?
- B Of course. Your name is?
- M Mayumi Morioka.
- B Mayumi ... Sorry, how do you spell your surname?
- M M O R I O K A.
- B Thank you. What's your email address?
- M It's morioka@mmdesign.co.jp.
- B I'll email you some information today.
- M Thank you very much. Goodbye.

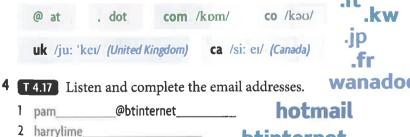
2 T 4.16 Listen again and answer the questions.

- 1 What company is he/she phoning?
- 2 What does he/she want?
- 3 How do you spell his/her surname?
- 4 What's his/her email address?

Practise the conversations.

Email addresses

3 Notice how we say email addresses.



What's your email address? Tell a partner.

.wanadoo

wanadoo **btinternet** yahoo

.ly





Roleplay

5 Write your business card. Have conversations with a partner. Phone the bank / a hotel / a sports centre ...

		company name
name:		
address:		
tel: email:	fax:	





The way I live

Sports/Food/Drinks • Present Simple – I/you/we/they • a/an Languages and nationalities • Numbers and prices

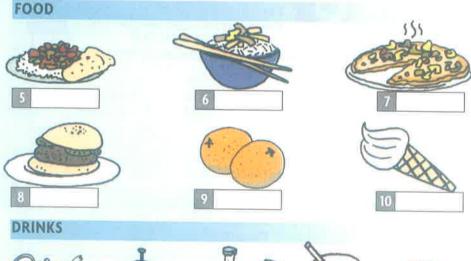
STARTER

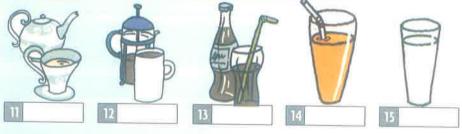
1 Match the words and pictures.



SPORTS







- T 5.1 Listen and repeat.
- 2 Tick (✓) the things you like. ② Cross (✗) the things you don't like. ⊗

THINGS I LIKE Present Simple

1 T 5.2 Listen and repeat.



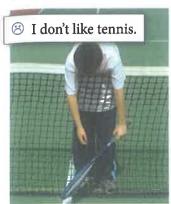


Say three things *you* like from pictures 1–15.

l like swimming, pizza, and juice.

Negatives

3 T 5.3 Listen and repeat.





4 Say three things *you* don't like from pictures 1–15 on p32.

I don't like oranges, coffee, or tea.

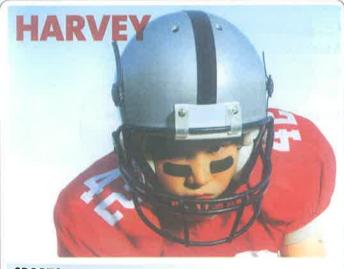
GRAMMAR SPOT

Positive

I like ice-cream.

I don't like tennis. don't = do not **Negative**

5 T 5.4 Listen to Harvey. Complete his sentences.



SPORTS

'I like <u>sports</u> a lot. I like ____ and ___ but I don't like __ and I don't like very much.'

FOOD AND DRINK

'I like <u>bu</u>	rgers and	And I like	_ food
a lot. But	I don't like	food and I don't	
like	. I like	and I love	1

Questions 1, you, we, they

6 Tissa Listen and repeat.

Do you like football?

Yes, I do.

Do you like tennis?

No, I don't.

7 Work with a partner. Ask and answer about sports, food, and drinks.

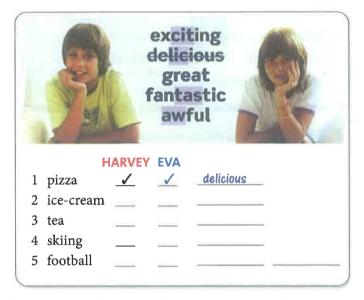
Do you like football?

Yes. I do.

Do you like tennis?

No, I don't, but I like swimming.

T 5.6 Harvey has a twin sister, Eva. Listen to them. What do they like? (\checkmark) What don't they like? (\checkmark) What do they say? Write the adjectives.



9 Talk about Harvey and Eva with a partner. What do they like?

They like pizza and ...

GRAMMAR SPOT		
Positive	I/You/We/They like football.	
Question	What do you/they like? Do you/they like?	
Short answers	Yes, I/we/they do. No, I/we/they don't.	
Grammar Reference 5.1 p125		

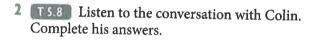
PRACTICE

Reading and speaking

- 1 Look at the pictures. What's Colin's job?
 - T5.7 Read and listen to the text.

COLIN BRODIE FROM DUNDEE

'Hello! My name's Colin Brodie. I come from Dundee in Scotland, but now I live and work in London. I have a very small flat near the centre. I live there with two friends. I'm a waiter and I'm also a student. I work part-time in an Italian restaurant. I eat Italian food and I drink Italian coffee after dinner. I speak two languages – Spanish and French, but I don't speak Italian. And I don't play sports. I want to be an engineer.'



	Questions	Colin's answers
1	Where do you come from?	I <u>come</u> from Scotland, from Dundee.
2	Do you live in Dundee?	No, I in London.
3	Do you live with friends?	Yes, I with two friends.
4	Where do you work?	I in an Italian restaurant.
5	Do you like Italian food?	Yes, I it a lot.
6	Do you drink Italian coffee?	Yes, I I coffee, but I drink tea. I like it.
7	Do you like your job?	No, I I want to be
8	Do you speak Italian?	No, I ISpanish and French, but I speak Italian.

[15.8] Listen again and check. Practise the questions.

3 Ask and answer the questions with a partner. Give *true* answers about *you*.

GRAMMAR SPOT				
a or an? a small flat	an engineer	a waiter	an Italian restaurant	
Write a or an. ice-cream Grammar I	orange	student	English car computer	
Ordining 1	Mererence 3.2 p	125		

Vocabulary

4 Match a verb in A with a line in B.

В	
Lebanese food	
sports	
in a flat	
two brothers	
in a bank	I
from Japan	l
to be a millionaire	l
coffee	I
Arabic	
	Lebanese food sports in a flat two brothers in a bank from Japan to be a millionaire coffee



Listening and speaking

- 5 T 5.9 Listen to three conversations. Where is Colin? Who says these lines?
 - 1 Bye, Colin. See you later.
 - 2 I work late on Fridays.
 - 3 Do you want to order?
 - 4 Do you have a list?
 - 5 I like your food the best.
 - 6 Do you want to speak to your brother?

Look at T5.9 on p114. Practise the conversations in groups of three.

Talking about you

6	Work with a partner. Complete the questions, then ask
	and answer them about you.

1	Where you come from?	
2	Do you in a house or a flat?	
3	Where you work?	
4	you like your work?	
5	How many languages you	3
6	Do you Lebanese food?	
7	Whatdo you play?	
8	youto be a millionaire?	

Check it

7	Tick	(1)	the	correct	sentence
---	------	-----	-----	---------	----------

1 Live you in Abu Dhal	οi	Ĺ						į	į	j		,))))))							ŀ	Į	Į		Ļ	l	3	ć	ć	í		L	l	1		•	ĺ			ļ	١								L	1		Į	1)	3	t	1		١	١	L	į				Ł	1	ľ	1		į	i	1			L	1	Ĺ	Į	1	í))		ί	(ì	7	Ì	,	١	1							6			,	1	١	١		,	ľ	į	į	i	1			r.	,																									
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- ☐ Do you live in Abu Dhabi?
- 2 Where do you come from?
 - ☐ Where you come from?
- 3 Do you speak Arabic?
 - Are you speak Arabic?
- 4 I don't speak Chinese.
 - ☐ I no speak Chinese.
- 5 Do you like football?' 'Yes, I like.'
 - ☐ 'Do you like football?' 'Yes, I do.'
- 6 He's a engineer.
 - He's an engineer.

VOCABULARY AND PRONUNCIATION

Languages and nationalities

1 Match the countries and nationalities.

E <mark>ng</mark> land	Japa <mark>nese</mark>
Germany	French
Italy	Eng lish
<mark>Mex</mark> ico	A <mark>mer</mark> ican
S <mark>yr</mark> ia	Chinese
Ja <mark>pan</mark>	Italian
P <mark>ort</mark> ugal	Syrian
<u>China</u>	Mexican
France	German
the U <mark>nit</mark> ed States	Portuguese
S <mark>au</mark> di Arabia	S <mark>aud</mark> i Arabian

15.10 Listen and repeat.

What nationality are the people in the pictures, do you think?

I think they're Italian.

Well, I think they're Omani.

3 Match the countries and the languages to make true sentences.

In Portugal they speak Portuguese.

Portugal	German
Canada	Italian
France	Japanese
Germany	Portuguese
Italy	Spanish
Ja <mark>pa</mark> n	English
Mexico	Turkish
Libya	French
Turkey	Russian
Russia	Arabic

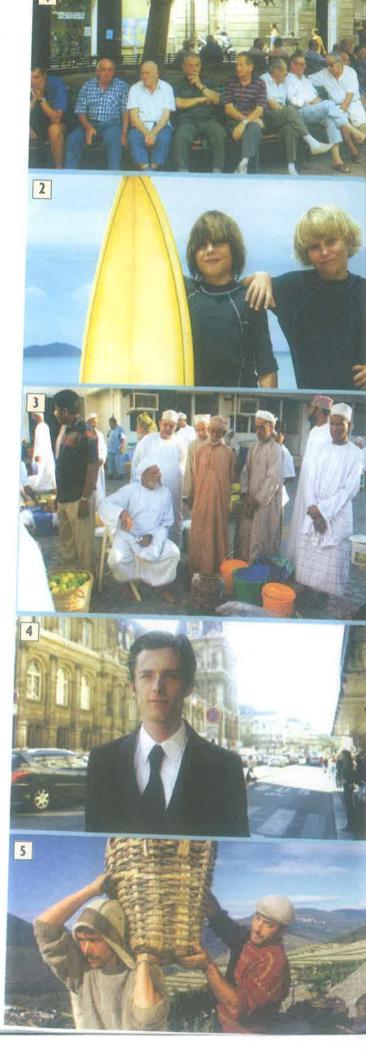
T 5.11 Listen and check.

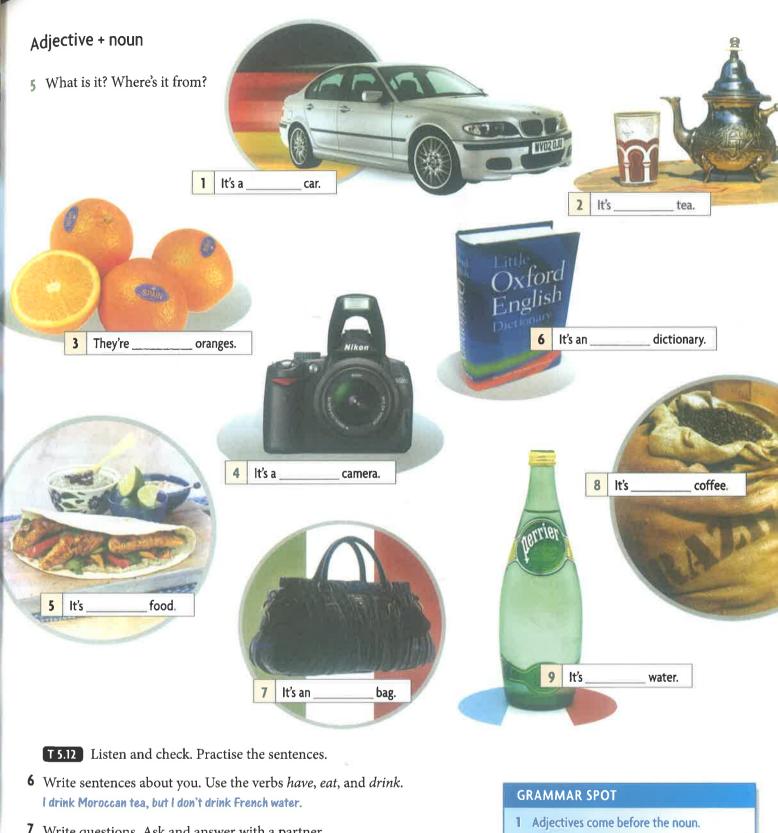
4 Ask and answer questions with a partner.

What language do they speak in Portugal?

Portuguese.

36 Unit 5 • The way I live







LISTENING AND SPEAKING

At a dinner party

Flavia and Teresa are at a dinner party in London.

Tick (✓) what Teresa says.

	$\overline{}$	1					
1		т	wor		T	1	
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_			MACTI	V 11	1 1	mu	VII.

I don't work in London.

2 I live in London.

I don't live in London.

3 I'm a doctor.

I'm an engineer.

4 You speak English very well.

You don't speak English very well.

5 I like Italy.

I love Italy.

6 I know Naples very well.

I don't know Naples.

7 I like Rome very much.

I like Naples very much, too.

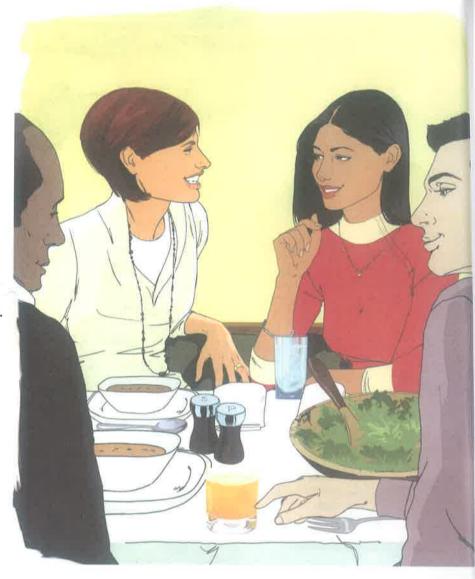
8 I speak French and Italian.

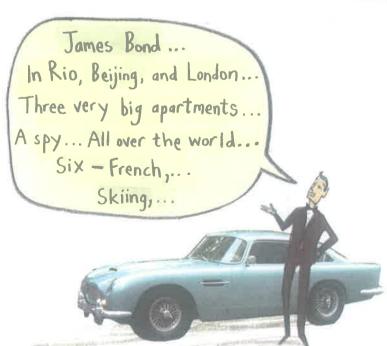
I don't speak Italian.

2 Look at T 5.13 on p115. Practise the conversation with a partner.



- **3** You are at a dinner party. Work with a partner. What are the questions?
 - Hello! What's . . . ?
 - Where . . . live?
 - . . . you have a house or a flat?
 - What . . . job?
 - Where . . . work?
 - · How many languages . . . speak?
 - What sports . . . you like?
- 4 Think of a new identity. Make notes to answer the questions in exercise 3.
- 5 Find out about other people at the dinner party.





EVERYDAY ENGLISH

How much is it?

- 1 Count from 1-30 round the class.
- 2 T 514 Listen and repeat.

10 ten 20 twenty 30 thirty 40 forty 50 fifty 60 sixty

70 seventy 80 eighty 90 ninety 100 one hundred

Count to 100 in tens round the class.

3 Work with a partner.

Student A
Write some numbers.
Say them to your partner.

thirty-two...
forty-five...

Student B
Write the numbers you hear.
32 45 ...

4 T 5.15 Read and listen to the prices. Practise them.



5 Say the prices.

60p 97p £17 £70 £25 £1.50 £16.80 £40.75 £26.99 \$20 \$50 \$100

T 5.16 Listen and check.





7 Ask and answer questions about the pictures with a partner.

How much is the cheese sandwich? £2.90





Every day

The time • Present Simple – he/she • always/sometimes/never Words that go together • Days of the week

STARTER

1 T 6.1 Listen and repeat. Write the times.



It's nine o'clock.



It's nine thirty.



It's nine forty-five.



It's ten o'clock.



It's ten fifteen.



10











- 2 T 6.2 Listen to the conversation.
 - A What time is it, please?
 - B It's nine o'clock.

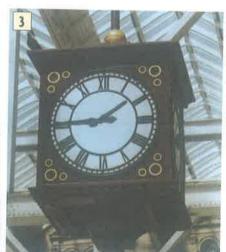
A Thank you very much.

Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the time.





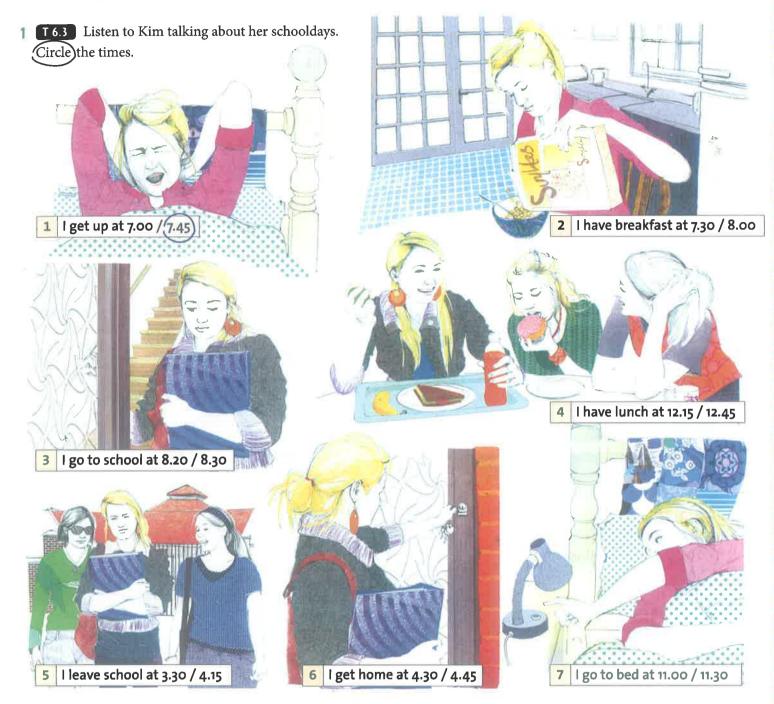






WHAT TIME DO YOU GET UP?

Present Simple – I/you

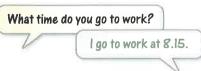


- T 6.3 Listen again. Practise the sentences.
- Work with a partner. Talk about your day.

 I get up at 7.30. I have breakfast at...
- 3 T 6.4 Listen and repeat the questions.

What time **do** you **get up?**What time **do** you **have** breakfast?

Work with another partner. Ask and answer questions about your day.



ELLIOT'S DAY

Present Simple – he/she always/sometimes/never

- 1 Read about Elliot Maddox and look at the pictures. Are his days busy?
- **2** Read the sentences about his day. Write the times.
 - He gets up at six o' clock and he has a shower.
 - 2 He has breakfast at _____.
 - 3 He leaves home at _____ and he goes to work by taxi.
 - 4 He has lunch (a cola and a sandwich) in his office at _____ .
 - 5 He always works late. He leaves work at __ in the evening.
 - 6 He sometimes buys a pizza and eats it at home. He gets home at ______.
 - 7 He never goes out in the evening. He works at his computer until ______
 - 8 He always goes to bed at _____.
 He watches television in bed.

T 6.5 Listen and check.

GRAMMAR SPOT 1 Underline the veri

1 <u>Underline</u> the verbs in sentences 1–8.

gets up has

What's the last letter?

T 6.6 Listen and repeat.

2 Look at the adverts

ook at the a	adverbs.	
100% —	50%	0%
always	sometimes	never
ind always.	sometimes, and n	ever in 1–8

T 6.7 Listen and repeat.

Grammar Reference 6.1-6.3 p125

Pronunciation

T 6.8 Listen to the pronunciation of -s at the end of the verbs. Practise the verbs.

/s/	/z/		/IZ/
gets up	lives	leaves	watches
works	has	buys	
eats	goes	does	

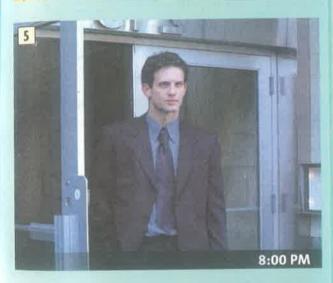
9:15 PM

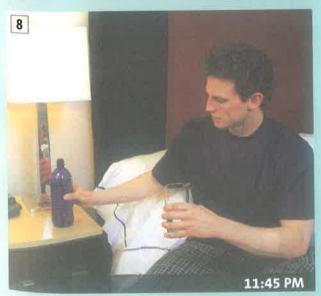
42 Unit 6 • Every day

A DAY IN THE LIFE OF **ELLIOT MADDOX** 2 6:00 AM 4 1:00 PM

ELLIOT lives in New York. He's 22, and a computer millionaire. He's the director of netstore24-7.com, a shopping site on the Internet. This is a typical day for him.







PROFILE | ELLIOT MADDOX

Questions and negatives

- 4 Read the questions. Complete the answers.
 - 1 What time does he get up?
 - He _____ at 6.00.
 - When does he go to bed?
 He ______ to bed at 11.45.
 - 3 Does he go to work by taxi?
 ______, he does.
 - 4 Does he have lunch in a restaurant?
 ______, he doesn't.
 - 5 Does he go out in the evening?

T 6.9 Listen and check. Practise the questions and answers.

GRAMMAR SPOT

Positive He gets up at 6.00.

He has breakfast at 6.45.

Negative He doesn't have lunch.

He doesn't go to bed late. doesn't = does not

Question What time does he have breakfast?

Does he work late? Yes, he does./No, he doesn't.

►► Grammar Reference 6.4 p125

- 5 Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about Elliot's day.
 - 1 When/leave home?
 - 2 Does/go to work by bus?
 - 3 Where/have lunch?
 - 4 Does/usually work late?
 - 5 Does/eat in a restaurant?
 - 6 What/do in the evening?

T 6.10 Listen and check.

- 6 Write negative sentences.
 - 1 live/London He doesn't live in London.
 - 2 drive to work
- 4 have a lot of friends

When does he leave home?

He leaves home at . . .

- 3 work in a bank
- 5 go to bed late
- 7 Complete the chart in the Present Simple.

	Positive	Negative	Question
1	work		Do I work?
You			
He/She	works		Does she work?
We		don't work	
They			

PRACTICE Lois's day

1 Elliot Maddox has a sister, Lois. Her day is different. Look at the pictures. What does she do?

Read and complete the text with the verbs.

cooks eats gets gets up goes (x2) has (x2) invites listens to lives phones plays works

Lois Maddox

The seaside artist fills her day with work, walks, and friends.

Lois Maddox is 25 and she's an artist. She	e
(1) lives in a small house by the sea i	
Cod, Massachusetts. She always (2)	late
at ten o'clock in the morning. She (3)	a
big breakfast – coffee, eggs, and toast – a	nd then
she (4) to the beach.	
When she (5) home, she (6)	in
her studio until seven o'clock in the evenir	ng.
She never (7) lunch, but she always	
(8) a big dinner, and she often	
(9) friends.	
After dinner, she usually (10) the	radio
or (11) chess. Sometimes she	
(12) her brother, Elliot, in New Yor	rk. She
(13) to bed very late, at one or tw	
o'clock in the morning.	
T 6.11 Listen and check.	





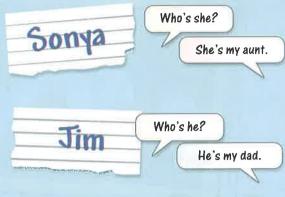


	2	He 's a millionaire. 5 doesn't eat lunch. 's an artist. 6 doesn't cook. lives by the sea. 7 cooks for friends. gets up very early. 8 loves computers.
		ractise the sentences.
4	C	6.12 Listen and complete the phone conversation between bis and her brother Elliot.
	Lo	ois Hi, Elliot, how are you?
	EL	l <mark>iot I'm <u>fine</u>, than</mark> ks. Busy as usual.
	L	Oh, you're busy. You and your computers!
	E	I know, but I my work.
	L	I love my work,, but I relax
	E	Huh! I don't know about that. You paint all day!
	L	Yes, but I stop in the You stop!
	E	That's not true. Hey Lois, how's Aunt Nancy?
	L	Aunt Nancy? She's OK. You know, Elliot, Aunt Nancy often about you.
	E	Really? I like Aunt Nancy.
	L	Well, come and me soon. I want to cook
		for you and Aunt Nancy.
		Good idea! What about next? Next Sunday?
		Yes, great! I invite Aunt Nancy at the weekend.
	E	Great. See you Sunday. Have a good week!
M	W	6.12 Listen again and check. Practise the conversation ith a partner.
5		atives and pronunciation orrect the sentences about Lois and Elliot.
	1	She lives in a flat.
		She doesn't live in a flat! She lives in a house!
	2	He gets up at ten o'clock.
	3	She's a businesswoman.
	4	He goes to work by bus.
	5	She watches television in the evening.
	_	6.13 Listen and check. Notice the sentence stress. ractise with a partner.

3 Are these sentences about Lois or Elliot? Write He or She.

Talking about you

6 Work with a partner. Write the names of two people in your family. Ask and answer questions about them.



- Who is . . . ?
- How old is ...?
- What's ... job?
- Where does . . . live?
- Where does . . . work?
- What time does she/he...?
- Does she/he have ...?

Check it

7	Complete the questions and ans	wers	with
	do, don't, does, or doesn't.		

- 1 '_____you like ice-cream?'
 'Yes, I _____.'
- 2 '_____she work in London?'

'Yes, she ____.'

- 3 'Where _____ he work?' 'In a bank.'
- 4 '_____ you go to work by bus?' 'No, I _____.'
- 5 '____ she go to bed early?'
- 'No, she _____.'
- 6 '____ they have a pet?'
 'Yes, they____.'
- 7 '_____ he speak German?'
 'No, he _____.'
- 8 '____ they live in Kuwait?'
 'No, they _____.'

VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

Words that go together

Match a verb in **A** with words in **B**.

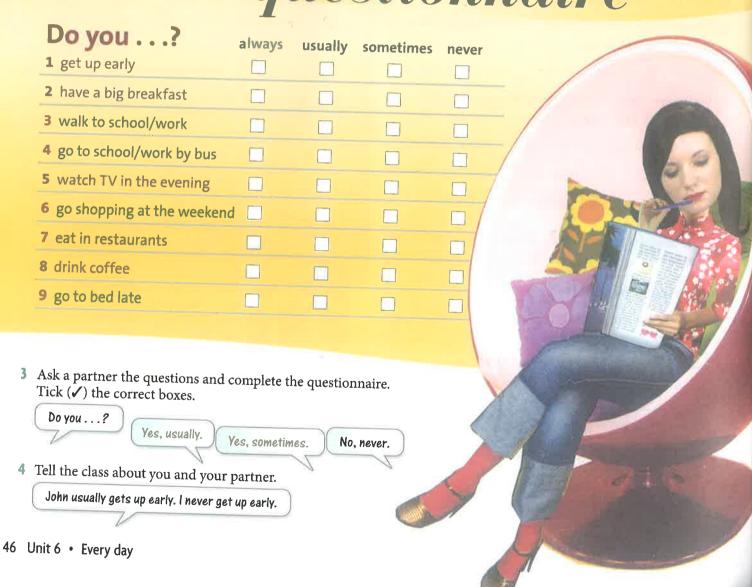
T. 6.14 Listen and check.

A	В	
get up	dinner	
go	early	
listen to	TV	
watch	in an office	
cook	the radio	
work	to bed late	

A	В
go	in restaurants
drink	chess
eat	coffee
have	shopping
play	at home
stay	a shower

2 T 6.15 Look at the questionnaire. Listen and repeat the questions.

lifesty le questionnaire



EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Days of the week

1 T 6.16 Listen and write the days in the correct order on the calendar.

Wednesday Monday Friday Tuesday
Thursday Sunday Saturday

T 6.16 Listen again and repeat.

2 Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

1 What day is it today?

2 What day is it tomorrow?

3 What days do you go to school/work?

4 What days are the weekend?

5 What days do you like?

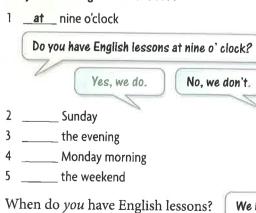
6 What days don't you like?

3 Write the correct preposition in the boxes.

nine o'clock ten thirty twelve fifteen the weekend Sunday Monday Saturday evening Thursday morning Friday afternoon the morning the afternoon the evening

4 Write the correct preposition. Then ask and answer the questions with your partner.

Do you have English lessons . . . ?





Talking about you

5 Complete the questions. Ask and answer them with your partner.

bave a shower _____ the morning/evening
get up early _____ Sunday morning
go to work/school _____ Saturday
eat in restaurants _____ the weekend
watch TV _____ the afternoon
stay at home _____ Friday evening

We have English lessons . . .





My favourites

Question words • me/him/us/them • this/that Adjectives Can I ...?

STARTER

1 What is your favourite ...?

food drink sport book TV programme day of the week town or city

2 Ask and answer with a partner.

What's your favourite food?

Pizza. I love it.

I LOVE IT!

Question words - me/him/us/them

1 Who is Gina Macy? Look at the pictures.

2 T7.1 Read and listen to Gina's website. Who or what is her favourite ...?

• city • day • composer • food

3 Find the question word that completes the questions to Gina.

1 Where do you live?

2 _____ are you married to?

3 _____ does your husband do?

4 _____ are you in Sydney again?

5 _____ are the children in the photos?

6 _____ old are they?

7 _____ concerts do you do every year?

8 _____ do you work so hard? Because ...

9 _____do you do in your free time?

4 Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

Where do you live?

l live in France, in Paris.

17.2 Listen and compare.



The famous international violinist answers your questions.

1 GERRY from WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND You're American, but you don't live in the US. So where do you live?

GINA Hi Gerry! I live in France, in Paris. A lot of my work is here. Paris is my favourite city. I love it here.

2 **DENG** from SINGAPORE

Dear Gina, I know you are married. Who are you married to? What does your husband do?

GINA I'm married to a Frenchman, Julien Caribe. He's a pianist. He often works with me. I really like working with him. We're very happy.

3 MARION from SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA

Gina, I always see you when you play here at the Opera House. **Who** is your favourite composer? When are you in Sydney again?

GINA Thank you Marion. Paganini, the Italian composer, is my favourite. I love playing in Sydney. We're in Sydney next October.

4 JAMIL from BEIRUT, LEBANON

I like your website. Who are the children in the photos? They are beautiful. How old are they?

GINA The girls are our daughters Sophie (6), and Sacha (4). The baby is our son, Pierre-Louis. He's ten months. I adore them all.

5 ELENA from VERONA, ITALY

You do a lot of concerts. How many concerts do you do every year? You have three children. Why do you work so hard?

GINA Elena, I usually do about six concerts a year. I work hard because I love my work. But I love my family too. We have a nanny for our children. She lives with us.

6 FIONA from OXFORD, ENGLAND

Hi Gina, what's your favourite day of the week? What do you and Julien do in your spare time?

GINA Saturday is my favourite day. We all go to the best pizza restaurant in Paris. Our daughters love pizza; it's their favourite food. It's my favourite food, too!

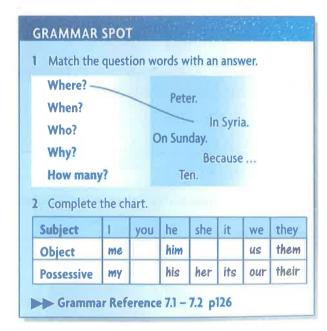


- 5 Complete the sentences with the words from Gina's website.
 - 1 Paris is <u>my</u> favourite city.
 I love <u>it</u> here.
 - 2 He's a pianist. He often works with _____ and I really like working with _____. We're very happy.
 - 3 The girls are _____ daughters and the boy is _____ son. I adore ____ all.
 - 4 We have a nanny for _____ children. She lives with _____.
 - 5 Saturday is _____ favourite day.
- 6 Correct the information about Gina. Read it aloud.

ginamacy.com > Profile

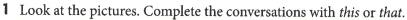
Gina is a journalist. New York is her favourite city. She loves it there. Next October she's in Singapore for a concert. She is married to an American. They have one daughter. Friday is their favourite day.

T7.3 Listen and check. Read it aloud again.



THIS IS MY FAVOURITE ...

this and that





- is my favourite family photo.
- Ah, yes. You all look very happy!



- Who's that
- The guy in the hat? That's the boss!



- What's
- It's my new MP3 player.
- Wow! It's great!



- How much is
- £9.50.
- G I'll have it, please.



- How much is
- It's £500.
- I love it. It's fantastic!



- your phone?
- Yes, it is. Thanks.



- N The blue one?
- M No, the red one!



- Hike cheese.
- Where's it from?
- O France. It's delicious.



- is for you.
- R A present? For me? Why?
- Q Because you're my wife!

Grammar Reference 7.3 p126

17.4 Listen and check.

2 Test the other students! Ask them questions about things in your classroom.



PRACTICE

| like them!

1	Complete the sentences with it, you, them		
	1 'Do you like ice-cream?' 'Yes, I love <u>it</u> .' 2 'Do you like of 'No, I hate'	cats?' 3 'Do you like me?' 'Of course I like!'	
	4 'Does Mrs Johnson teach you French?' 'No, she teaches English.'	5 'Do you like your teacher?' 'We like very much.'	
	T 7.5 Listen and check.		
W	'hat do you like?		
2	Ask and answer questions with a partner. Ask ab	out Do you like football?	Do you like cats?
	football cats television ice-cream chips hore mobile phones Google computer games your ne	Yes Invert And I have it	Oh yes! I adore them.
	uestions and answers	,	
3	Work with a partner. Ask and answer the question		
	1 Why/you live in London? Why do you live in London?		
	2 Why/Annie want to visit Oman? 3 Why/you eat so much chocolate?	(adore)	
		(like)	
	·	(hate)	
	6 Why/you/not eat carrots?	(*** hate)	_
4	Match the questions and answers.		
	1 How do you come to school?	a They start at nine o'clock.	
	2 What do you have for breakfast?	b In an office in the centre of town.	
	3 Who's your favourite sports person?	C By bus.	
	4 Where does your father work?5 Why do you want to learn English?	d Not a lot. About £2. e I don't have a favourite. I like a lot.	
	Why do you want to learn English? How much money do you have on you?	f Three.	
	7 What time do lessons start at your school?	g Because it's an international language.	
	8 How many languages does your teacher speak?	h Toast and coffee.	
	T7.6 Listen and check. Practise the questions.		
	Work with a partner. Ask and answer the question	ns about you.	
C	heck it		
5	Tick (✓) the correct sentence.		
	1 What do you do at the weekend?	4 I don't drink milk. I don't like. I don't drink milk. I don't like it.	
	Where do you do at the weekend?	5 Our teacher gives us a lot of homework	k
	Who is your best friend? When is your best friend?	Our teacher gives we a lot of homewor	
	3 How many money do you have?	6 She watches me and I watch her.	
	How much money do you have?	She watches my and I watch she.	
		ι	Jnit 7 • My favourites 51

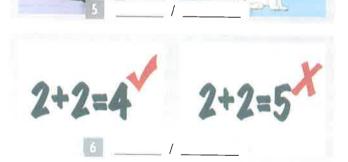
VOCABULARY

Adjectives

- 1 Write the words.
 - 1 This pizza is <u>delicious</u>. (LESICIUDO)
 - 2 Your family is really ____ (C E N I)
 - 3 Our house is ____. (VOLEYL)
 - 4 I'm really _____ today. (APYHP)
 - 5 Our English lessons are _____. (NTIRSEGNTIE)
 - 6 Paris is a _____ city (ETFLBAUIU)
 - 7 Rain again! The weather is ___ (REBTRILE)
 - 8 Ugh! This coffee is ____! (F W A U L)
- **2** Match the words and pictures.







black/white

- 3 T7.7 Listen and complete the conversations.
 - 1 A It's so hot today, isn't it?
 - B I know. It's _____ degrees!
 - 2 C Hey! I like your _____shoes!
 - D Thank you! They're really nice, aren't they?
 - C They're ____!
 - 3 E I live in a very _____flat.
 - F How many bedrooms do you have?
 - E Only _____

- 4 G How _____ is that coat?
 - H £150.
- G Wow! That's too _____for me.
- 5 I Your name's Peter, isn't it?
 - J Yes, that's _____.
 - I ______to meet you, Peter.

Practise the conversations with a partner.

READING AND WRITING

A postcard from San Francisco

1 17.8 Look at the postcard. Read and listen.



Dear Allen,

We're on holiday in San Francisco this week. Our hotel is very nice - old, but comfortable. The people are very friendly, but it isn't easy to understand them. They speak so fast!

The food is delicious, especially the seafood, and the cafés and

San Francisco is beautiful. It's a big city, with a lot of new buildings, and it isn't expensive. The shops are great, and the Golden Gate Bridge is amazing!

The weather is awful - rain and fog. It's cold and wet, but we're very happy!

See you next week.

From

Ali and Ahmed (your Libyan students!)

- **2** Answer the questions.
 - 1 Who is the postcard from?
 - 2 Where are they?
 - 3 Why are they in San Francisco?
 - 4 Is their holiday good?
 - 5 What isn't so good?
- What adjectives do Ali and Ahmed use?

	Adjectives
their hotel	nice, old, comfortable
the people	
the food	
the cafés and restaurants	
San Francisco	
the shops	
the Golden Gate Bridge	
the weather	



Writing

4 Write a postcard to a friend.

Dear ...

We're on holiday in ... and it's very ...

Our hotel is ...

The people are....

The food is ...

The weather is ..., and ... we go ...

See you soon.

Love ...

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Can 1 . . . ?

1 Write a number 1–5 (place) and a letter **a–e** (activity) for each picture.

PLACES

- 1 a chemist's
- 2 a railway station
- 3 a post office
- 4 a clothes shop
- 5 a café

ACTIVITIES

- a have a coffee
- b buy some aspirin
- c post letters
- -d- catch a train
- e try on a jumper











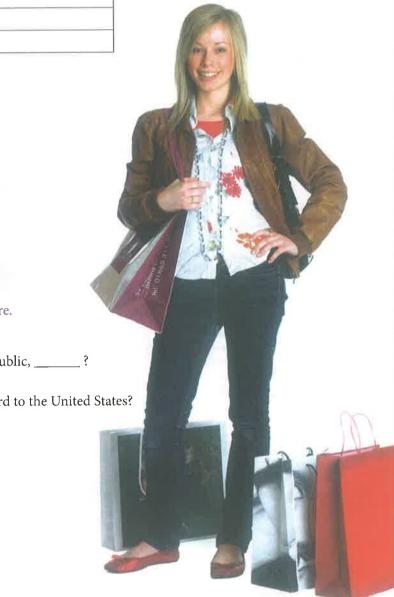
Iveta in town

2 T 7.9 Listen to Iveta. She is in different places in town. Where is she in the conversations? What does she want?

Where is she?	What does she want?
1 at the railway station	a return ticket to Oxford
2	
3	
4	
5	

3 (

Con	nplete the conversations with a partner.
I IN	A RAILWAY STATION
I	Can I have a return to Oxford, please?
A	Sure.
I	How much?
A	Twenty-two fifty, please.
	Can Ibycard?
A	No problem. Put your card in the machine. And enter your PIN number, please.
2 IN	I A CLOTHES SHOP
I	Hello. Can I this jumper, please?
B	The changing rooms are over there.
	A POST OFFICE
	post these letters to the Czech Republic,?
C	Sure. Put them on the scales. That's £1.68.
I	,
C	two p.
I	Can I have, please?
4 IN	I A CAFÉ
D	Yes, please!
I	Can I have, please? With milk.
D	Large or small?
I	To take away.
D	Sure. Anything to eat?
Ι	No, Just a coffee.
D	Thanks
5 IN	A CHEMIST'S
E	· ·
I	Hello. Can I have, please?
E	Twelve or twenty-four?
I	
E	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
I	Oh, twelve's, thanks.
6	T7.10 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.



Roleplay

- 4 Work with a partner. Make more conversations with different information.
 - a return/single ticket to Manchester/Bristol
 - this jacket/this T-shirt
 - this parcel to Italy/this letter to Qatar
 - a cheese and salad sandwich/an ice-cream
 - shampoo/toothpaste





Vhere I live

Rooms and furniture • There is/are • Prepositions • Directions

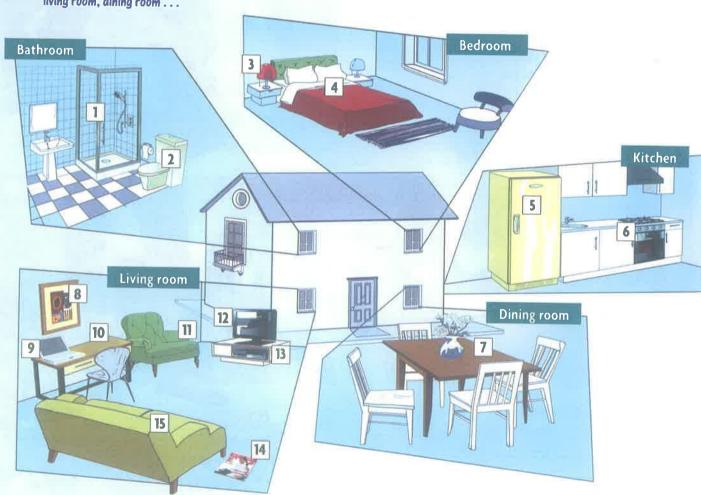
STARTER

1	Do you live in a house or a f	lat? Do you have a garden or a ba	Icony? Tell the class.
---	-------------------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------

I live in a flat.

We don't have a garden, but we have a big balcony.

2 T8.1 Look at the picture. Listen and repeat the rooms of a house. living room, dining room . . .



- 3 Find the things in the house. Write the numbers.
 - 4 a bed

a sofa

a cooker

- a TV
- a shower
- a toilet
- a fridge

a table

an armchair

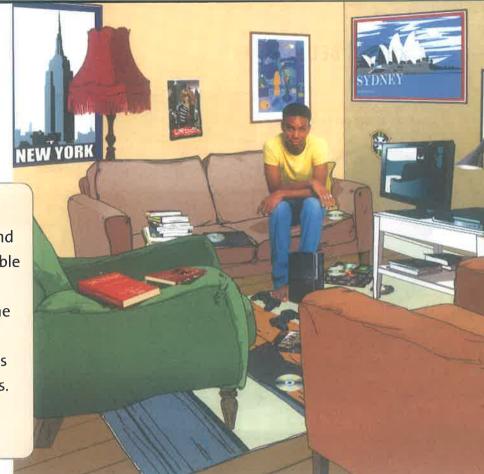
- a lamp
- a picture a magazine
- a DVD player
- a laptop
- a desk

T 8.2 Listen and repeat.

ROBERT'S LIVING ROOM There is/are...

1 18.3 Read and listen to Robert describing his living room.
Complete his description.

My living room isn't very big, but
I think it's great. There's an old sofa, and
there are two armchairs. _____'s a table
with a TV and a DVD player on it.
_____ also a PlayStation®. I love all the
games. There _____ some books, and
____ are a lot of pictures and posters
on the walls. _____ two lamps.
My room's not very tidy but it's really
comfortable.



2 Talk about Robert's living room.

There's an old sofa.

There are two armchairs.

- a sofa
- · a table
- posters
- armchairs
- books
- a PlayStation®
- a DVD player
- lamps
- 3 18.4 Listen and repeat the questions and answers.

Is there a sofa?

✓ Yes, there is.

Is there a desk?

X No, there isn't.

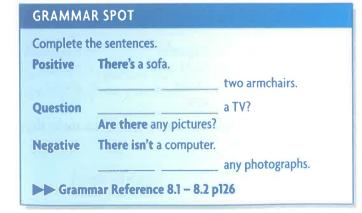
Are there any armchairs?

✓ Yes, there are.

Are there any photographs?

X No, there aren't.

Practise them with a partner.



4 Ask and answer questions about Robert's living room.

a TV

photographs

- a desk
- a telephone
- lamps
- a DVD player
- a PlayStation®
- magazines

Is there a TV?
Yes, there is.

Are there any photographs?

No. there aren't.

5 Look again at Robert's living room. Is it tidy?

T 8.5 Listen to Robert talking to his mother.

1 What things in his flat does she ask about?

2 What are her questions?

3 When does she want to visit?

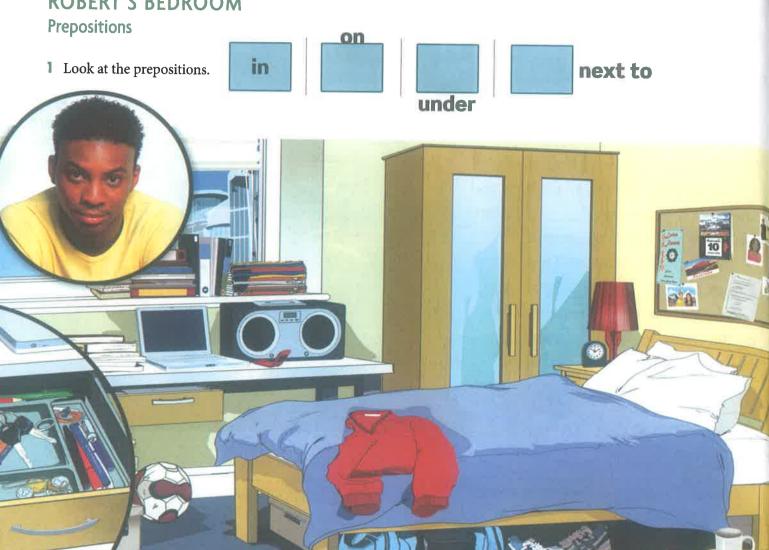


Look at T 8.5 on p117. Practise the conversation with a partner.

6 Work with a partner. Describe your living room.

In my living room there's a ... There are a lot of ...

ROBERT'S BEDROOM



- 2 Look at Robert's bedroom. Write a preposition from exercise 1.
 - 1 His laptop is _____ the desk.
 - 2 The CD player is _____ the laptop.
 - 3 There are three books _____ the floor _ his bed.
 - 4 His car keys are _____ the drawer.
 - 5 There's a football _____ the floor _____ the desk.
 - 6 His trainers are _____ his bag _____ his bed.
 - T 8.6 Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

3 Ask and answer questions about Robert's things.

Where's Robert's CD player? It's on the desk next to the laptop.

Where are his car keys?

They're in the drawer.

Ask about his ...

- CD player
- magazines
- alarm clock

- car keys
- credit cards
- trainers

- sports bag pens
- jumper lamp
- photos • mug

4 Close your eyes! Ask and answer questions about things in your classroom.

Where's John's dictionary?

It's in his bag.

PRACTICE

Ouestions and answers

1 Put the words in the correct order to make questions.



- T 8.7 Listen and check.
- **2** Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about your home.

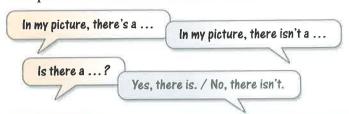
Two different rooms

3 Work with a partner.

Student A Look at the picture on this page.

Student B Look at the picture on p141.

Your pictures are different. Talk about them to find differences.





4 T 8.8 Listen to a description of one of the rooms. Which room is it?

Check it

- 5 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.
 - 1 Is a sofa in the living room?
 - Is there a sofa in the living room?
 - 2 There's DVD player on the floor.
 - There's a DVD player on the floor.
 - 3 Are there a poster on the wall?
 - Are there any posters on the wall?
 - My keys are in the drawer.
 - My keys are on the drawer.
 - 5 The lamp is next to the bed.
 - The lamp is next the bed.

READING AND VOCABULARY

Vancouver - the best city in the world

- 1 Work with a partner. Look at the map and find Vancouver. Is it near the US?
- **2** Look at the pictures. Find these things.
 - mountains
- a ferry
- a park

- the sea
- a trolley bus
- sailing

- a beach
- a train
- fishing
- **3** Read the text about Vancouver. Write the five paragraph headings in the correct place.

- Where is it?

Where to stay

When to go

What to do

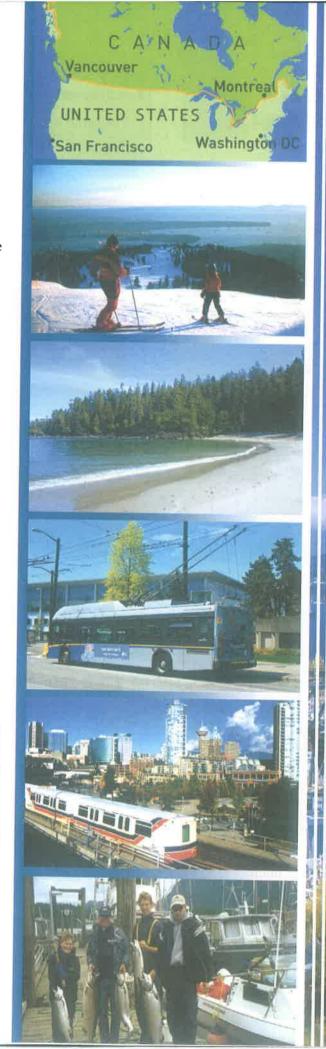
How to travel

Where to eat

T 8.9 Listen and check.

- **4** Answer the questions.
 - 1 Where is Vancouver?
 - 2 When is a good time to visit?
 - 3 Does it rain a lot? When?
 - 4 What do people do ...?
 - in the mountains
 - · on the beach
 - in Stanley Park
 - 5 What water sports are there?
 - 6 Why are there so many kinds of restaurants?
 - 7 Are *all* the hotels expensive? How much are they?
 - 8 What is a good way to see the city?
- 5 Complete the chart with adjectives from the text.

Adjectives	Nouns
busy, cosmopolitan	city
	mountains
	beaches
	shops and restaurants
	the weather
	seafood
	hotels
	trolley buses
	Sky Train



Vancouver



Canada

Vancouver is called the

It's all of this and more!

'best city in the world'.

Why? Is it the spectacular mountains?
The beautiful beaches?
The excellent shops and restaurants?

Where is it?

Vancouver is in south-west Canada, next to the Pacific Ocean, 24 miles from the US border.

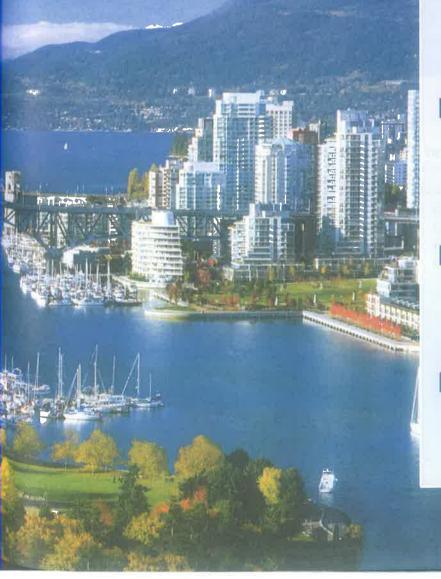
It is always a good time to visit Vancouver. The weather is never too cold or too hot. It is warm and sunny in summer, but it rains a lot in autumn and winter.

In spring, go skiing in the mountains in the morning and relax on the beach in the afternoon. In summer, go swimming, sailing or fishing, or go walking in North America's biggest park, Stanley Park. There are excellent shops in Yaletown, and there is also theatre of every sort. Vancouver is the 'City of Festivals'.

Vancouver is a cosmopolitan city so there are French, Italian, Japanese, Indian, Thai, and Chinese restaurants. Vancouver's Chinatown is the second biggest in North America, after San Francisco. There is also a lot of delicious, fresh seafood.

In the busy city centre there are some excellent, expensive hotels. The beautiful Fairmont Hotel is \$400 a night, but next to the sea there are a lot of cheap, comfortable hotels from \$59 a night.

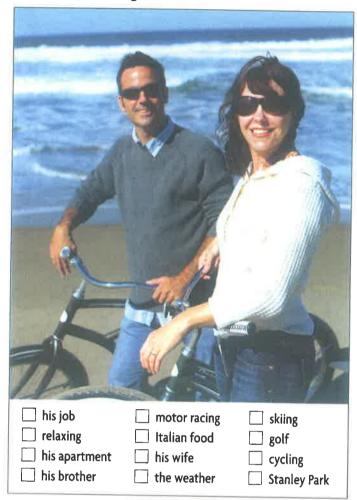
You don't need a car in Vancouver. There are slow, old trolley buses and there is the fast, modern Sky Train. Take the ferry – it is a great way to see the city.



LISTENING AND WRITING

My home town

1 T 8.10 Listen to Steve. He lives in Vancouver. Tick (✓) the things he talks about.



- **7 8.10** Listen again. Answer the questions.
 - I Where does Steve work?
 - 2 Where does he live?
 - 3 Is his apartment big?
 - 4 What is his favourite food?

3 T 8.11 Listen to four conversations with Steve. Complete the chart.

	What is the conversation about?	Who is Steve talking to?
1		
2		
3		
4		

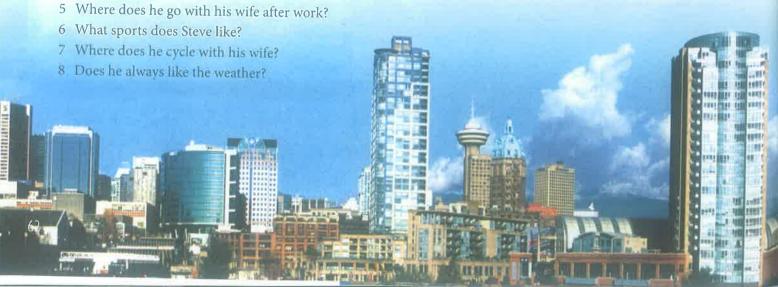
Look at [78.11] on p117. Practise the conversations with a partner.

- 4 In groups, talk about *your* home town.
 - Where do you live?
 - What is there in your town?
 - What do you do there with your friends?
 - Where do you go shopping?
 - How do you travel?
 - Is it a good place to live?

Writing

5 Write about a town you know.

Where is it? ... is a town in ... When to visit The best time to visit is ... What to do Go... There are a lot of ... Where to eat There are good restaurants in ... My favourite restaurant is . . . Where to stay ... is an expensive hotel in is a cheap hotel near/next to ... How to travel The best way to see the town is ...



EVERYDAY ENGLISH

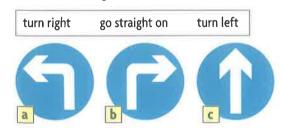
Directions

1 Find the places on the map.

hotel bank chemist's post office hospital castle supermarket park fish and chip shop restaurant Internet café railway station school theatre sports centre car park cinema café



2 What do the signs mean?



- **T 8.12** Listen to the directions. Start from YOU ARE HERE on the map. Follow the directions. Where are you?
 - 1 Go up North Road. Turn left at the bank into Charles Street. It's on the right next to the theatre.

	at the sports centre
2	<u> </u>
3	
4	
5	

Look at T 8.12 on p118. Practise the directions.

4 Work with a partner. Have similar conversations.

Ask about ...

- a cinema
- · a post office
- a hospital
- a supermarket
- a car park
- a café
- 5 With your partner, ask for and give directions to places in your town.

Excuse me! Is there a . . . near here?

Yes. Go down . . .







Times past

Saying years • was/were born • Past Simple – irregular verbs • have/do/go When's your birthday?

STARTER

1 T 9.1 Listen and underline the years you hear. Say them.

1 1996 / 1986

2 1916 / 1960 3 2010 / 2002

4 1699 / 1799 5 1840 / 1945

6 2005 / 2015

2 Listen and repeat.

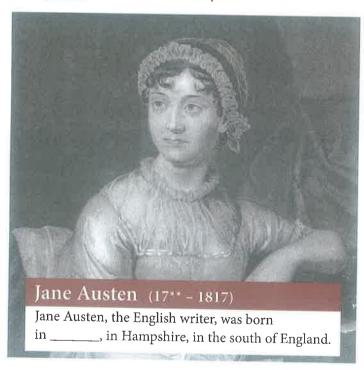
1840 eighteen forty 1996 nineteen ninety-six 2005 two thousand and five 2010 two thousand and ten / twenty ten

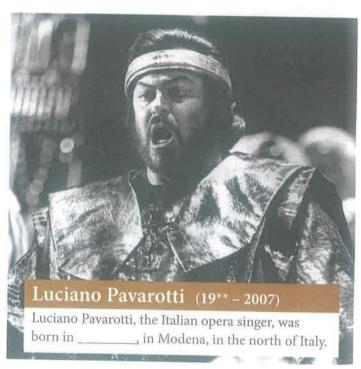
3 What year is it now? What year was it last year? What year is it next year?

WHEN WAS SHE BORN?

was/were born

1 Look at the photos. Do you know the people? When were they born? T 9.3 Listen and write the years.





2 T 9.4 Listen and repeat.

She was a writer. She was born in He was an opera singer. He was born in _____. 3 Ask and answer questions with other students.

How old are you?
I'm 18/21 ... I was born in 19 ...

4 T 9.5 Listen to the questions and answers. Practise them.

When was he born?
When was she born?
When was she born?
When were they born?

I was born in 1994. He was born in 1978. She was born in 1991. They were born in 2001.



omplete the ch	art of the verb	to be.
	Present	Past
1	am	
You	are	were
He/She/It	is	
We	are	were
They	are	

5 T 9.6 This is Magalie Dromard. Listen to her talking about her family. Write when the people were born.



Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about Magalie's family.

Who's Tristan?

He's Magalie's brother.

When was he born?

Who are André and Ella?

They're her ...

When were they ...?

6 Who is your grandmother/grandfather/aunt/uncle ...?

Write the names of some people in your family. Ask and answer questions about them.

Ernest

Mary

A Who's Ernest?

A When was he born?

B He's my uncle.

B I'm not sure. I think about 1935.

7 Tell the class about your partner's family.

Peter's uncle was born in 1956. His father was born in 1962.

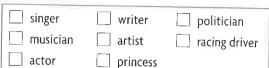




PRACTICE

Who were they?

1 Who are the people in the photographs? Match the people 1–8 and the jobs in the box.





- 2 T 9.7 Listen and write when they were born.
- **T 9.8** Listen to the questions and answers. Practise them.

Who was Shakespeare? He was a writer.
Where was he born? In England.
When was he born? In 1564.

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about the other people.

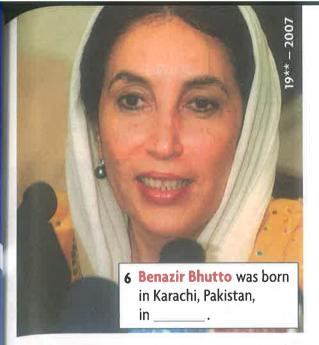
Who was Vincent Van Gogh? He was an . . .



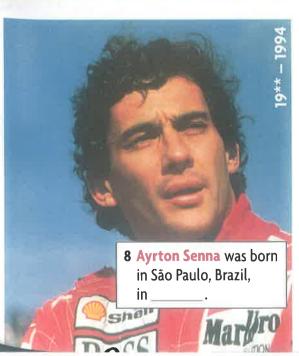












Negatives and pronunciation

4 T 9.9 Listen and repeat.

Shakespeare was an **arti**st. No. he **wasn't**. He was a writer.

Shakespeare and Diana were Irish. No, they weren't. They were English.

- **5** Write the correct information.
 - 1 Ayrton Senna was an actor.

 No, he <u>wasn't</u>! <u>He was a racing driver</u>!

Pronunciation /wəz/

1 He was an artist

/wə/

2 They were Irish.

/wpznt/ No. he wasn't.

/wa:nt/ No, they weren't.

2 Jane Austen was a princess.
No, she !

3 Shakespeare and Jane Austen were artists.

No, they _____!

4 Mozart was a scientist.

No, he _____! ____!
5 Luciano Pavarotti and Umm Kalthoum were politicians.

No, they ____! ____!

6 Benazir Bhutto was a writer.

No, she ____! ____!

T 9.10 Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

Today and yesterday

6 What is true for you? Tell a partner.

Today is Yesterday was	Monday / Tuesday / Wednesday
Today I'm Yesterday I was	at school / at home / at work
Today the weather is Yesterday the weather was	hot / cold / wet / lovely / horrible
Today my parents are Yesterday my parents were	at work / at home

Check it

7 Complete the sentences with was, wasn't, were, or weren't.

Where was ______ your father born?
 When ______ your parents born?
 My parents ______ both born in 1961. My father ______ born in 1961, and my mother ______ born in 1963.
 I ______ on holiday in Syria in 2008.
 ______ he at home yesterday?' 'No, he ______'
 ______ you at work yesterday?' 'Yes, we _____.'
 ______ they at school yesterday morning?' 'No, they _____.'

READING AND SPEAKING

Past Simple – irregular verbs

1 Match the present and the past forms of the verbs. Look at the Irregular verbs list on p142.

Present	Past
go	saw
come	went
have	said
be	made
make	came
see	had
buy	found
say	bought /bo:t/
find	was

T 9.11 Listen and check. Practise the verbs.

►► Grammar Reference 9.2 p127

- **2** Look at the pictures. They tell a true story. Match the sentences and pictures.
 - a The painting is now for sale in an art gallery Canada.
 - **b** An American lady went shopping and bough painting for \$5 from a charity shop.
 - c A rich businessman was happy to pay \$9 million, but Teri said 'I want \$50 million!'
 - **d** One expert found Pollock's fingerprint on the back of the painting.
 - e A film company made a film about Teri and the painting.
 - f An art teacher said the painting was by the famous artist, Jackson Pollock.



Jackson







Pollock!







3 Read and complete the newspaper article with the irregular verbs from exercise 1.

Helen Byers in Los Angeles reports

WHO IS JACKSON POLLOCK?

Teri Horton, a 60-year-old lady from Los Angeles,

(1) went shopping in San Bernardino, a town in California, USA. She (2) was in a charity shop when she (3) a colourful, modern painting. She (4) it for \$5.

An art teacher saw the painting and (5) it

was by the American artist, Jackson Pollock. 'Who is Jackson Pollock?' said Teri. She (6) ______ no idea that he was a very famous modern painter.

Many art experts (7) ______ to her house to see the painting. Some said that it wasn't a 'Pollock', but one expert, Peter Paul Biró, (8) _____ Pollock's fingerprint on the back. Biró said, 'This is a real Pollock painting.'

A rich man was happy to pay \$9 million for it, but Teri said: 'No! I want \$50 million.'

In 2007, a Canadian TV company (9) ______ a film about Teri and the painting. It is now for sale in an art gallery in Toronto. Price: \$50 million!



Teri Horton with Pollock painting

Read the article aloud with a partner.

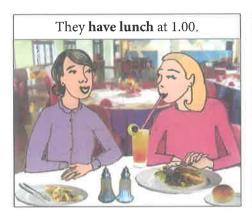
7 9.12 Listen and check.

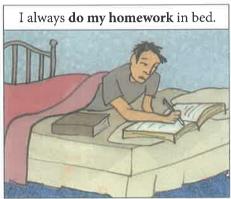
4 Look at the pictures only and tell the story again.

VOCABULARY

have, do, go

1 Look at the words that go with have, do, and go.







2 Write the words in the box next to the correct verb. have, do, or go.

> my homework on holiday

home

to work

shopping a shower for a walk a good time	tunch the housework some exercise breakfast
have	lunch
do	my homework
go	shopping

3 Write the past of have, do, and go.

went	had	did
Present		Past
have		
do		
go		

- 4 Complete the sentences with went, had or did.
 - 1 Yesterday I met my mother at one o' clock and we had lunch in a restaurant.
 - 2 I hate doing housework but last Sunday I _____ a lot because my house was a mess.
 - 3 Yesterday was a lovely day so I _____ for a walk in
 - 4 Usually I walk but yesterday I _____ to work by bus.
 - 5 On Saturday night I went to a great restaurant. I _____ a really nice meal.
 - 6 I ______ a lot of exercise yesterday. I went to the gym.
 - 7 The film wasn't very good so we _____ home early.

T 9.13 Listen and check.

Talking about you

- 5 Complete the sentences with what *you* did.
 - 1 Yesterday I <u>had</u> a shower at ____ o' clock.
 - 2 This morning I _____ breakfast at _____ o' clock. I had coffee and _____.
 - 3 Last Saturday I _____ shopping and I bought _____.
 - 4 Last weekend I _____ my homework at ____ o' clock on _____.
 - 5 Last year I _____ on holiday to _____.
- 6 Tell a partner what you did.

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

When's your birthday?

1 These are the months of the year. What is the correct order?



- T 9.14 Listen and check. Say the months round the class.
- **2** Which month is your birthday? Tell the class.



How many birthdays are in each month? Which month has the most?

3 T 9.15 Listen and repeat the numbers.

first (1st)	second (2nd)	third (3rd)
fourth (4th)	fifth (5th)	sixth (6th)
seventh (7th)	eighth (8th)	ninth (9th)
tenth (10th)	eleventh (11th)	twelfth (12th)
thirteenth (13th)	fourteenth (14th)	fifteenth (15th)

4 Say these numbers.

16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th 31st T 9.16 Listen and check.

5

T 9.17	Listen and write the r	ıumt	ers. Practise them.
the	of January	7	We say:
the	of March		the tenth of April
the	of April	ы	We write:
the	of May		10 April April 10
the	of June	Ц	10/4/09
the	of August	H	Americans write:
the	of November		4/10/09
the	of December		

6 When is your birthday? Do you know the time you were born? Ask and answer in groups.



Tell the class.

I was born in 1982 on the twentieth of July at two o'clock in the morning.



10

We had a great time!

Past Simple – regular and irregular • Questions and negatives • Sport and leisure • Going sightseeing

STARTER

- 1 What day is it today? What day was it yesterday?
- 2 Match a sentence with a time expression.

We're at school
I went to the US
I did my homework

yesterday. now. in 2009. 3 What is the Past Simple of these irregular verbs?

get have go buy do see

Yesterday she ...

played tennis

bought some clothes
stayed at home

went shopping

went for a walk

cleaned her flat

had a big breakfast

got up late

YESTERDAY WAS SUNDAY

Past Simple - regular and irregular

1 T10.1 Listen to Angie. Tick (✓) the things she did yesterday. What day was it?

GRAMMAR SPOT

1 Write the Past Simple of these regular verbs.
What are the last two letters?

t/ cook _____ watch ____

/d/ play _____ listen ____

/id/ start want

T 10.2 Listen and repeat. Careful with the pronunciation of -ed.

- 2 The Past Simple is always the same. I/you/he/she/it/we/they played
- ►► Grammar Reference 10.1 p127
- 2 Tell the class what she did.

Yesterday she got up late and had ... Then she ...

3 <u>Underline</u> the things in the list that *you* did last Sunday. Tell a partner.

Last Sunday I got up ... and I went ... I saw ...

listened to the radio did some work saw some friends watched TV cooked a meal went to bed early

72 Unit 10 • We had a great time!

Questions and negatives

1 It is Monday morning. Angle and Rose are at work. T10.3 Listen and complete their conversation.



- A Hi, Rose. <u>Did</u> you <u>have</u> a good weekend?
- R Yes, I did, thanks.
- A What ______ you do yesterday?
- R Well, I got up early and I _____ tennis with some friends.
- A You _____ up early on Sunday!
- R Well, yes, it was such a lovely day.
- A Where ______you _____ tennis?
- R In the park. We _____ lunch in the café there.
- A Oh, great! _____ you ____ out in the evening?
- R No, I didn't. I _____ a meal for my sister.
- A Mmm! What ______you ____?
- R Roast beef. It was delicious! What about you, Angie? Did *you* have a good weekend?

2 T 10.4 Listen and repeat Angie's questions.

Did you have a good weekend? What did you do yesterday? Where did you play tennis? Did you go out in the evening? What did you have?



Work with a partner. Practise the conversation in exercise 1.

- 3 T10.5 Listen to Rose asking Angie about *her* weekend. Complete her questions.
 - 1 What/do on Saturday? What did you do on Saturday?
 - 2 Who/see at the restaurant?
 - 3 ... go out/Sunday?
 - 4 ... do anything/Sunday evening?

Listen again. What did Angie do?

- 4 T10.6 Listen and repeat. What didn't Angie do?

 I didn't go out because I was too tired

 I didn't do much on Sunday.

 I didn't go to bed late.
- Say three things Angie and Rose didn't do.
 Angie: tennis/walk/radio Rose: late/shopping/TV
 Angie didn't play tennis. Rose didn't get up late.

G	RAMMAR	SPOT
1	Complete	in the Past Simple use did. the questions. you go out ?
	Where	she go ? you do ?
2	Negatives	use didn't. Complete the negatives.
	They	go to work.
	We	watch TV.
>	Gramm	ar Reference 10.2 p127

Work with a partner. Say what you did and didn't do last night.



PRACTICE

Grammar

1	Complete	the	sentences	in	the	Past	Simple.
---	----------	-----	-----------	----	-----	------	---------

1 I played (play) tennis on Sunday.

2 Yesterday we _____ (have) lunch in the park.

3 She _____(**do**) her homework on the bus.

4 I _____ (not clean) my flat last weekend.

5 'Where _____ he ____ (buy) his new computer?'
'He _____ (buy) it on the Internet.'

6 'What ______ you _____ (do) last night?'
'I _____ (not go) out. I _____ (go) to

bed early.'

Did you have a good weekend?

- 2 Look at the questionnaire. What activities are in the pictures?
- Put a tick () next to the things you did last weekend.
- **4** Ask your teacher the questions. Put a tick (✓) next to the things she/he did.

Did you go to the sports club?

Yes, I did./No, I didn't.

5 Ask a partner the questions. Put a tick (✓) next to the things she/he did.

Tell the class about you and your partner.

Maria went to the sports club, but I didn't.
I went shopping.



questionnaire Last weekend

Did you ?	You	Teacher	Partner
go to the mall			
go shopping			
have a meal in a restaurant			
see your friends			
play football			
watch TV/a film/a DVD			
go to a picnic			
do a lot of homework			
do a lot of housework			



Making conversation We ask questions to show we are interested. We went to the mall yesterday. Oh, really? What did you buy? Was it crowded? Who was there? Reply to these lines with a question. 1 'I went shopping yesterday.' 'Really? (Where/go?) Where did you go? 2 'We went to that new Lebanese restaurant last night.' 'Mmm! (What/have?) 3 'We saw a lot of our friends in the coffee bar.' 'Oh! (Who/see?) _____?' 4 'I played tennis at the weekend.' 'Oh, really? (Where/play?)_ 5 'The picnic on Saturday was great!' 'Oh, good! (What time/leave?) T 10.7 Listen and check. 7 Work with a partner. Read the example conversation. A I went shopping yesterday. B Really? Where did you go? A Oxford Street. B Oh! What did you buy? A Well, I wanted a new coat, and I went to the new mall. B Did you find one? A Yes, I did. I found a beautiful black one. It was only £50!

Time expressions

8 Complete the time expressions using a word from the box.

at	in	on	last		
				on_	_ Monday
					_ night
					8 o'clock
ı	went 1	there			_ week
					2007
					year
					_ Sunday morning

Check it

- **9** Tick (✓) the correct sentence.
 - 1 She bought an expensive car.
 - She buyed an expensive car.
 - 2 I played tennis on Sunday.
 - ☐ I play tennis on Sunday.
 - 3 Did they went shopping yesterday? ☐ Did they go shopping yesterday?
 - 4 What did you do last weekend?
 - ☐ What did you last weekend?
 - 5 Did you like the DVD?' 'Yes, I liked.'
 - 'Did you like the DVD?' 'Yes, I did.'
 - 6 I saw John last night.
 - ☐ I saw John on last night.

Choose one of the conversations in exercise 6 and make it longer.



VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING Sport and leisure

1 What are the activities in the photos?

2	tennis
	football

computer games

walking

skiing golf

swimming

motor racing

jogging cycling

windsurfing

fishing

rugby

horse-riding

ice-skating

2 Write the activities in the correct column.

I play tennis. I go jogging.

go + -ing
jogging

3 Work with a partner. Ask and answer questions about the activities.

Do you play tennis?

Yes, I do.

When did you last play?

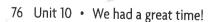
Last week.

Do you go jogging?

No, I don't.

4 Tell the class about your partner.

Molly doesn't play tennis, but she goes jogging. She went jogging in the park yesterday.





LISTENING AND SPEAKING

Jack and Millie Parker's holiday

- 1 Say the months of the year.

 January February ...

 In your country, what months are ...?

 spring summer autumn winter
- 2 When do you usually go on holiday?

l usually go on holiday in summer.

3 T10.9 Listen to Jack and Millie Parker talking about their holidays. <u>Underline</u> what they say.

They usually . . .

go in <u>summer</u> / spring.
go to Italy / India.
stay in a hotel / a villa.
eat at home / with friends.
go swimming / sailing.
play golf / read.
have / don't have a good time.

But last year they . . .

went in autumn / winter.

went to Canada / Colorado.

stayed in a hotel / a house.

went out to restaurants / diners.

went skiing / jogging.

stayed in / went out every night.

had / didn't have a good time.

- **4** Ask and answer questions with a partner about Jack and Millie's holidays.
 - When / go?
 Where / go?
 Where / stay?
 Where / eat?
 What / do?
 ... have a good time?

 When do they usually go on holiday?
 In summer.
 When did they go last year?
 In winter.
 Where ...?
- 5 Complete the sentences about their last holiday.
 - 1 Last year Jack and Millie <u>didn't go</u> on holiday in summer, They <u>went</u> in winter.
 - 2 They _____ to Italy. They ____ to Colorado.
 - 3 They _____ in a hotel. They _____ in a villa.
 - 4 They _____ at home. They ____ in restaurants.
 - 5 They _____ skiing. They ____ swimming.

T10.10 Listen and check.







SPEAKING AND WRITING My last holiday

What is your favourite kind of holiday? What do you like doing? ✓ What don't you like doing? ✗

eating in restaurants

visiting relatives

relaxing in the hotel

going shopping

driving in the mountains

sightseeing in famous cities

visiting museums

playing sports

Compare your choices with a partner.

What did you do on your last holiday?
Ask and answer questions with your partner.

• Where . . . go?

• When ... go?

Where did you go?

• Where ... stay?

I went to Jordan.

• What ... do every day?

• ... have good weather?

ood weather?

When did you go?

• What ... do in the evening?

Last year. / Two years ago.

What . . . eat?

• ... meet nice people?

3 Tell the class about your partner.

Carl went sightseeing in Rome last June / six months ago.

GRAMMAR SPOT

ago

two years ago means two years before now.

I met James ten years ago.

I went to Oman six weeks ago.

Sally phoned five minutes ago.



driving

sightseeing

Writing

4 Write about your last holiday. Read it to the class.

AAAAAAAAAAAAA

My last holiday

Last ..., I went on holiday to ... I went with ... We stayed in ...

Every day we ... Sometimes we ... Once we ... We met ...

The food was ... and the weather was ...

We had a ... time.

LONDON FVERYDAY ENGLISH Museum Bloomsbury Going sightseeing HOL 1 Write the names of two cities and the NEW OXFORD STREET dates when you were a tourist there. London, July 2005. Dubai, April 2009. Show a partner. Talk about the cities. What did you do there? What did you see? What did you buy? I went to I bought ... We visited 2 T10.11 Listen and complete the conversations in a Tourist Office. 1 A Hello. Can I ____ ? B Yes. _____ have a map of the city, please? A Of course. Here you are. B Can you _____ where we are on the _____? A Yes. We're _____ in Regent Street in the city _____. 2 C We want to go on a _____ tour of the ____. nwote A That's fine. The next bus _____ at 10 o'clock. It _____ about an hour and a half. C Where does the bus go from? _____ Trafalgar Square, but you can get _____ and ____ when you want. 3 D I want to visit the British Museum. What time does it _____? A It opens at 10 in the morning and _____ at 5.30 in the evening. D _____ is it to get in? A It's _____. COCKSPUR ST. NORTHUMBERLAND Work with a partner. Practise the conversations. 3 When people go sightseeing in your town, where do they go? What is there to do in your town? There's a park and a zoo. We have a beautiful castle. Visitors go to the market/ the old town / the square ... Roleplay 4 Roleplay a conversation in a Tourist Office with your partner. Student B Student A You are a tourist at the Tourist You work in the Tourist Office in DOWNING your home town. Office.

Give information. Ask for information.

Hello. I want to go on a tour of the town see the exhibition ... visit the castle ...

That's fine. You can

GT. GEORGE

WESTMIN



I can do that!

can/can't • Adverbs • Adjective + noun • Everyday problems

STARTER

Do you have a computer? Do you use it for . . .?

work
 the Internet
 computer games
 shopping
 emails

Talk to a partner. Tell the class.







WHAT CAN THEY DO? can/can't

1 Match the words and photos.

pilot farmer schoolboy athlete interpreter grandmother architect









- 2 Complete the sentences with a or an and a word from exercise 1.
 - 1 Marcus is <u>an interpreter</u>. He can speak French and German fluently.
 - 2 Laura is _____. She can draw well.
 - 3 Justin is _____ He can fly 747 jumbo jets.
 - 4 George is ______ He can drive a tractor.
 - 5 Lee is _____ He can run very fast.
 - 6 Oliver is _____. He can use a computer really well.
 - 7 Margaret is Oliver's ______. She can make fantastic cakes.

T11.1 Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

3 Tell a partner what you can do from exercise 2.

I can use a computer and I can draw.

Ouestions and negatives

1 T11.2 Listen and repeat the questions and answers.

Can Marcus speak French?
Can you speak French?

Yes, he can. Yes, I can.

Can Laura draw well?
Can you draw well?

Yes, she can.

No, I can't. I can't draw at all!

2 Ask and answer more questions with a partner. First ask about the people, then ask about your partner.



GRAMMAR AND PRONUNCIATION

1 Can/Can't have the same form for all persons.

I / You / He / She / It / We / They can't

2 T 11.3 Listen and repeat the different pronunciations of *can* and *can't*.

/kən/

/ka:nt/

He can speak Spanish.

They can't draw.

draw.

/kən/

/kæn/

Can you drive?

Yes, I can.

Grammar Reference 11.1–11.2 p128

Of course I can!

3 T 11.4 Read and listen to Oliver and Dominique. Complete the conversation.

Dominique Can you use a computer, Oliver?

Oliver Yes, of course I _____! All my friends can.

I ______ a computer at home in my bedroom and we use computers at _____ all the time.

- D That's great. What other things can you ______
- O Well, I can _____ fast, very fast, and I can draw a bit. I can ____ really good cars but I ____ drive them of course! I can draw good planes, too.

 When I'm big I want to be a pilot and _____ 747s.
- D Excellent. Now, I know you can speak French.
- O Yes, I ______. I can speak French fluently because my dad's French. We sometimes _____ French at home.
- D Can you speak any other languages?
- O No, I ______. I can't speak German or Spanish, just French and English of course! And I can cook! I can _____ cakes. My grandma makes fantastic cakes and I sometimes help her. Yesterday we made a big chocolate cake!



T 11.4 Listen again and check. Practise the conversation with a partner.

- 4 Answer the questions about Oliver.
 - 1 What can Oliver do? What can't he do?
 - 2 Does he use a computer at school?
 - 3 What does he want to be when he's big?
- 4 Why can he speak French well?
- 5 What did he do yesterday?

PRACTICE

Pronunciation

- 1 T 11.5 Listen and <u>underline</u> can or can't.
 - 1 I can / can't ski quite well.
 - 2 She can / can't speak German at all.
 - 3 He can / can't speak English fluently.
 - 4 Why can / can't you come to my house?
 - 5 We can / can't understand our teacher.
 - 6 They can / can't read.
 - 7 Can / Can't I have an ice-cream, please?
 - 8 Can / Can't cats swim?

T 11.5 Listen again and repeat.

She can speak Spanish very well!

2 T11.6 Jenni Spencer is English, but she lives in Argentina. Listen and tick (✓) the things she can do.

Can?	Jenni	You	T	S
speak Spanish				
speak German				
speak English ride a horse				
play golf				
cook				
COOK				

3 Complete Jenni's sentences with words from the box.

a little bit	really well	(not) at all
quite well	fluently	

- 1 I can speak Spanish _____
- 2 I can speak German ______.
- 3 My friends can speak English ______
- 4 I can ride _____
- 5 I can't cook_____

T 11.6 Listen again and practise the sentences.

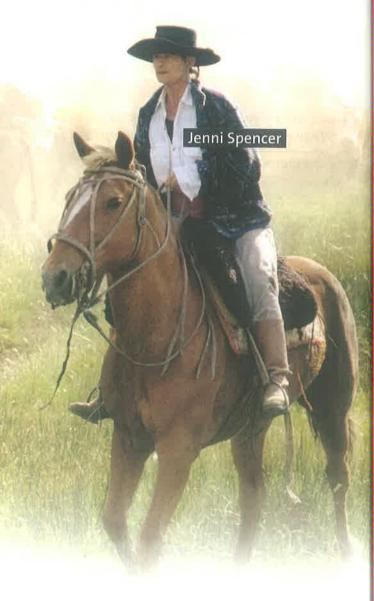
GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Adverbs can come after the verb.

 She can run **fast**. He plays golf **well**.
- 2 Regular adverbs end in -ly. She can speak Spanish fluently.

Please speak slowly.

Grammar Reference 11.3 p128



Talking about you

4 Complete the chart in exercise 2 about *you*. Then ask and answer the questions with the teacher and another student.



5 Compare yourself with the teacher and other students.

Isabel and I can ride a horse quite well. She can cook, too, but I can't cook at all.

REQUESTS AND OFFERS

Can I help you?

- 1 Look at the pictures. Use the words to write questions with *Can* ... ?
- 2 Match these answers with the questions in exercise 1.
 - a <u>3</u> Sorry. I can't. It's my brother's wedding on Saturday.
 - b It's about three thirty.
 - c ____ Yes, of course. Here you are.
 - d ____ Yes, please. I want to buy this postcard.
 - e ___ Oh, yes please! That's so kind of you!
 - f ____ I'm sorry. Is this better? Can you understand me now?
 - T 11.7 Listen and check.
- 3 Practise the questions and answers with a partner. Continue the conversations.



Check it

- **4** Tick (**✓**) the correct sentence.
 - 1 I no can understand.
 - ☐ I can't understand.
 - 2 He can drive a tractor.
 - ☐ He cans drive a tractor.
 - 3 Can you swim fast?
 - ☐ Do you can swim fast?
 - 4 We can to play tennis quite well.
 - We can play tennis quite well.
 - 5 You speak Italian very good.
 - You speak Italian very well.
 - 6 He plays very well the piano.
 - ☐ He plays the piano very well.













READING AND LISTENING The Internet

What are these websites for? What does 'www' mean?

www.bbc.co.uk

www.londontheatre.com

www.google.com

www.blogger.com

www.english.aljazeera.net

www.football365.com

2 Match the verbs and nouns.

Verbs	Nouns
listen to	a newspaper
watch \	a bill
play	an email
pay	friends
read	chess
chat to	a hotel
send	TV
book	the radio

Which of these things can you do on the Internet?

- What do you know about the Internet? Discuss these questions.
 - When did the Internet start?
 - Why did it start?
 - What can people do on the Internet?
- T11.8 Read and listen to the text about the Internet. Answer the questions in exercise 3.
- 5 Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)? Correct the false (✗) sentences.
 - 1 The Internet started in the 1970s.
 - 2 Telephone companies started it.
 - 3 It started in America.
 - 4 In the 1980s, scientists sent messages between computers.
 - 5 There is an international computer language.

You can do more and more on the Internet!

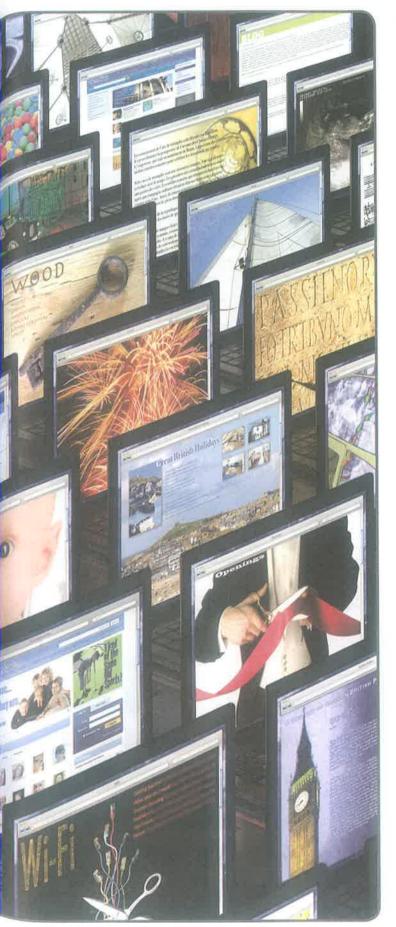
Its history

The Internet started in the 1960s. The United States Department of Defense started it because they wanted a computer network to help the American military. In the 1970s, scientists worked on it and learnt how to send messages between computers. Then in the 1980s, telephone companies made it possible to communicate on the computer network in many more countries. An international computer language was born, and the Net went worldwide.

Millions of uses

You can use the Internet for millions of things.
You can 'google' for information about anything and everything; you can buy and sell clothes and cars; you can book a hotel, a holiday, or tickets for the cinema; you can pay your bills; you can watch your favourite TV programme; you can play chess with a partner in Moscow; you can 'chat' to your friends and share photographs on Flickr; you can write a blog about your life.

You can ... the list is endless!



What do you do on the Internet?

6 T11.9 Listen to the people. When and why do they use the Internet? Complete the information.

100	Charlotte, 14
198	When? every day
	Why? help with homework
Lauren, 20	
When?	
Why?	
	Mike, 23
126	When?
3	Why?
Alan Krum, 4	7
When?	30
Why?	
	Max, 10
(00)	When?
	Why?
Edna, 71	
When?	100
Why?	

T 11.9 Listen again and check.

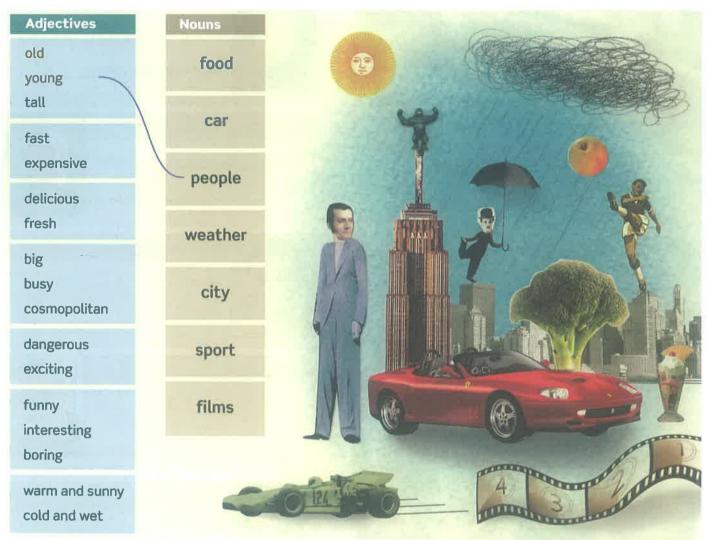
7 'The list is endless!'

Work in groups. What different things do you use the Internet for? What are your favourite websites? Tell the class.

VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

Adjective + noun

1 Work with a partner. Match the groups of adjectives with the nouns.



2 Complete the sentences with words from exercise 1. Compare answers with a partner.

1	A Ferrari is
2	'Howis your brother?' 'He's very, 1.9 metres.'
3	I think motor racing is a
4	Can I have a orange juice, please?
5	New York is a very
6	Charlie Chaplin made some very
7	We can't go for a walk. It's too

T 11.10 Listen and compare. Look at the tapescript on p120 and practise the conversations.

- **3** Work in groups. Think of examples of these things.
 - an expensive car and a cheap car
 - a dangerous sport and a safe sport
 - an old city and a modern city
 - an old film star and a young film star
 - a funny film and a boring film

Compare your lists.

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Everyday problems

1	Look at the pict	ures. Who has a pro	oblem with ?
	computersarriving late	☐ directions ☐ a lost passport	a ticket machine an accident
		2	
	3	4	
	5		
	2 Match the line	s with the pictures.	
	I can't find This mach I'm lost! I'm so sorr	ine doesn't work!	

☐ I can't get on the Internet!

☐ Are you all right?

T	11.11	Listen and complete the conversations.
1	A	Excuse me! Can you help me? I'm!
	В	Where do you to go?
	A	Grand Central Station.
	В	Turn left onto Park Avenue. It's on
		Youmiss it.
2		Oh no!
		What's the?
	A	There's somethingwith my computer. I can't the Internet,
		so I can't send my emails.
	В	Turn everything off and try
	153	That sometimes,
3		Excuse me! This ticket machine
	В	Did you the green button?
	A	Oh! No, I didn't.
	В	Ah, well. Here's your
	A	Thank you very much.
4	A	Come on! It's time to go to the airport.
		But I my passport! I can't find
		it anywhere!
	A	You it in your bag.
	В	Did I? Oh, yes it is! Phew!
5	A	Are you?
		Yes, I think so.
	A	Does your arm hurt?
	В	- A Company of the Co
(5 A	I'm so sorry
		It's OK. The film in 15 minutes.
		I missed the
	В	I told you, it doesn't Come on!
		Let's go.
1	T 11	.11 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.
4	Lear	rn two conversations and say them in front of the

3

class.



12

Please and thank you

I'd like - some/any In a restaurant Signs all around

STARTER

1 Match the activities and the places. What can you do where?

Activities	Places
1 g buy newspapers and magazines 2 buy bread, milk, fruit, and meat 3 change your money 4 buy stamps and send a parcel 5 buy a dictionary 6 get an espresso 7 buy shampoo and conditioner	a post office b bookshop c bank d chemist's e supermarket f coffee shop & newsagent's

2 Make sentences with You can . . .

You can buy newspapers and magazines in a newsagent's.

T 12.1 Listen and check.

SAYING WHAT YOU WANT

I'd like . . . , some and any

- 1 T12.2 Listen to Adam and complete the conversations. Where is he?
- 1 A Good ______. I'd like some chicken, please.
 - B How much would you like?
 - A slices.
 - B Would you like anything else?
 - A Yes, I'd like some cheese. _____you ____ any Emmental?
 - B I'm afraid we ____ have any Emmental. What about mozzarella:
 - A No, thank you. Just the chicken, then. ____ much is that?
- 2 C Can I help you?
 - A Yes, please, I'____ like some shampoo.
 - C We have lots. Would you _____ it for dry or normal hair?
 - A Dry, I think.
 - C OK. Try this one. _____else?
 - A Er oh yeah. I don't have ____ conditioner.
 - I'd like _____ conditioner for dry hair, please.
 - C Yes, of course. That's £6.90, please.
 - T 12.2 Listen again and check. Practise the conversations.



GRAMMAR SPOT

would like

- 1 *I'd like* ... is more polite than *I want* ...

 I'd like some chicken, please.
- 2 We offer things with Would you like ...? Would you like anything else?

some and any

- 1 We use *some* in positive sentences. I'd like **some** cheese.
- We use any with questions and negatives.

 Do you have any mozzarella?

 We don't have any mozzarella.
- ►► Grammar Reference 12.1–12.2 p128

2 T12.3 Listen to two more conversations with Adam.

	Conversation 1	Conversation 2
Where is he?		
What does he want?		
What are his words?	l'd like	

- 3 Adam has a visitor. Complete their conversations.
 - 1 A What would _you____ to drink?
 - V A juice. I'_____an apple juice, please.
 - **A** Er ... I have _____ orange juice, but I don't have _____ apple juice.
 - V Don't worry. Orange juice is fine. Thanks.
 - 2 A _____you _____ something to eat?
 - V Yeah, OK. A sandwich. A cheese sandwich?
 - A Er ... I don't have _____ cheese. Sorry.

 I have ____ chicken. ____ you ____
 a chicken sandwich?
 - V I don't like chicken.
 - A _____you____some cake, then?
 - V Yes, please. I'd love _____.

T12.4 Listen and check. Practise the conversations.

Roleplay

- 4 You have a friend at your house. Make him or her feel at home! Offer some of these things.
 - a cold drink a coffee something to eat
 - a glass of fruit juice
- some ice-cream

Would you like a cold drink?

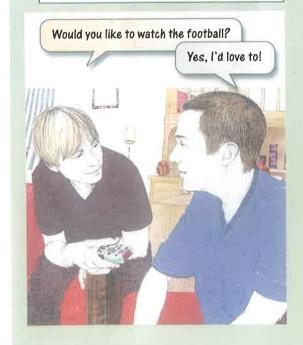
Yes, please.

What would you like?

An orange juice, please.



- watch the football listen to the radio
- watch TV see the garden
- play some computer games



PRACTICE

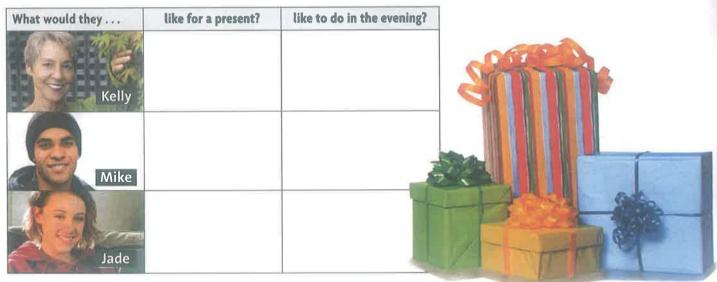
It's my birthday!

- 1 T12.5 Listen to the conversation.
 What does the woman want to do? Why is the other woman *not* happy?
- 2 Read and complete the conversation with words from the box.

W	ould you like	I'd like	I'd like to (x3)	some		
A	Hey, isn't it yo	our birthda	ay soon?			
	Yeah, next we		•		\	
A	So, what		for your birt	hday?		No.
	I don't know.					
			ouy you somethi		. 1	
В	That's kind, b	ut I t <mark>hink</mark>		forget	my birthday thi	is year.
A	What? You do	on't want a	ny presents! Wh	y not?		
В	Well, I'm 30 r	next week,	and that feels ol	d.		1
A			on!			meal
	with		friends. You can	choose 1	the restaurant.	
В	OK, then. Th	ank you.		_that. Ju	st don't tell anyo	one
	it's my birthd	ay.				
A	Oh, that's sill	y!			1000	
T	12.5 Listen a	gain and c	heck. Practise th	e conver	sation.	

Birthday wishes

3 T 12.6 Listen to three people. It's their birthday soon. Complete the chart.



4 When do you receive presents? Ask and answer questions about what *you'd* like.



I'd like an iPod, and some new clothes, ...

How about you? What would you like?

90 Unit 12 • Please and thank you

like and would like

- What's the difference between these sentences?

 I like fruit juice. I'd like a fruit juice.
- 2 Read and listen to the two conversations.
 Which conversation is about what you like day
 after day? Which is about what you want to do soon?
 - 1 A What do you like doing in your free time?
 - B I like going to the mall, and I like playing computer games.
 - A Do you like playing . . .?
 - 2 C What would you like to do this weekend?
 - D I'd like to go out. What about you?
 - C Great! Would you like to go to the mall?
 - D I'd love to!

Practise the conversations with a partner.

GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Like refers to always.
 - I like tea.
 - I like going to the mall.
- 2 'd like refers to now or soon. I'd like a cup of tea, please. I'd like to go to the mall today.
- ►► Grammar Reference 12.3 p128

Talking about you

3 Work with a partner. Make conversations.

What do you like doing in your free time?

I like ... and I like ... What about you?

What would you like to do this weekend?

Well. I'd like to ... What about you?

eat in a restaurant

see a film

go shopping

Listening and pronunciation

4 T12.8 Listen to the conversations. Tick (✓) the sentences you hear.

1 ✓ Would you like a coffee?

Do you like coffee?

2 ☐ I like watching films.
☐ I'd like to watch a film.

3 ☐ We like flats with big bedrooms.
☐ We'd like a flat with two bedrooms.

4 ☐ What would you like to do?
☐ What do you like doing?

Look at T12.8 on p121 and practise the conversations.

Check it

- 5 Tick (✓) the correct sentence.
 - 1 Ilike leave early today.

I like new clothes.

I'd like some new clothes.

- ☐ I'd like to leave early today.
- 2 Do you like your job?
 - ☐ Would you like your job?
- 3 Would you like tea or coffee?
 - ☐ You like tea or coffee?
- 4 like any tea, please.
 - l'd like some tea, please.
- 5 They like something to eat.
 - They'd like something to eat.
- 6 Idon't have any money.
- ☐ I don't have some money.

play computer games

watch football

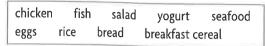
go fishing

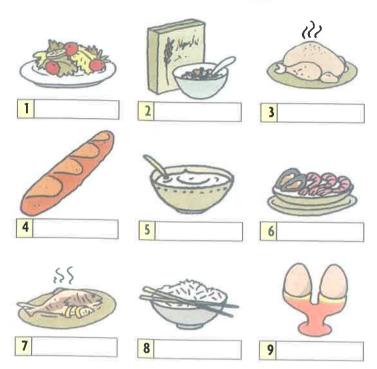
sleep a lot

READING AND SPEAKING

You are what you eat

1 Match the food and the pictures.





2 Work in three groups.

Group A Read about MASUMI TAKAHASHI.

Group B Read about CAROLINE WELTY.

Group C Read about FAHD AL QAHTANI.

Answer the questions.

1 Which food in exercise 1 does he/she eat?

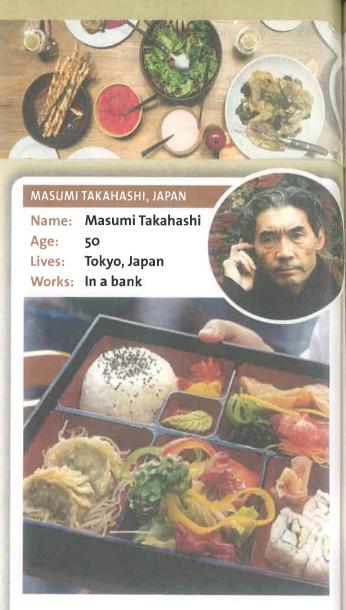
- 2 What does he/she have for breakfast, lunch, and dinner?
- 3 What time does he/she eat?
- 4 What does he/she like doing? When? Where?
- 5 What would he/she like to do?
- 6 Does he/she do any exercise?
- **3** Find a student from the other two groups. Compare and swap information.

What do you think?

- Do all three people have a good diet? Do they eat a lot?
- What do you eat in a day? When?
- Would you like the food they eat in Japan/New York/Saudi Arabia?
- What suggestions can you make for a good diet?

Eat lots of fruit.

Don't have too much sugar.



In Japan we eat rice at every meal. For breakfast, we have rice, fish, and soup.

At 12.00 I have *bento*, which is a lunch box. My wife makes this for me every day. There are small dishes of rice, fish, vegetables, eggs, and sometimes meat.

In the evening, we have more fish, maybe with beans. I'd like to eat with my children, but I don't get home till 9.00.

At the weekend, we like doing things together. We go for walks, and have dinner. We eat lots of small dishes. We don't put a lot of food on our plate, so we don't eat too much.

What's on Three people from different parts of the world describe what they eat each day.

CAROLINE WELTY, US

Name: Caroline Welty

Age:

Brooklyn, New York Lives:

Works: In a restaurant



I eat little and early. I have toast and cereal for breakfast, and salad for lunch at about 11.30. For dinner I usually eat chicken, fish or seafood. If I have a snack between meals, it's always fruit.

I ride my bike to work across Brooklyn Bridge, and run 10 kilometres a day. I'd like to run the New York Marathon this year. I'm a waitress, so I'm on my feet all day.

Too many people in this country don't eat right. They say they don't have time to buy food and cook, so they snack all the time.

At home I like cooking for friends. For me the dinner table is the centre of the home.

FAHD AL QAHTANI, SAUDI ARABIA

Name: Fahd Al Qahtani

Age:

Lives: Riyadh, Saudi Arabia

Works: In a hospital



For breakfast I have bread with cheese, eggs, yogurt and tea. Lunch is at 2.30. It is usually a big meal, with lots of different dishes. Perhaps some chicken or fish with rice – 'kabsa' – vegetables, hummus and tomato sauce. We drink fruit juice or water with the meal.

We have dinner at 8. Traditionally the evening meal was much smaller than lunch, but now it is the big meal of the day. Of course during Ramadan we eat just two meals, one before dawn, and one after sunset.

I'd like to eat out more often but I don't have time. I live near the hospital so I like walking to work. It's my only exercise!

VOCABULARY AND SPEAKING

In a restaurant

1 Read the menu. What do you like on the menu? What don't you like? Tell a partner.

l like ... and ... I don't like ... or

2 T 12.9 Listen to Liam and Maddy ordering a meal in the CAFÉ FRESCO.

Who says these things? Write L (Liam), M (Maddy), or W (Waiter).

IVI (IVIACI	dy), or w (watter).
W A	re you ready to order?
w	ell, I am. Are you ready, Maddy?
Ye	es, I am. What's the soup of the day?
F1	rench onion soup.
	ovely. I'd like the French onion soup to art, please.
A	nd to follow?
	l like the salmon salad with some chips n the side.
	hank you. And you, sir? What would ou like?
	r - I'd like the tomato and mozzarella alad, followed by the burger and chips.
V	Vould you like any side orders?
N	o, thank you. Just the burger.
A	nd to drink?
	parkling water for me, please. What bout you, Liam?
-	he same for me. We'd like a bottle of parkling water, please.
F	ine. I'll bring the drinks immediately.

3 Practise the conversation in groups of three.

Roleplay

4 Work in groups of three. Roleplay being customers and waiters in a restaurant.





EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Signs all around

1 Look at the signs. Where can you see them?



2	Which	sign	means		?
---	-------	------	-------	--	---

- 1 f You can go in here.
- 2 ___ You can go out here.
- 3 ___ You can't sit here.
- 4 ___ You can't smoke here.
- 6 ___ Push this door to open it.
- 7 __ Pull this door to open it.
- 8 ___ Men can go to the toilet here.
- 5 __ This machine doesn't work. 10 __ Women can go to the toilet here.
- 11 ___ You can buy something cheap here.
- 12 ___ Stand and wait here.
- 13 __ Not open.
- 9 ___ You can go up or down floors here. 14 ___ / ___ You can't go in here.

3 T 12.10 Listen to the lines of conversation. Which sign do they go with?

2 ____ 3 ___ 4 ___ 5 ___ 6 ___ 7 ___ 8 ___

4 Work with a partner. Write a conversation that goes with a sign. Act it to the class. Can they identify the correct sign?





Here and now

Colours and clothes • Present Continuous • Opposite verbs • What's the matter?

STARTER

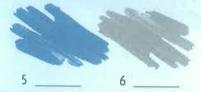
1 What are the colours? Write the colours from the box.

blue	red	green
black	white	yellow
brown	grey	







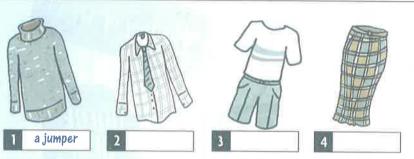


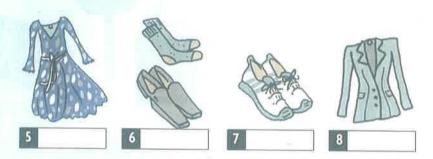


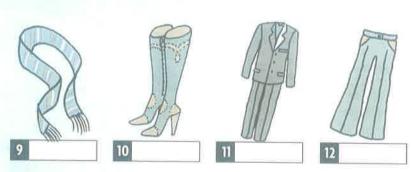
What is your favourite colour? Tell the class.

2 What are the clothes? Write words from the box.

	users shoes and socks uit a shirt and tie			
--	--	--	--	--







T 13.1 Listen and repeat.

3 What clothes can you see in the classroom? What colour are they?

Lillian's skirt is black.

Roberto's shirt is blue.

WHAT ARE THEY WEARING?

Present Continuous

1 Look at the pictures. Complete the descriptions with the colours and clothes.

AFE	2 3 4	Nigel's wearing a grey Leo's wearing a Rick's wearing Eva's wearing a Polly and Penny are w	_ T-shirt and _ jeans and a black _ _ jacket and	trainers. He's r He's carr _boots. She's carr	running. Tying trays of drinks. Tying a black bag.	cream.
				90200		
		# E PROBLE				

T 13.2 Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

GRAMMAR SPOT
1 The Present Continuous describes what is
happening now.
He's reading his emails.
They're eating ice-cream.
I'm sitting in the classroom.
2 We make the Present Continuous with the
verb to be: am/is/are + verb + -ing.
Complete the sentences.
I'm studying (study) English.
You/We/They (wear) jeans.
She/He(play) in the garden.
►► Grammar Reference 13.1 p129

I'm wearing blue jeans and a black T-shirt.

I'm wearing blue jeans and a black T-shirt.

Listen and repeat the questions.

What's he wearing? What's she doing? What are they doing?

Ask and answer the questions about the pictures with a partner.

What's Nigel wearing?

A grey suit and . . .

What's he doing?

He's . . .

Unit 13 • Here and now 97

Work with a partner. Describe someone in the room. Who is it?

PRACTICE

Asking questions

1 Work with a partner. What are the people doing? Ask and answer questions.





















T 13.4 Listen and check. What extra information do you hear?

2 Mime actions to your partner. Can your partner guess what you are doing?

You're cooking!

Yes, I am. I'm making a cake.

You're playing tennis!

No, I'm not. I'm playing golf.

HE'S ON HOLIDAY AT THE MOMENT

Present Simple and Present Continuous

1 Read about Nigel. Complete the text with the verbs in the box.

go	has	works	reads
wears	arrives	feels	

Nigel at work

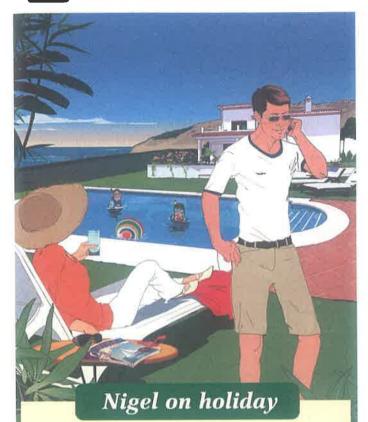
Nigel is a businessman. He (1) works from 9.00 to 5.30 every day. He always (2) _____ a suit and tie for work. He usually (3) _____ lunch at his desk at 1.00. He (4) _____ home at about 7.00 every evening and he (5) _____ to his children before they (6) _____ to bed. He often (7) _____ very tired at the end of the day.



T 13.5 Listen and check.

2 Nigel and his family are on holiday in Spain. Nigel is talking with his boss, Bill, on his mobile phone.

T 13.6 Listen to and read the conversation.



Nigel Hello.

Bill Nigel, it's Bill, sorry to call you about work.

- N Oh, hi Bill! That's OK.
- B First things first, are you having a good time?
- N Yes, we are. We're having a great time.
- B Are you staying in a hotel?
- N No, we're not. We're staying in a house with a swimming pool near the beach.
- B Wonderful. And your family? Are they enjoying it?
- N Oh, yes. The kids are swimming in the pool right now. Can you hear them?
- **B** I can. And **are** you and your wife **relaxing**?
- N We are. We're sitting by the pool. Karen's drinking lemonade, and I'm reading a lot. And I'm not wearing a suit and tie, just shorts and a T-shirt.
- B You're lucky. It's raining again here. Now, I'm calling about work ...
- N OK Bill, what's the problem?
- B Well ...

GRAMMAR SPOT

Read the sentences.

He wears a suit for work. He's wearing a T shirt.

Which sentence is about now?
Which is true day after day but not now?

►► Grammar Reference 13.2 p129

3 How many true sentences can you make about Nigel's holiday? Compare with your partner.

Nigel		enjoying the holiday.
Karen	is	talking to Bill. calling Nigel.
Bill The children	isn't	staying in a hotel.
	are	wearing a suit. raining in Spain.
lt	aren't	swimming in the pool.
They		relaxing.

- **4** Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions about Nigel's holiday.
 - 1 Are they . . . a good time?

2 Where . . . staying?

3 What . . . the children doing?

4 What . . . Karen doing?

5 What . . . Nigel doing?

6 Is he . . . a suit?

7 Why...Bill calling?

T 13.7 Listen and check.

5 Complete the sentences with the verbs in the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

1	Nigel lives	(live) in a house in London, bu	
	now he 's staying	(stay) in a house by the sea.	

2 He usually _____ (wear) a suit, but today he _____ (wear) shorts.

3 He never ______ (relax) at work, but now he ______ (relax) by the pool.

4 Karen _____ (work) in a shop, but today she _____ (enjoy) her holiday.

5 The children _____ (work) hard at school but today they _____ (swim) in the pool.

6 It often ______ (rain) in England and it _____ (rain) there now.

Are they having a good time?

Yes, they are.

PRACTICE

Questions and answers

- 1 Make the questions.
 - 1 you/wear/a new jumper? Are you wearing a new jumper?
 - 2 we/learn/Chinese?
 - 3 we/sit/in a classroom?
 - 4 you/listen/to the teacher?
 - 5 the teacher/wear/blue trousers?
 - 6 all the students/speak/English?
 - 7 you/learn/a lot of English?
 - 8 it/rain today?

Stand up. Ask and answer the questions.

Are you wearing a new jumper?

No, I'm not. It's really old.

A photo of you

- **2** Bring a photograph of you to class. Say ...
 - · where you are.
 - · what you're doing.
 - · who you're with.
 - · what you're wearing.

Check it

- 3 Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentence.
 - I'm wear a blue shirt today.I'm wearing a blue shirt today.
 - 2 Where are you going?
 - Where you going?
 - 3 Peter no working this week.
 - Peter isn't working this week.
 - 4 That's Nabil over there. He talks to the teacher.
 - ☐ That's Nabil over there. He's talking to the teacher.
 - 5 Heidi is German. She comes from Berlin.
 - Heidi is German. She's coming from Berlin.
 - 6 Why aren't you having a coffee?
 - Why you no having a coffee?

100 Unit 13 • Here and now

READING AND LISTENING

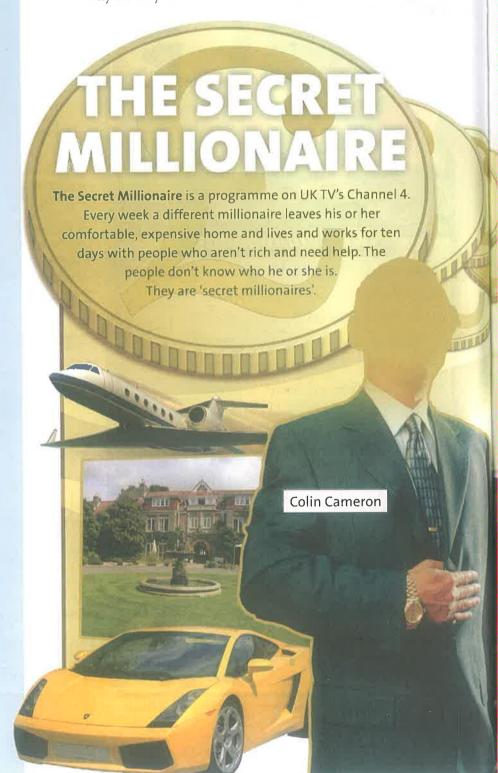
This week is different

1 How do very rich people spend their time and money? What don't they do? Compare ideas with the class.

They often have very big, expensive cars.

They don't travel by public transport.

2 Read the introduction to the TV programme *The Secret Millionaire*. What do the millionaires do in the programme? Why are they called *secret millionaires*?



- 3 Read about Colin Cameron. Complete the questions.
 - 1 When _____ he start his business?
 - 2 Where _____ he live?
 - 3 Does he _____any children?
 - 4 Why _____ he a lucky man?
 - 5 Who does he _____ to help?

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

- **4** Read **This week is different**. Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)? Correct the false ones.
 - 1 Colin went to Manchester by bus.
 - 2 He's staying in a flat in the centre of the city.
 - 3 He isn't sleeping in a bedroom.
 - 4 The hostel is for homeless girls.
 - 5 He's helping the boys to read and write.
 - 6 They don't think that he is a good teacher.
 - 7 Colin isn't enjoying the work at all.
 - 8 He wants to give Roger and Margaret a lot of money.

Listening

5 T13.8 Listen to four conversations with Colin. Complete the chart.

	Who's he talking to?	What's he talking about?
1		
2		
3		
4		

What do you think?

Discuss the questions.

- How is Colin a typical millionaire? How is he not?
- Why would Colin like his sons to meet the boys?
- Do you think the TV programme is a good idea?

Colin Cameron is this week's millionaire. He started his business 25 years ago when he was 19. He's now worth £60 million and lives with his wife and two teenage sons in a beautiful, big country house. He also has a house in Paris, and apartments in London and New York. He drives a yellow Lamborghini and even has a private plane. He says:

"I am a very lucky man. Now I want to help people who are not as lucky as I am, especially young people."



Colin left his family last weekend and went by train to Manchester. He is now living in Moss Side, a poor area of the city. He is staying with a married couple, Roger and Margaret Watson. They think he is looking for work in Manchester.



Roger and Margaret live in a small flat on the 8th floor of an apartment block. They only have one bedroom so Colin is sleeping on the sofa in the living room. They run a hostel for homeless teenage boys.

This week Colin is working with the boys in the hostel, an old, grey building in a busy road. Some of the boys can't read and write very well and he is helping them learn so that they can find jobs.

Roger, Margaret and the boys like Colin. They think that he is a good teacher. They have no idea he is a millionaire. Colin says:

"I'm missing my family a lot but Roger and Margaret are wonderful people. I'm enjoying my time with them very much. I'm learning a lot about life. At the end of the week I want to give them £100,000 to build a new hostel. I'd like to bring my sons here to meet them all."



VOCABULARY AND LISTENING

Opposite verbs

1	Look at the two sentences.	<u>Underline</u> the verl	os. They are verbs with opposite mea	ning.
	The teacher's asking us quest	ions. We're answe	ring them.	
2	Match the verbs with their	opposites.		
		5 love	Ū -	play sell hate turn off arrive
		6 open		finish forget take off
	· ·	7 turn on		go to bed lose run close
		8 start		
5	Look at the pictures. Comp	olete the sentences	with the opposite verb in the correct	t form.
	The state of the s	1 Ple	ase, don't ask me any more	-00
			estions. I can't them.	FORSALE
	E CHIEM TO			
		W. W.	2 P II 11 1	NA
			2 I'm selling my old car and I'ma new one.	
	*****		TIII a new one.	
		3 We	always get up at seven in	
	* T		morning andat	
ı		ele	ven at night.	
				- Marie Andrew
			4 It was cold, so Tom	(=,=)
			took off his T-shirt and	
1		1	a warm jumper.	
ł		- CONTRACTOR	ually walk to school, but yesterday	
		1 Wa	as late so I all the way.	W
	The state of the s		6 Inhala alasina tanah satuh	
			6 John's playing tennis with Peter today. He always loses	
			He never	
		7 Doi	n <mark>'t turn off t</mark> he TV, I'm watching	
	The Residence of the Control	it! I	P <mark>leaseit</mark> again!	
	T1210 T1 . Y1T . 1			
4	T 13.10 Listen. Write dow			
				5, 6,
	Look at the tapescript on p	122. Practise the c	onversations.	

EVERYDAY ENGLISH

What's the matter?

1 What's the matter with the people? Complete the sentences with words in the box.



- T 13.11 Listen and repeat.
- 2 Complete the conversations with words from exercise 1.



- A What's the matter?
- B I'm ___ and ___
- A Why don't you have a cup of tea?
- B That's a good idea.
- A Sit down. I'll make it for you.



- C What's the matter?
- D I have a bad _____
- C Oh dear! Why don't you take some aspirin?
- D I don't have any.
- C It's OK. I have some.

Roleplay

- **3** Have similar conversations. Use the words from exercise 1 and these ideas.
 - go to bed early
 - put on a jumper
 - have a sandwich
 - have a cold drink
 - · talk to a friend
 - watch a DVD
 - sit down and relax
 - go to the mall
 - · have a cold shower

T 13.12 Listen and check. Practise the conversations with a partner.



It's time to go!

Future plans • Grammar revision

Vocabulary revision • Social expressions (2)

STARTER

1 Write the form of transport.











3_











7.______

8 _

2 How do you travel? Where to?

I usually come to school by bus, but today I came by car.

Sometimes I travel by ...

SEVEN COUNTRIES IN SEVEN DAYS!

Future plans

- 1 Bill and Gloria Bigelow are from the US. Next week they are going on holiday to Europe. Look at the map and answer the questions.
 - 1 Which seven countries are they going to visit?
 - 2 Where does the holiday begin? Where does it end?
 - 3 How are they travelling?
- 2 Read the holiday information and check your answers.

SEVEN COUNTRIES ENGLAND Paris Frankfur Fra

HOLIDAY INFORMATION

- SUNDAY COLUMBUS AIRPORT, OHIO, US LONDON ENGLAND Fly overnight to London.
- 2 MONDAY LONDON, ENGLAND

Check into hotel. Bus tour of London, visit Buckingham Palace, the Houses of Parliament, the Tower of London. See the city from the London Eye.



IN SEVEN DAYS

3 TUESDAY LONDON - BELGIUM - FRANKFURT, GERMANY

Early morning start. Ferry across the English Channel and coach through Belgium and into Germany. Evening boat cruise on the River Rhine. Overnight in Frankfurt.

- 4 WEDNESDAY FRANKFURT INNSBRUCK, AUSTRIA
 By coach down through Germany to the Alps and Austria.
 Overnight in Innsbruck.
- 5 THURSDAY INNSBRUCK BRENNER PASS VENICE, ITALY
 South to Italy. Drive over the fantastic 'Europa Bridge' and drive
 through the Brenner Pass to Venice. Boat ride along the Canals to
 Piazza San Marco. Overnight in Venice.
- 6 FRIDAY VENICE LAKE LUCERNE, SWITZERLAND
 Stop in Verona to see Romeo and Juliet's balcony. Drive through
 the St. Gotthard Tunnel to Switzerland and beautiful Lake Lucerne.
 Overnight at Lake Lucerne.
- 7 SATURDAY LAKE LUCERNE PARIS, FRANCE

 The autoroute into France and through countryside to Paris. Have dinner in the evening in a Left Bank bistro. Overnight in Paris.
- 8 SUNDAY PARIS COLUMBUS AIRPORT, OHIO, US

 Morning sightseeing in Paris, the Eiffel Tower, the Arc de Triomphe
 and the Louvre to see the Mona Lisa. Overnight flight back to
 Columbus, US.

GRAMMAR SPOT

Here are two ways of talking about future plans.

1 Present Continuous

They're flying to Europe tomorrow/next week.
We're leaving on Sunday/at six o'clock.

2 going to

They're going to have a bus tour of London. We're going to stop in Verona.

►► Grammar Reference 14.1 p129

3	Read the holiday information again carefully. Complete the sentences.		
	1	On Sunday they're flying to	
	2	On Monday they're going to have	
		atour of London.	
	3	On Tuesday they're travelling	
		through and into	
	4	On Wednesday they're going to drive down	
		to the Alps and	
	5	On Thursday they're going to over	
		the Europa Bridge.	
	6	On Friday they're going to in Veron	
		They're to see Juliet's balcony.	
	7	On Saturday evening they're dinner	
		in a bistro in Paris.	
	8	On Sunday morning they're to the	
		Louvre to see the Mona Lisa. In the evening	

Questions

4 T 14.2 Listen and repeat the questions.

they're _____ back to the US.

What are they doing on Sunday?
What are they going to do on Monday?

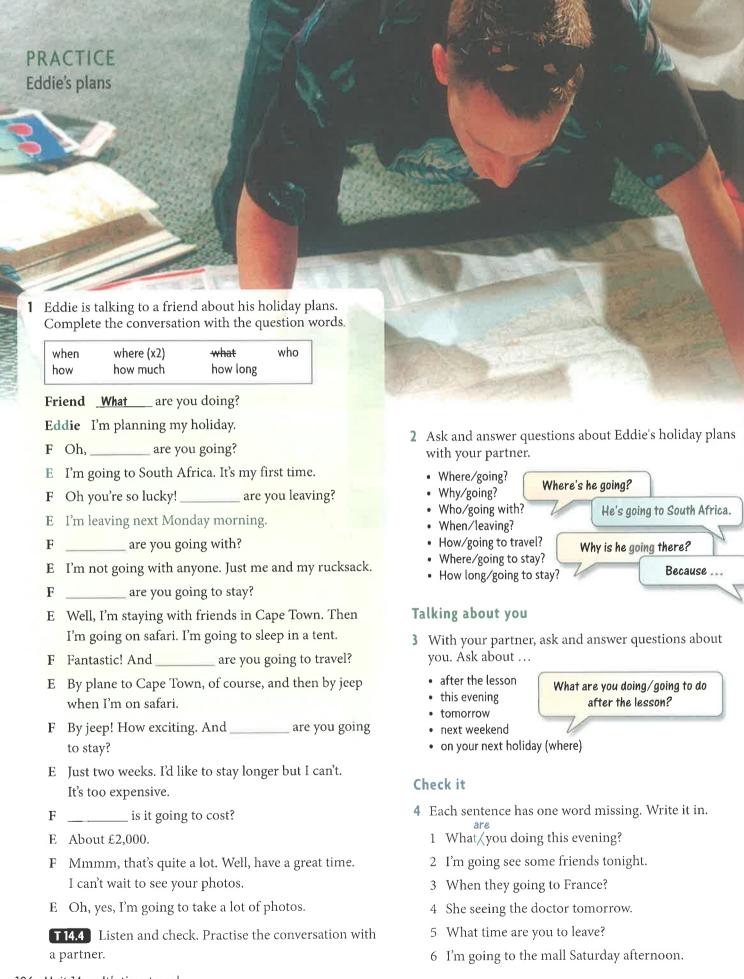


Complete the questions about Bill and Gloria.

114.1 Listen and check. Practise the sentences.

- 1 What/doing/Tuesday?
- 2 What/going to do/Wednesday?
- 3 When/going to drive/the Europa Bridge?
- 4 What/going to do/Verona?
- 5 Where/having dinner/Saturday?
- 6 When/going to the Louvre?
- 7 When/flying back/the US?

T 14.3 Listen and check. Ask and answer the questions with your partner.



VOCABULARY REVISION

Words that go together

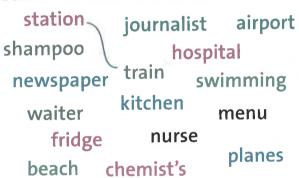
1 Match a verb in **A** with words in **B**.

A	В
travel —	hard
ride \	a photograph
drive	by train
go	dinner with friends
work	a bike
have	sightseeing
take	carefully
do	a suit
pay	your homework
wear	bills on the Internet

Work with a partner. Talk about your plans

I'm going to travel by train next Saturday.

2 Draw a line between words that have a connection.



Explain the connection. Trains travel between stations.

3 Three words belong to a group and one is different. <u>Underline</u> the one that is different. Why is it different?

1	train	bus	<u>bridge</u>	motorbike
2	wife	waiter	aunt	grandfather
3	lovely	fantastic	amazing	awful
4	trainers	trousers	socks	boots
5	desk	armchair	sofa	laptop
6	doctor	journalist	cooker	painter

Pronunciation

4 Write the words in the correct box.

Two syllables

pilot	hotel	women	married	
enjoy	shampoo	chocolate	arrive	

••	••
pilot	hotel

T 14.5 Listen and check.

Three syllables

photograph interesting	designer understand	assistant banana	vegetable souvenir	magazine
interesting	understand	banana	souvenir	

000	•••	
photograph		

T14.6 Listen and check.

5 T 14.7 Listen and <u>underline</u> the two words that rhyme.

1	some	home	come
2	goes	knows	does
3	were	here	her
4	make	steak	speak
5	near	wear	there
6	eat	great	wait

T 14.7 Listen again and check.

READING AND SPEAKING

Life's big events

1 Put these life events into an order.

		went	to	school

_____ ... was born ...

___ ... got married

____ ... grew up ...

___ ... studied at university

... met a husband/wife

2 Look at the pictures of the people.

114.8 Listen to Milena Dušek, Georg Reinhardt, and Archie McCrae talk about their lives. Who talks about ...?

- his/her parents
- his/her husband/wife
- his/her studies
- where he/she lives

What do they say?

3 Work in three groups.

Read about Milena Dušek. Group A

Group B Read about Georg Reinhardt.

Read about Archie McCrae. Group C

Read your text quickly. Find one piece of information about his/her past, present, and future. Compare your ideas in your group.

- **4** Read your text again and answer the questions.
 - 1 Where ... born?
 - 2 Where ... live? Who ... with?
 - 3 Where ... grow up?
 - 4 What ... parents do? What ... wife do?
 - 5 Where ... go to school?
 - 6 What ... studying at school/university?
 - 7 When ... going abroad?
 - 8 What ... going to do there?
 - 9 How does ... feel about going?

Find a student from the other two groups. Compare and swap information.

Past, Present,

Three people talk about their family,







and Future

education, work, and ambitions.

Milena Dušek is Czech. She was born in Prague, where she still lives with her mother, father and two sisters. She's 18, and she goes to an international school. She is studying English, psychology, and economics.

'My father is a journalist, and works for a newspaper called Blesk. My mother works as a chef in a restaurant in the Old Town.

Milena wants to work in banking. She's going to study business when she's older, so it's important that she speaks very good English. Next summer she's going to London for two months to study at a language school. She's going to stay with an English family, and she's going to learn English for five hours a day.

She's excited about going to London, but a little bit worried, too. 'I hope the family are nice, and I hope I like English food!' she says.

Georg Reinhardt is an architect. He's married, and he lives with his wife, Karlotta, and three children, in Berlin. Karlotta is a housewife, and their three children go to a local school.

'I was born in Frankfurt, where I grew up and went to school. I studied architecture at the University of Munich. I met Karlotta at university. She was a student of modern languages. We moved to Berlin in 1995.'

Georg also teaches architecture. Next year he is moving to America, to teach at the University of California in Berkeley for three years. His family is going with him. They're going to live on the university campus, where there is a school for the children. His wife is going to teach German.

They're all very excited about the trip. 'The kids are learning English.

They want to see the Golden Gate Bridge in San Francisco,' says Georg.
'My wife and I are looking forward to living in sunshine all year round.'

Archie McCrae is Scottish. He was born in Glasgow, where he grew up with his parents and his brother and sister. His father is a doctor and his mother works for the research company, Bayer.

'I went to Drumchapel High School. I studied biology, chemistry, and physics. At school I met Fiona, and we got married when we were 22. We studied medicine together at the same university, and now we live in Edinburgh.'

They want to work in developing countries. Next week they're going to Zambia, in southern Africa, for a year, to work in a hospital in the east of the country. They're going to train doctors and nurses in villages near the hospital.

How do they feel about their trip? 'We're very excited, but a bit nervous,' says Archie. 'Zambia is a beautiful country, but very poor. The people are wonderful. I hope we can help them.'

Talking about you

5 When we meet someone for the first time, we sometimes say a little bit about ourselves.

I was born in ... I go to school in ...

Find the expressions in the box in the texts about Milena, Georg, and Archie. <u>Underline</u> them.

was born grew up going to hope studying/studied

live with work as/for excited about

- **6** Use the expressions in exercise 5 to write sentences about you.
- **7** Work with a partner. Imagine you are meeting for the first time.

Tell him/her about yourself.

Ask questions to learn more about him/her.



GRAMMAR REVISION

Tenses

- 1 Complete the sentences about Archie McCrae from p109 with the verbs in the correct tense.
 - 1 Archie and Fiona live (live) in Edinburgh.
 - 2 Archie _____ (have) a brother and a sister.
 - 3 His mother _____ (work) for a research company, Bayer.
 - 4 Archie _____ (grow up) in Glasgow.
 - 5 He ______ (study) medicine at university.
 - 6 He and Fiona _____ (go) to work in Zambia soon.

Questions

2 Complete the questions about Archie.

1	Where do Archie and Fiona live?	
	They live in Edinburgh.	
2	How many	
	Two, one brother and one sister.	
3	Who	for?
	A research company called 'Bayer'.	
4	Where did	?
	In Glasgow.	
5	What	?
	Medicine.	
6	Where are	3

Check it

3 Underline and correct the mistakes.

Zambia.

- 1 He come from Qatar.
- 2 I no want to go out.
- 3 She has 18 years old.
- 4 Where you live?
- 5 I went in Algeria last year.
- 6 He have a cat.
- 7 I no can understand you.
- 8 What did you last night?
- 9 I going see a film tonight.

Sentence completion

4 Write the correct answer.

1	I have	some homework to do this evening.
	a any	-b- some

- 2 In our town _____ a big park.
 - a there's b it's
- 3 Who is ____ man talking to John?
 - **b** that a this
- 4 I don't have _____ money. Sorry.
 - a any **b** some
- 5 Dave, _____ is my brother, Pete.
 - Pete, is Dave.
 - **b** that a this
- 6 My brother Pete is _____ engineer.
- 7 My _____ name is Alice.
 - a mothers
- **b** mother's
- 8 You speak _____
 - a English very well **b** very well English
- 9 I have a _____.

a I'd like

- a car German
- **b** German car
- 10 I'm hungry. _____ a sandwich.
 - **b** I like



- 10 What you do this weekend?



EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Social expressions (2)

1 T14.9 Listen and look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the words in the boxes.



		best	later	luck	
1	A	Good_	i	n the exam!	
		I hope it	goes well	l.	
	В	Thanks.	I'll do my	у	

A See you _____. Bye!



		matter	30	Wolly	
2	С	Oh, no!			
	D	Don't doesn't		. It _·	
	C	I'm	so	rrv!	



		weekend	Same	special	
3	E	Have a go	ood	<u> </u>	
	F		you doing		
	E	We're goi	ng to a we	edding.	



soon phone

4 G Goodbye! Drive carefully!

H Thanks! I'll ______ you when I arrive.

G See you again _____!



kind present to say

5 I I have a _____ for you.

J For me? Why?

I It's just _____ thank you.

J That's so _____ of you!



pleasure everything Bye

6 K _____! And thanks
for ____!

L It was a _____. We enjoyed having you.

T 14.9 Listen again and check.

2 Work in pairs. Learn the conversations. Stand up! Act the conversations to the class.

Tapescripts



UNIT 1

T 1.1 T 1.2 see p6

T 1.3 T 1.4 T 1.5 see p7

T 1.6 see p8

- 1 A Hello. My name's Anna. What's your
 - B My name's Marie.
- 2 A Max, this is Carla.
 - B Hi, Carla.
 - C Hello, Max. Nice to meet you.
- A Hi, Eda. How are you?
 - B Fine, thanks, David. And you?
 - A Very well, thanks.

Everyday English

- A Good morning!
 - B Good morning! What a lovely day!
- A Good afternoon!
 - B Hello. A cup of tea, please.
- A Goodbye!
 - B Bye! See you later!
- A Good night!
 - B Good night! Sleep well!

T 1.9

- 1 A Good morning! How are you today?
 - B Fine, thanks.
- 2 A Good afternoon!
- B Good afternoon! A cup of coffee, please.
- 3 A Goodbye! Have a nice day!
 - B Thank you. And you. See you later.
- A Good night! Sleep well.
 - B Thank you. And you.

Vocabulary

- 1 a book
- 7 a burger
- 2 a computer
- 8 a sandwich 9 a camera
- 3 a television 4 a phone
- 10 a photograph
- 5 a bus
- 11 a bag
- 6 a car
- 12 a house

see p10

1112 see p11

Plurals

- a five books
- b three cars
- c eight houses
- d seven cameras
- e nine photographs
- f two sandwiches
- g four computers
- **h** six buses
- i ten students

see p11

UNIT 2

T 2.1 T 2.2 T 2.3 see p12

T 2.4 Where's he from? 1 His name's Kevin. He's from the United

- His name's László. He's from Hungary.
- Her name's Karima. She's from Egypt.
- Her name's Tatiana. She's from Russia.
- Her name's Rosely. She's from Brazil.
- His name's Simon. He's from England.
- His name's Yong. He's from China.
- 8 Her name's Hayley. She's from Australia.

T 2.5 see p13

T 2.6 Cities and countries

Where's Barcelona? Where's Beijing? Where's Moscow?

It's in Spain. It's in China. It's in Russia.

Where's Cairo? Where's Los Angeles? It's in Egypt. It's in the United States.

Where's São Paulo? Where's Sydney? Where's Damascus?

It's in Brazil. It's in Australia. It's in Syria.

Where's Budapest? Where's London?

It's in Hungary. It's in England.

T 2.7 Questions and answers

R = Rosely, B = Bruno

- R Hello, I'm Rosely. What's your name?
- My name's Bruno.
- R Hello, Bruno. Where are you from?
- **B** I'm from Brazil. Where are you from?
- R Oh, I'm from Brazil, too. I'm from São Paulo.
- Really? I'm from São Paulo, too!
- R Oh, nice to meet you, Bruno.

T 2.8

- 1 C Hello. I'm Claudia. I'm from Italy.
 - A Hello, Claudia. I'm Akemi from Japan.
- 2 C Hello. My name's Charles. What's your name?
 - Hi, Charles. I'm Bud. I'm from the United States. Where are you from?
 - C I'm from London, in England.
 - B Oh, right! I'm from Chicago.
- 3 L Hi! I'm Loretta. I'm from Sydney, Australia.
 - Hi, Loretta. I'm Jane. I'm from Australia,
 - L Oh, wow! Are you from Sydney?
 - J No, I'm from Melbourne.

T 2.9 Questions and answers

- Where are you from? I'm from Japan.
- 2 What's her name? Her name's Tatiana.
- 3 What's his name? His name's Fadi.
- 4 Where's he from? He's from Amman.
- 5 What's this in English? It's a computer.

- 6 How are you? Fine, thanks.
- Where's Montreal? It's in Canada.

T 2.10 see p16

1 2.11 Where are they from?

C= Claude, H = Holly

- 1 C Oh, no! Look at the weather!
- H Ugh! It's awful! 2 H Wow! Look at my burger! It's fantastic!
- C My burger is really good, too! 3 C What's this building?
 - H It's the Empire State Building! It's fantastic!
- 4 C Wow! Look at Central Park!
 - H It's beautiful!

T 2.12 see p17

T 2.13 Numbers 21 - 30

twenty-one twenty-two twenty-three twenty-four twenty-five twenty-six twenty-seven twenty-eight twenty-nine

1 12 2 16 3 9 4 17 5 23

- 1 This is little Becky. She's two.
- 2 Her name's Naomi. She's seven.
- He's Nathan. He's fifteen tomorrow.
- How old is she? She's 26.
- This is Jeremy. He's 29, nearly 30.

UNIT 3

T 3.1 Jobs

- 1 a teacher
- 2 a doctor
 - 7 a nurse
- 3 a bus driver
- 8 a student 9 a businessman

6 a shop assistant

4 a police officer 5 a builder

T 3.2 T 3.3 see p18

T34 Kiran Patel

- 1 What's his surname?
- Patel. 2 What's his first name? Kiran.
- 3 Where's he from? England.
- What's his address? 29, Victoria Road, Birmingham
- What's his phone number? 07700 955031
- 6 How old is he? He's twenty.
- What's his job? He's a student.
- Is he married? No, he isn't.

T 3.5 see p19

I= Interviewer; D&P = Donny & Paul, (brothers from Ireland)

Hi! Are you the boys from the National University?

P+all Yes, we are.

Great! And are you Donny McNab?

Р No, I'm not. I'm Paul McNab. This is Donny. He's my brother.

Ah, yes, sorry. Hi, Donny. You're a student from Scotland, right?

Well, yes, I am a student but I'm not from Scotland

Oh, where are you from?

P&D We're from here - Ireland.

Are the other boys from Ireland too?

No, they aren't. They're all from different D

Oh! Interesting! And are they all students?

Yes, they are. We're all ...

р Yeah, we're all students at the National University of Ireland, in Galway.

Interesting! Now, this walk is difficult. Twelve mountains or 'Bens' in three days! Are you worried?

D Yes, it's very difficult, but we aren't worried!

OK boys! Nice to meet you. Good luck to vou all!

Thank you very much.

T3.7 Questions and answers

1 Are Paul and Donny brothers? Yes, they are.

Are they from Scotland? No, they aren't.

Are the other boys from Ireland? No, they aren't.

Is it a difficult walk? Yes, it is.

Are the boys worried? No, they aren't worried.

T 3.8

Tarek Elkushli

I = Interviewer, T = Tarek

Good morning.

T Hello.

What's your name, please?

T My name's Tarek Elkushli.

Thank you. And where are you from, Tarek?

Т I'm from Tripoli, in Libya.

Thank you. And your telephone number, please?

092 1844362

I How old are you, Tarek?

T I'm forty-two.

And ... what's your job?

Т I'm a businessman.

And ... are you married?

T No, I'm not.

I Thank you very much.

Grace Chou

I = Interviewer, G = Grace

I Good afternoon.

G Good afternoon.

I What's your name, please?

G Grace, Grace Chou.

And where are you from?

G From New York.

Ah! So you're from the United States.

G Yes, I am.

I What's your phone number?

G 212 638-9475

Thank you. How old are you?

G I'm thirty-three.

What's your job, Miss Chou?

G I'm a shop assistant.

And are you married?

G Yes, I am.

I That's fine. Thank you very much.

The boys are on holiday. They aren't on holiday! They're on a charity walk!

2 They're in Scotland. They aren't in Scotland! They're in Ireland!

Bo is from Australia.

He isn't from Australia! He's from Sweden!

Keith's from Sweden.

He isn't from Sweden! He's from England!

They're on the phone to a friend. They aren't on the phone to a friend! They're on the phone to a journalist!

They're very tired. They aren't tired! They're very happy and excited!

1310 Interview on a mountain

I = Iournalist, R = Ronan (Australian), B = Bo (Swedish), K = Keith (English), D&P = Donny & Paul, (brothers from Ireland)

Hi, guys, where are you?'

Hi, we're on Benbaun. It's beautiful! A 11

And how are you?

D&P We're all fine! It's fantastic here!'

Are you tired?'

D&P No, we aren't. We're very happy and excited.

Now, is this your first walk for charity?

All Yeah. That's right.

And what is the money for?

R It's for children ...

K Yes, it's for a children's charity.

Great! And you're all at the same Ţ university, is that right?

Р Yeah, the National University in Galway.

Now, one by one. Ronan you're from Australia.

R Uh huh.

And how old are you, Ronan?

R I'm 22.

So Bo and Keith, how old are you?

К We're both 19.

В Yeah. That's right.

OK. Now, Donny and Paul. You're brothers.

Yeah, we are.

And you're from Scotland?

No, no. We aren't from Scotland. We're from Ireland.

Ireland. Oh, yes. Sorry. How old are you both?

I'm 20

D And I'm 18.

Others Come on Paul and Donny. It's time to

Thanks very much guys! Good luck with the rest of the walk!

THANK YOU!

T 3.11 Social expressions

1 A I'm sorry.

B That's OK.

2 C A coffee, please.

D That's £1.20

C Thanks very much.

3 E Excuse me! Where's the station?

F It's over there.

E Thanks a lot.

4 G Thank you very much. That's very kind.

H That's OK.

5 I Quelle heure est-il?

J I'm sorry. I don't understand.

6 K Excuse me! Where's the town centre?

L I'm sorry. I don't know.



T 4.1 see p24

1 Is Annie married? Yes, she is.

Where's their house? It's in London.

What's Annie's job? She's a doctor.

Where's her hospital? In the centre of London.

What's Jim's job? He's a bank manager.

Are their children both at school? No. Emma's at school. Vince is at university.

T 4.3 see p25

T 4.4

Annie is Jim's wife.

Jim is Annie's husband.

Emma is Annie and Jim's daughter.

Vince is their son.

5 Annie is Vince's mother. Jim is Emma's father.

Emma is Vince's sister.

Vince is Emma's brother. Annie and Jim are Emma and Vince's

Emma and Vince are Jim and Annie's children.

T 4.5 The Taylor family

1 Come on, Emma! Time for school!

2 Mum! Where are my school books? Bye, everybody! I'm off to work! Have a good day!

Bye, Dad! See you this evening.

5 Good morning, Mrs Clark. How are you today?

1 4.6 Michela Sacchi from Chicago

Hi! My name's Michela Sacchi, and I'm from the United States. This is my family. Our house is in Chicago. This is my brother. His name is Massimo, and he's 19. He's a student in college. This is my mother. Her name's Maria. She's 47, and she's an Italian teacher. And this is my father Giovanni. He's 52, and he's a businessman.

T 4.7

- 1 What's your name? My name's Annie.
- 2 What are your names?
 Our names are Emma and Vince.
- 3 Jean-Paul and André are students. Their school is in Paris.
- 4 My sister's married. What's her husband's name?
- 5 My brother's office is in New York. What's his job?
- 6 We're in our English class.
- 7 Mum and Dad are in Rome. What's the name of their hotel?

T 4.8 see p27

T 4.9 Paddy's life

- 1 I have a small hotel in the city of Galway.
- 2 My wife has a job in town.
- 3 We have three sons.
- 4 We have an apartment in the hotel.
- 5 My sister has a big house in London.

T 4.10 Questions and answers

- 1 How's your daughter? She's very well, thank you.
- 2 What's your sister's job? She's a nurse.
- 3 How old are your children? They're ten and thirteen.
- 4 Who is Pedro? He's a student from Madrid.
- 5 Where's your office? It's in the centre of town.
- **6** What's your surname? Smith.

T4.11 Who is it?

- 1 Look at these shoes, Alison! They're fantastic!
- 2 My flat mate is from the north of England.
- 3 London's great! And my flat mate Valerie's great, too!
- 4 Our sister's at university. Yeah, she's at university in London.
- 5 I like my sister's flat mate, she's funny.
- 6 Our children's school is near our house.
- 7 My bank is in the centre of Manchester.
- 8 Come on, United! Come on! Yes! A goal! 4 – 1 to Man United!

T 4.12 T 4.13 see p30

T 4.14 How do you spell...?

What's your name?
 Annie Taylor.
 How do you spell your first name?
 A-N-N-I-E
 How do you spell your surname?
 T-A-Y-L-O-R

- 2 What's your name?
 Quentin Wrexham.
 How do you spell your first name?
 Q-U-E-N-T-I-N.
 How do you spell your surname?
 W-R-E-X-H-A-M.
- 3 What's your name?
 Takako Matsuda.
 How do you spell your first name?
 T-A-K-A-K-O.
 How do you spell your surname?
 M-A-T-S-U-D-A.

T 4.15 see p30

T 4.16 see p31

T 4.17 Email addresses

- 1 A Your email address is?
 - P pambowler@btinternet.com
 - **A** B-A ...
 - P No, Pam. P-A-M.
 - A Ah, OK. Pam.
 - P Bowler. B-O-W-L-E-R.
 - A Pam ... Bowler ... @
 - P @btinternet.com
 - A @btinternet.com
 - P That's it.
- 2 B Can you tell me your email address?
 - H Yes. harrylime@hotmail.co.uk
 - B harrylime ... All one word ...
 - H @hotmail ...
 - B @hotmail ...
 - H .co.uk
 - B .co.uk. Great. Thanks.
- 3 C What's your email address?
 - P paulmartin@wanadoo.fr
 - C paul ...
 - P martin. M-A-R-T-I-N.
 - C paulmartin ...
 - P @wanadoo ...
 - C wanadoo ...
 - P .fr
 - C .fr. Got it.

UNIT 5

T 5.1

Sports

tennis football swimming skiing

Food

Indian food Chinese food pizza burger oranges ice-cream

Drinks

tea coffee cola orange juice milk

T 5.2 see p32

T 5.3 see p32

T 5.4 Harvey

What do I like? Well, I like sports a lot, but not all sports. I like football – American football, of course – and I like skiing! But I don't like tennis and -erm I don't like swimming very much. And food and drink? What do I like? Well, I like burgers, and pizza. I like Indian food a lot. But not Chinese food, I don't like Chinese food, and I don't like tea. Tea is for the English. I'm American so I like coffee sometimes, and cola, of course. I love cola.

T 5.5 see p33

T 5.6 Harvey and Eva

I= Interviewer, H = Harvey, E = Eva

- I Harvey and Eva. You're twins. Do you like the same things?
- H Well, we really, really like pizza!
- E Oh, yes! It's delicious! We have pizza a lot at home and in restaurants.
- I So, do you like the same food?
- E Well, we both like ice-cream.
- H Mmm, it's fantastic!
- E But we really don't like tea! Do we, Harvey?
- H No, we don't. Ugh! It's awful!
- I And do you both like sports?
- H Yes, we do. We like skiing.
- E Yeah! We like skiing a lot. It's really exciting!
- H And I love football! It's great.
- E No, it isn't. It's awful!

T 5.7 see p34

T 5.8

I = Interviewer, C = Colin

- 1 I Hello, Colin, nice to meet you. Where do you come from?
 - C I come from Scotland, from Dundee.
- 2 I Do you live in Dundee?
 - C No, I don't. I live and work in London.
- 3 I Do you live with friends?
 - C Yes, I do. I live with two friends.
- 4 I Where do you work?
 - C I work in an Italian restaurant.
- 5 I Do you like Italian food?
 - C Yes, I do. I like it a lot.
- 6 I Do you drink Italian coffee?
 - C Yes, I do. I drink coffee but I don't drink tea. I don't like it.
- 7 I Do you like your job?
 - C No, I don't. I want to be an engineer.
- 8 I Do you speak Italian?
 - C No, I don't. I speak Spanish and French, but I don't speak Italian.

T 5.9

Conversations with Colin

- 1 Colin Goodbye guys. Time for work.
 - A Bye. Colin. See you later.
 - Colin Yeah. Very late tonight.
 - A Oh yes. It's Friday.

 Colin Yes, I work late on Fridays. Bye.
- 2 Colin Good evening. Do you want to order?
- B Ah yes. We both want pizzas.
- C Yes, two Pizza Margheritas please.
- Colin Fine. And do you want a drink?
- B Oh yes, we do. Do you have a list?
- Colin Yes, of course. Here it is.

3 Mum Hello?

Colin Hi, Mum!

Mum Oh hello Colin. Donald, It's your big brother! ... Colin, how are you?

Colin I'm fine Mum, really fine.

Mum Do you like your flat?

Colin Yes, I do but it's a bit small for three people.

Mum Ah, yes. It is small. But do you like your work?

Colin No, I don't. Not really. But I like the food.

Mum Oh, yes. Italian food is good.

Colin Yeah but I like your food the best, Mum! It's delicious!

Mum Ooh, thank you Colin. Now, do you want to speak to your brother?

Colin Yes, of course. Hi Donald. It's your brother ...

T 5.10 Languages and nationalities

England English German Germany Italian Italy Mexican Mexico Syrian Syria Japan Japanese Portuguese Portugal Chinese China French France the United States American Saudi Arabian Saudi Arabia

T 5.11 What language do they speak?

1 In Portugal they speak Portuguese.

2 In Canada they speak English and French.

3 In France they speak French.

4 In Germany they speak German.

5 In Italy they speak Italian.

6 In Japan they speak Japanese.

7 In Mexico they speak Spanish.

8 In Libya they speak Arabic.

9 In Turkey they speak Turkish.

10 In Russia they speak Russian.

15.12 What's this? Where's it from?

1 It's a German car.

2 It's Moroccan tea.

3 They're Spanish oranges.

4 It's a Japanese camera.

5 It's Mexican food.

6 It's an English dictionary.

7 It's an Italian bag.

8 It's Brazilian coffee.

9 It's French water.

T 5.13 At a dinner party

F = Flavia, T = Teresa

F Hello. I'm Flavia. Flavia Rossi. What's your name?

T Hi Flavia. I'm Teresa. Teresa Adams.

F Do you work here in London, Teresa?

T Well, I work in London but I don't live in London. I live in Brighton.

F And what's your job?

T I'm a doctor. What's your job, Flavia? Do you work in London?

F Yes, I do. I work in a hotel. A big hotel near here.

T Flavia, you aren't English, but you speak English very well. Where do you come from?

F I come from Italy, from Napoli. Or Naples I think you say.

T Ah, Italy. I love Italy.

F Do you know Naples?

T No, I don't. I don't know Naples, but I know Rome. I like Rome very much. It's very beautiful.

F Naples is beautiful too. Do you speak Italian, Teresa?

T No, I don't. I speak French but I don't speak Italian.

F It's nice to meet you, Teresa.

T You too.

T 5.14 T 5.15 T 5.16 see p39

T 5.17 How much is it?

1 The cheese sandwich is £2.90.

2 The football is £14.

3 The iPhone is £90.95.

4 The coffee is £3.50.

5 The dictionary is £7.50.

6 The pair of jeans is £50.

7 The chocolate is 60p.

8 The bag is £44.99.



UNIT 6

T 6.1 The time

1 It's nine o'clock.

2 It's nine thirty.

3 It's nine forty-five.

4 It's ten o'clock.

5 It's ten fifteen.

6 It's two o'clock.

7 It's two thirty.

8 It's two forty-five.

9 It's three o'clock.

10 It's three fifteen.

T 6.2 see p40

T 6.3 Kim's day

Kim Well, on schooldays I get up at seven forty-five. I have breakfast at eight and I go to school at eight thirty. I have lunch in school with my friends, that's at twelve fifteen – it's early in our school. I leave school at three thirty in the afternoon and I walk home with my friends. I get home at four thirty, have tea, and watch television. I go to bed at eleven o'clock on schooldays, but later at the weekend, of course!

T 6.4 see p41

T 6.5 Elliot's day

He gets up at six o'clock and has a shower. He has breakfast at six forty-five. He leaves home at seven fifteen, and he goes to work by taxi. He has lunch, a cola and a sandwich, in his office at one o'clock. He always works late. He leaves work at eight o'clock in the evening. He sometimes buys a pizza and eats it at home. He gets home at nine fifteen. He never goes out in the evening. He works at his computer until eleven thirty. He always goes to bed at eleven forty-five. He watches television in bed.

T 6.6

gets up has leaves works buys goes watches

T 6.7

He always works late.
He sometimes buys a pizza.
He never goes out in the evening.
He always goes to bed at eleven forty-five.

T 6.8 see p42

T 6.9 Questions and negatives

1 What time does he get up? He gets up at six.

2 When does he go to bed? He goes to bed at eleven forty-five.

3 Does he go to work by taxi? Yes, he does.

4 Does he have lunch in a restaurant? No, he doesn't.

5 Does he go out in the evening? No, he doesn't.

T 6.10

1 When does he leave home? He leaves home at 7.15.

2 Does he go to work by bus? No, he goes to work by taxi.

3 Where does he have lunch? He has lunch in his office.

4 Does he usually work late? Yes, he does, every day.

Does he eat in a restaurant?

No, he doesn't. He eats at home.

6 What does he do in the evening? He works. He never goes out.

T 6.11 Lois' Day

Lois Maddox

The seaside artist fills her day with work, walks, and friends.

Lois Maddox is twenty-five and she's an artist. She lives in a small house by the sea in Cape Cod, Massachusets. She always gets up late, at ten o'clock in the morning. She has a big breakfast, coffee, eggs and toast – and then she goes to the beach. When she gets home, she works in her studio until seven o'clock in the evening. She never eats lunch but she always cooks a big dinner and she often invites friends. After dinner, she usually listens to the radio or plays chess. Sometimes she phones her brother, Elliot, in New York. She goes to bed very late, at one or two o'clock in the morning.

T 612 On the phone

L= Lois, E = Elliot

- L Hi Elliot, how are you?
- E I'm fine, thanks. Busy as usual.
- L Oh, you're always busy. You and your computers!
- E I know, but I love my work.
- L I love my work too, but I relax sometimes.
- E Huh! I don't know about that. You paint
- L Yes, but I stop in the evening. You never stop!
- E That's not true. Hey Lois, how's Aunt
- L Aunt Nancy? She's OK. You know, Elliot, Aunt Nancy often asks about you.
- E Really? I like Aunt Nancy.
- Well, come and visit me soon. I want to cook for you and Aunt Nancy.
- E Good idea! What about next weekend? Next Sunday?
- Yes, great! I often invite Aunt Nancy at the weekend
- E Great. See you on Sunday. Have a good

T 6.13 Negatives and pronunciation

- 1 She lives in a flat. She doesn't live in a flat! She lives in a house
- 2 He gets up at ten o'clock. He doesn't get up at ten o'clock! He gets up at six o'clock!
- 3 She's a businesswoman. She isn't a businesswoman! She's an artist!
- 4 He goes to work by bus. He doesn't go to work by bus! He goes to work by taxi!
- She watches television in the evening. She doesn't watch television in the evening! She listens to the radio or plays chess!

16.14 Words that go together

get up early go to bed late listen to the radio watch TV cook dinner work in an office

go shopping drink coffee eat in restaurants have a shower play chess stay at home

T 6.15 Lifestyle questionnaire

- 1 Do you get up early?
- 2 Do you have a big breakfast?
- 3 Do you walk to school or work?
- 4 Do you go to school or work by bus?
- 5 Do you watch TV in the evening?
- 6 Do you go shopping at the weekend?
- Do you eat in restaurants?
- 8 Do you drink coffee?
- 9 Do you go to bed late?

T 616 Days of the week

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday

Sunday



T 7.1 see p49

T 7.2

- Where do you live? I live in France, in Paris.
- 2 Who are you married to? Julien Caribe. He's French.
- What does your husband do? He's a pianist.
- 4 When are you in Sydney again? Next October.
- Who are the children in the photos? Our daughters Sophie and Sacha, and our son Pierre Louis.
- 6 How old are they? They're six, four, and ten months old.
- Why do your children have French names?
 - Because their father is French.
- 8 How many concerts do you do every year? About six.
- Why do you work so hard? Because I love my work.
- 10 What do you do in your free time? I go out with my family.

T 7.3

Gina is a violinist. Paris is her favourite city. She loves it there. Next October she's in Sydney for a concert. She is married to a Frenchman. They have a baby son. Saturday is their favourite day.

T 7.4 This and that

- 1 A This is my favourite family photo.
 - B Ah, yes. You all look very happy!
- 2 C Who's that?
 - D The guy in the hat? That's the boss!
- 3 E What's that?
 - It's my new MP3 player.
 - E Wow! It's great!
- 4 G How much is this?
 - H £9.50.
 - G I'll have it, please.
- 5 I How much is that?
 - It's £500.
 - I I love it. It's fantastic!
- 6 K Is this your phone?
 - L Yes, it is. Thanks.
- 7 M I like that coat.

 - N The blue one?
 - M No, the red one!
- 8 O I like this cheese.
 - P Where's it from?
 - O France. It's delicious.
- 9 Q This is for you.
 - P A present? For me? Why?
 - Q Because you're my wife!

T 7.5 I like them!

- Do you like ice-cream? Yes, I love it.
- 2 Do you like cats? No, I hate them.
- 3 Do you like me? Of course I like you!
- 4 Does Mrs Johnson teach you French? No, she teaches us English.
- Do you like your teacher? We like her very much.

T 7.6 Questions and answers

- 1 How do you come to school? By bus.
- What do you have for breakfast? Toast and coffee.
- Who's your favourite sportsperson? I don't have a favourite. I like a lot.
- Where does your father work? In an office in the centre of town.
- Why do you want to learn English? Because it's an international language.
- How much money do you have on you? Not a lot. About £2.
- What time do lessons start at your school? They start at nine o'clock.
- 8 How many languages does your teacher speak? Three

Adjectives

- 1 A It's so hot today, isn't it?
 - B I know. It's 35 degrees!
- 2 C Hey! I like your new shoes!
 - D Thank you! They're really nice, aren't they?
 - C They're fantastic!
- 3 E I live in a very small flat.
 - F How many bedrooms do you have?
 - E Only one!
- 4 G How much is that coat?
 - H £150.
 - G Wow! That's too expensive for me.
- Your name's Peter, isn't it?
 - Yes, that's right.
 - I Nice to meet you, Peter.

T 7.8 see p53

- 1 Can I have a return ticket to Oxford, please.
- 2 I like this jumper. Can I try it on?
- 3 I want to post these letters to the Czech Republic, please.
- 4 Can I have a coffee, please?
- 5 Some aspirin, please.

I= Iveta

- 1 In a railway station
 - I Can I have a return ticket to Oxford. please?
 - A Sure.
 - I How much is that?
- A Twenty-two pounds fifty, please.
- I Can I pay by credit card?
- A No problem. Put your card in the machine. And enter your PIN number, please.

2 In a clothes shop

- I Hello. Can I try on this jumper, please?
- B Of course. The changing rooms are over there.

3 In a post office

- I Can I post these letters to the Czech Republic, please?
- C Sure. Put them on the scales. That's £1.68.
- I Thank you. How much is a stamp for a postcard to the United States?
- C Sixty-two p.
- I Can I have three, please?

4 In a café

- D Yes, please!
- I Can I have a coffee, please? With milk.
- D Large or small?
- I Small please. To take away.
- D Sure. Anything to eat?
- I No, thanks. Just a coffee.
- D Thanks a lot.

5 In a chemist's

- E Next, please!
- I Hello. Can I have some aspirin, please?
- E Twelve or twenty-four?
- I Pardon?
- E Do you want a packet of twelve aspirin or twenty-four?
- I Oh, twelve's fine, thanks.



a fridge

UNIT 8

Rooms of a house

bathroom bedroom kitchen dining room living room

T 8.2 Things in a house

a bed an armchair
a cooker a lamp
a sofa a picture
a TV a magazine
a shower a DVD player
a toilet a laptop
a table a desk

Robert's living room

My living room isn't very big, but I think it's great. There's an old sofa, and there are two armchairs. There's a table with a TV and a DVD player on it.

There's also a PlayStation*. I love all the games. There are some books, and there are a lot of pictures and posters on the walls. There are two lamps. My room's not very tidy but it's really comfortable.

T 8.4 see p57

18.5 Robert and his mum

R= Robert, M = Mum

- R Hi, Mum.
- M Robert. How are you? How's the new flat?
- R It's great, Mum. I love it. It's really comfortable.
- M And tidy?
- R Er-well ...
- M So, tell me about it. Is there a nice sofa?

- R Well, there's an old sofa but it's OK.
- M Mmm. And are there any chairs?
- R Yes, of course, there are chairs. There are two big armchairs.
- M Good. And a TV. Is there a TV?
- R Oh, yes, there is. The TV's really big. And I have a DVD player and a PlayStation* and ...
- M A PlayStation*? Why?
- R Mum, I love playing games!
- M OK, OK. So is there a desk?
- R There isn't a desk in the living room but there's one in the bedroom.
- M Good. Now, are there any pictures on the walls? Any photographs of your family?
- R Well, in the living room there are my posters of New York and Sydney but there aren't any photographs, they're all in my bedroom.
- M OK. Now your father and I want to see this flat. Can we visit next...?
- R Visit? You want to visit?
- M Yes. We're free next weekend. Can we come?
- R Er- next weekend -er sorry Mum, -er I think -er ...

T 8.6 Robert's bedroom

- 1 His laptop is on the desk.
- 2 The CD player is next to the laptop.
- 3 There are three books on the floor next to his bed.
- 4 His car keys are in the drawer.
- 5 There's a football on the floor under the desk.
- 6 His trainers are next to his bag under his bed.

T 8.7 Questions and answers

- 1 Do you live in a house or a flat?
- 2 How many bedrooms are there?
- 3 Is there a phone in the kitchen?
- 4 Is there a television in the living room?
- 5 Is there a DVD player under the television?
- 6 Are there a lot of books in your bedroom?
- 7 Are there any pictures on the wall?

T 8.8 Which room is it?

There's a cat on the sofa, and there's a phone on a small table next to the sofa. There's a CD player with some CDs under it. Not a lot of CDs. There isn't a TV, and there aren't any pictures or photographs on the walls. There's one lamp. It's next to the table with the phone. There are two tables and two armchairs. There are some books under one of the tables.

T 8.9 Vancouver – the best city in the world

Vancouver is called the 'best city in the world'. Why? Is it the spectacular mountains? The beautiful beaches? The excellent shops and restaurants? It's all of this and more!

Where is it

Vancouver is in south-west Canada, next to the Pacific Ocean, 24 miles from the US border.

When to go

It is always a good time to visit Vancouver. The weather is never too cold or too hot. It is warm and sunny in summer but it rains a lot in autumn and winter.

What to do

In spring, go skiing in the mountains in the morning and relax on the beach in the afternoon. In summer, go swimming, sailing or fishing or go walking in North America's biggest park, Stanley Park. There are excellent shops in Yaletown, and there is also theatre of every sort. Vancouver is the 'City of Festivals'.

Where to eat

Vancouver is a cosmopolitan city, so there are French, Italian, Japanese, Indian, Thai, and Chinese restaurants. Vancouver's Chinatown is the second biggest in North America, after San Francisco. There is also a lot of delicious, fresh seafood.

Where to stay

In the busy city centre there are some excellent, expensive hotels. The beautiful Fairmont Hotel is \$400 a night, but next to the sea there are a lot of cheap, comfortable hotels from \$59 a night.

How to travel

You don't need a car in Vancouver. There are slow, old trolley buses and there is the fast, modern Sky Train. Take the ferry – it is a great way to see the city.

T 8.10 My home town

Hi! My name's Steve and I live in Vancouver. I work at an international bank in the centre of the city but I live in English Bay near the beach. I have a small apartment there. Vancouver's a great city. It's really cosmopolitan. People from all over the world live here. Every Friday after work my wife and I go to Chinatown and have delicious Chinese food – it's my favourite.

I like the weather because it's never too hot or too cold, but it rains a lot and I don't like that.

I work hard and I play hard! I love sport and Vancouver's good for so many sports. In winter I go skiing every weekend, I like snowboarding too. In summer I go swimming and I play golf. I often go cycling with my wife. Sometimes we cycle along the Vancouver Seawall to the park – Stanley Park. The mountains look fantastic from there.

Why doesn't everyone want to live in Vancouver? It's the best place to live in the world!

T8.11 Who is it?

Conversation 1

Steve Morning. Monday again!

A Yeah. I hate Mondays and it's another busy day.

Steve I know. I have three meetings this morning.

Conversation 2

Steve Hi, can I meet you after work?

B Yeah, that's great.

Steve Six o'clock OK? We can go to that restaurant next to the Chinese supermarket.

B Fine. I want to go there again. The food's delicious.

Conversation 3

Steve Oh no! Rain again! C It's not so bad.

Steve Yes it is. The sky's really black.C You're right. No golf today, then!

Conversation 4

Steve It's a lovely afternoon. Do you want to go out?

D Yeah, where do you want to go? Steve What about Stanley Park?

D Great, I love that Park! The mountains look fantastic from there.

Steve Come on then! Let's get the bikes.

T 8.12 Directions

- 1 Go up North Road. Turn left at the bank into Charles Street. It's on the right next to the theatre.
- 2 Go up North Road. Turn right at the school into Hillside Road, and it's on the left next to the chemist's.
- 3 Go up North Road. Turn right at the castle into Station Road. Go straight down, and it's on the right next to the car park.
- 4 Go straight on up North Road for five minutes, and it's in Albert Square. It's a big building on the right.
- 5 Go straight on up North Road. At the post office turn left into Park Lane. It's on the right, past the Chinese restaurant.



UNIT 9

T 9.1 Years

- 1 nineteen ninety-six
- 2 nineteen sixteen
- 3 two thousand and two
- 4 seventeen ninety-nine
- 5 eighteen forty
- 6 two thousand and five

T 9.2 see p64

T 9.3

Jane Austen

Jane Austen, the English writer, was born in 1775, in Hampshire, in the south of England.

Luciano Pavarotti

Luciano Pavarotti, the Italian opera singer, was born in 1935, in Modena, in the north of Italy.

T 9.4 see p64

T 9.5 see p65

T 9.6 Magalie Dromard

My name's Magalie. It's a French name, but I'm not French. I'm English. I was born in 1994. I have two brothers and a sister. My eldest brother's a doctor. His name's Tristan, and he was born in 1985. My sister is also older than me. Her name's Cecilia and she's a teacher, and she was born in 1988. And my little brother is Matt, and he was born in 1996. He's still a student. My father is French. His name's André, he's from Marseille, and he was born in, I think ... 1958. My mother is English, her name's Ella, she's from Manchester, and she was born in, er ... 1961. My grandmother, who

is my mother's mother, is called Edith. Isn't that a lovely name? She was born in Bristol in ... I'm not sure, but I think about 1935.

T 9.7 When were they born?

- 1 Shakespeare was born in 1564 in Stratford-upon-Avon, England.
- 2 Mozart was born in Salzburg, Austria, in 1756.
- 3 Diana Spencer was born in Sandringham, England, in 1961.
- 4 Umm Kalthoum was born in 1898 in Mansoura, in Egypt.
- 5 Bruce Lee was born in 1940 in San Francisco, in the US.
- **6** Benazir Bhutto was born in Karachi, Pakistan, in 1953.
- 7 Vincent Van Gogh was born in 1853 in Zundert, Holland.
- 8 Ayrton Senna was born in 1960 in São Paulo, Brazil.

T 9.8 see p66

T 9.9 see p67

T 9.10

- 1 A Ayrton Senna was an actor.
 - B No, he wasn't! He was a racing driver!
- 2 A Jane Austen was a princess.
 - B No, she wasn't! She was a writer!
- 3 A Shakespeare and Jane Austen were artists
 - B No, they weren't! They were writers!
- 4 A Mozart was a scientist.
 - B No, he wasn't! He was a musician!
- 5 A Luciano Pavarotti and Umm Kalthoum were politicians.
 - B No, they weren't! They were singers!
- 6 A Benazir Bhutto was a writer.

went

B No, she wasn't! She was a politician!

T 9.11

go

come came have had was be make made see saw buy bought said sav find found

1 912 Who is Jackson Pollock?

Teri Horton, a 60-year-old lady from Los Angeles, went shopping in San Bernardino, a town in California, USA. She was in a charity shop when she saw a colourful, modern painting. She bought it for \$5.

An art teacher saw the painting and said it was by the American artist, Jackson Pollock. 'Who is Jackson Pollock?' said Teri. She had no idea that he was a very famous modern painter. Many art experts came to her house to see the painting. Some said that it wasn't a 'Pollock', but one expert, Peter Paul Biró, found Pollock's fingerprint on the back. Biró said, 'This is a real Pollock painting'.

A rich man was happy to pay \$9 million for it, but Teri said: 'No! I want \$50 million.'

In 2007, a Canadian TV company made a film about Teri and the painting. It is now for sale in an art gallery in Toronto. Price: \$50 million!

T 9.13

- 1 Yesterday I met my mother at one o'clock and we had lunch in a restaurant.
- 2 I hate doing housework but last Sunday I did a lot because my house was a mess.
- 3 Yesterday was a lovely day so I went for a walk in the park.
- 4 Usually I walk but yesterday I went to work by bus.
- 5 On Saturday night I went to a great restaurant. I had a really nice meal.
- 6 I did a lot of exercise yesterday. I went to the gym.
- 7 The film wasn't very good so we went home early.

1 914 Months of the year

January February March April May June July August September October November December

T 9.15 T 9.16 see p71

T 9.17

the first of January the third of March the seventh of April the twentieth of May the second of June the twelfth of August the fifteenth of November the thirty-first of December



UNIT 10

T 10.1 Angie's weekend

Yesterday was Sunday, so I got up late, about 11.30. I had a big breakfast, orange juice, toast, eggs, and coffee. Then I went shopping, just to the supermarket, and I bought some tea, some milk, and the Sunday papers. Then I just stayed at home for the rest of the day. In the morning I cleaned my flat and in the afternoon I did some work on my computer for a bit, then in the evening I watched a film on TV. I went to bed early, about 11.00. I was tired. I had a late night on Saturday.

110.2 Regular verbs

/t/ cooked watched

/d/ played listened

/ıd/ started wanted

T 10.3

- A = Angie, R = Rose
- A Hi, Rose. Did you have a good weekend?
- R Yes, I did, thanks.
- A What did you do yesterday?
- R Well, I got up early and I played tennis with some friends.
- A You got up early on Sunday!
- R Well, yes, it was such a lovely day.
- A Where did you play tennis?
- R In the park. We had lunch in the café there.
- A Oh, great! Did you go out in the evening?
- R No, I didn't. I cooked a meal for my sister.
- A Mmm! What did you have?
- R Roast beef. It was delicious! What about you Angie? Did you have a good weekend?

T 10.4 p73

T 10.5 Angie's weekend

- A = Angie, R = Rose
- R What about you Angie? Did you have a good weekend?
- A Oh yes, I did, very good.
- R What did you do on Saturday?
- A Well, on Saturday morning I went shopping. Then on Saturday evening I went to a dinner party. It was great!
- **R** Who did you see at the dinner party?
- A Oh, one or two old friends.
- R Did you go out on Sunday?
- A Oh no, I didn't. I didn't go out because I was too tired. I stayed at home most of the day.
- R Did you do anything on Sunday evening?
- A No, I didn't do much. I just watched a film on TV. I didn't go to bed late. About 11.00.

T 10.6 see p73

1 10.7 Making conversation

- I I went shopping yesterday. Really? Where did you go?
- 2 We went to that new Lebanese restaurant last night.
 - Mmm! What did you have?
- 3 We saw a lot of our friends in the coffee bar. Oh! Who did you see?
- 4 I played tennis at the weekend. Oh, really? Where did you play?
- 5 The picnic on Saturday was great! Oh, good! What time did you leave?

T 10.8 Making conversation

- 1 A I went shopping yesterday.
 - B Really? Where did you go?
 - A Oxford Street.
 - B Oh! What did you buy?
 - A Well, I wanted a new coat, and I went into the new mall.
 - B Did you find one?
 - A Yes, I did. I found a beautiful black one. It was only £50!
- 2 A Tom and I went to that new Lebanese restaurant last night.
 - B Mmm! What did you have?
 - A Well, I had lamb schwarma and Tom had fattoush.
 - **B** Did you enjoy it?
 - A Very much. And it wasn't expensive.

- 3 A We saw a lot of our friends in the coffee bar.
 - B Oh! Who did you see?
 - A Angie and Rose and some other friends from work.
 - B I don't think I know them.
 - A They're very nice.
- 4 A I played tennis at the weekend.
 - B Oh, really? Where did you play?
 - A In the park. It was lovely. It was so sunny.
 - B What a great thing to do on a Sunday morning!
- 5 A The picnic on Saturday was great!
 - B Oh, good! What time did you leave?
 - A About six in the evening. The food was fantastic!
 - B Did you eat a lot?
 - A Of course!

10.9 Jack and Millie Parker's holiday

J= Jack, M = Millie

- J Well, we usually go on holiday in summer ...
- M Yes, usually we go to Italy for our holidays, don't we?
- J But last year we did something different. We had a holiday in winter, and we went to Colorado, in America.
- M Because we wanted to learn to ski, you see, and we wanted a change. In Italy we always stay in a villa
- J ... but in Colorado we stayed in a very nice hotel, and because we were in a hotel, we had all our meals in restaurants.
- M And that's very special for us. In Italy we cook at home in the villa. But in Colorado we went to a different restaurant every night!
- J In Italy, because it's summer and it's hot, we go swimming in the swimming pool, and sit in the sun, and I play tennis sometimes ...
- M Jack loves his tennis, don't you darling?
- J I do, but of course last year in Colorado we learned to ski, so we went skiing every day. And Millie, you went ice-skating, didn't you?
- M We both went ice-skating!
- J That's right! It was great fun! In Italy in the evening, we usually read ...
- M ... but last year in Colorado we went out every night, and we met lots of lovely people, didn't we?
- J We did. We had a really good time.

T 10.10

- Last year Jack and Millie didn't go on holiday in summer. They went in winter.
- 2 They didn't go to Italy. They went to Colorado.
- 3 They stayed in a hotel. They didn't stay in a villa.
- 4 They didn't eat at home. They ate in restaurants.
- 5 They went skiing. They didn't go swimming.

T 10.11

- 1 A Hello, Can I help you?
- B Yes. Can I have a map of the city, please?
- A Of course. Here you are.
- **B** Can you show me where we are on the map?
- A Yes. We're here in Regent Street in the city centre.

- 2 C We want to go on a bus tour of the city.
 - A That's fine. The next bus leaves at 10.00. It takes about an hour and a half.
 - C Where does the bus go from?
 - A It goes from Trafalgar Square, but you can get on and off when you want.
- 3 D I want to visit the British Museum. What time does it open?
 - A It opens at 10.00 in the morning and closes at 5.30 in the evening.
 - D How much is it to get in?
 - A It's free!



T 11.1

- 1 Marcus is an interpreter. He can speak French and German fluently.
- 2 Laura is an architect. She can draw well.
- 3 Justin is a pilot. He can fly 747 jumbo jets.
- 4 George is a farmer. He can drive a tractor.
- 5 Lee is an athlete. He can run very fast.
- 6 Oliver is a schoolboy. He can use a computer really well.
- 7 Margaret is Oliver's grandmother. She can make fantastic cakes.

T 11.2 T 11.3 see p81

Of course I can!

- D = Dominique, O = Oliver
- D Can you use a computer, Oliver?O Yes, of course I can. All my friend
- O Yes, of course I can. All my friends can.
 I use a computer at home in my bedroom
 and we use computers at school all the time.
- D That's great. What other things can you do?
- O Well, I can run fast, very fast, and I can draw a bit. I can draw really good cars but I can't drive them of course! I can draw good planes, too. When I'm big I want to be a pilot and fly 747s.
- D Excellent. Now, I know you can speak French.
- O Yes, I can. I can speak French fluently because my dad's French. We sometimes speak French at home.
- D Can you speak any other languages?
- O No, I can't. I can't speak German or Spanish, just French – and English of course! And I can cook! I can make cakes. My grandma makes fantastic cakes and I sometimes help her. Yesterday we made a big chocolate cake!

T 11.5 Pronunciation

- 1 I can ski quite well.
- 2 She can't speak German at all.
- 3 He can speak English fluently.
- 4 Why can't you come to my house?
- 5 We can't understand out teacher.6 They can read
- 7 Can I have an ice-cream, please?
- 8 Can cats swim?

T11.6 Jenni Spencer

I live in the city of Tucumán. I teach English. I can speak Spanish fluently and German a little bit.

I love it here. On Saturday night I go out with friends. A lot of my friends can speak English really well. On Sundays I often go riding here. I can ride quite well now. Or sometimes I watch friends playing golf. I can't play golf but I like watching it. Sunday is also the day for 'asado' or barbecues. We always cook beef, I can't cook at all but I want to learn. It's a great life here, everyone is really friendly.

Requests and offers

- 1 A Can I help you?
 - **B** Yes, please. I want to buy this postcard.
- A Can you tell me the time, please?
 - B It's about three thirty.
- 3 A Can you come to my dinner party?
 - Sorry. I can't. It's my brother's wedding on Saturday.
- 4 A Can I have a glass of water, please?
 - B Yes, of course. Here you are.
- A Can you speak more slowly, please?
 - B I'm sorry. Is this better? Can you understand me now?
- 6 A Can I give you a lift?
 - B Oh, yes please! That's so kind of you!

T11.8 see p84

ITILY What do you do on the Internet?

1 Charlotte, age 14

I use the Internet a lot. Every day, I think. It helps me with my homework. I 'google' for information or I use Wikipedia. It helps me with everything, history, geography, science, English -er everything. Yesterday I got a lot information about Jane Austen.

2 Lauren, age 20

I really like poetry and I can find lots of great poems on the Internet. Yesterday I got the words of a sonnet, you know, by Shakespeare. I use the Internet mostly in the evenings, when I have time.

3 Mike, age 23

I go on the Internet a lot, sometimes three or four times a day. It's a great way to hear all your friends' news and see all their photographs. Yesterday I posted all the photos from my holiday. You can see them if you want.

4 Alan Krum, age 47

Well, my surname, -er my family name is Krum and I want to write about my family, so I use the Internet to find out about my family's history. There are special websites for this. Also, I can chat to people with the same name from all over the world, Canada, Germany, Argentina. It's really interesting. I usually use it on Sundays because I have more time then.

5 Max, age 10

I play games a lot. And I go on websites for my favourite football players. I want to be on the computer all the time, but my mum says I can't. She says I can only use it after school for an hour, and then I stop.

6 Edna, age 71

I go shopping on the Internet. Every Friday I go to my son's house and I use his computer. It's fantastic – the supermarket brings all my shopping to my home. I want a computer now. I want to send emails to my friends. Most of my friends have computers.

TillO Adjectives and nouns

- 1 A A Ferrari is a fantastic car. It's so fast.
 - B Yeah, I know, but it's also so expensive.
- 2 A How tall is your brother?
 - B He's very tall, 1.9 metres. I'm only 1.7 metres.
- 3 A I think motor racing is a really dangerous
 - **B** I know it's dangerous but it's exciting too. That's why I love it!
- 4 A Can I have a fresh orange juice, please?
 - B I'm afraid we don't have fresh.
 - A OK. Just a glass of water then.
- 5 A New York is a very cosmopolitan city. I love it.
 - B Me too. I can't believe I'm here.
- 6 A Charlie Chaplin made some very funny films, don't you think?
 - B No. I don't like his films. I think they're really boring.
- 7 A We can't go for a walk, it's too cold and wet.
 - B Yes, we can. Look it's sunny again! Come on!

T II II Everyday problems

- 1 A Excuse me! Can you help me? I'm lost.
 - B Where do you want to go?
 - A Grand Central Station.
 - Turn left onto Park Avenue. It's straight on. You can't miss it.
- 2 A Oh, no!
 - B What's the matter?
 - A There's something wrong with my computer. I can't get on the Internet, so I can't send my emails.
 - B Turn everything off and try again. That sometimes works.
- 3 A Excuse me! This ticket machine doesn't work.
 - B Did you push the green button?
 - A Oh! No, I didn't.
 - B Ah, well. Here's your ticket.
 - A Thank you very much.
- 4 A Come on! It's time to go to the airport.
 - B But I can't find my passport! I can't find it anywhere!
 - You put it in your bag.
 - B Did I? Oh, yes. Here it is! Phew!
- 5 A Are you all right?
 - B Yes, I think so.
 - A Does your arm hurt?
 - B It hurts a bit, but I think it's OK.

- 6 A I'm so sorry I'm late.
 - B It's OK. The film starts in 15 minutes.
 - A I missed the bus.
 - B I told you, it doesn't matter. Come on! Let's go.



UNIT 12

1112.11 What can you do where?

- 1 You can buy newspapers and magazines in a newsagent's.
- 2 You can buy bread, milk, fruit, and meat in a supermarket.
- You can change your money in a bank.
- 4 You can buy stamps and send a parcel in a post office.
- You can buy a dictionary in a bookshop.
- 6 You can get an espresso in a coffee shop.
- You can buy shampoo and conditioner in a chemist's.

1112.2 Saying what you want

- 1 Adam Good morning, I'd like some chicken, please.
 - В How much would you like?
 - Adam Four slices.
 - B Would you like anything else?
 - Yes, I'd like some cheese. Do you Adam have any Emmental?
 - I'm afraid we don't have any Emmental. What about mozzarella?
 - Adam No, thank you. Just the chicken then. How much is that?
- Can I help you? 2. C
- Adam Yes, please, I'd like some shampoo.
- We have lots. Would you like it for dry or normal hair?
- Adam Dry, I think.
- OK. Try this one. Anything else?
- Adam Er- oh yeah. I don't have any conditioner. I'd like some conditioner for dry hair, please.
- Yes, of course. That's £6.90 please.

T 12.3 Where is Adam?

- Is that all? The Times and two 1 D magazines?
 - Yes, that's all. Oh, I nearly forgot - I'd like this computer magazine, too.
 - D Yes. Anything else?
 - Adam That's it, thanks..
- D OK. Would you like a bag?
- No, thanks. I don't need a bag. Adam D That's £9.65.
- Adam I'd like an espresso, please. E
 - Drink here or take away? Adam To drink here, please.
 - Small, medium or large? E
 - Adam Medium, please.
- E Would you like something to eat?
- Adam Er - yes. I'd like some chocolate cake.
- Sure. Anything else?
- Adam That's it, thanks.

T 12.4 Lewis and Adam

A= Adam, L = Lewis

A What would you like to drink?

L A juice, I'd like an apple juice, please,

A Er ... I have some orange juice, but I don't have any apple juice.

Don't worry. Orange juice is fine. Thanks. Would you like something to eat?

Yeah, OK. A sandwich. A cheese sandwich?

A Er. .. I don't have any cheese. Sorry. I have some chicken. Would you like a chicken sandwich?

I don't like chicken.

Would you like some cake, then?

L Yes, please. I'd love some.

1 12.5 It's my birthday!

A Hey, isn't it your birthday soon?

B Yeah, next week on the 15th.

A So, what would you like for your birthday?

B I don't know. I don't need anything.

A But, I'd like to buy you something.

B That's kind but I think I'd like to forget my birthday this year.

A What? You don't want any presents! Why not? B Well, I'm 30 next week and that feels old.

A 30 isn't old. Come on. I'd like to take you out for a meal with some friends. You can choose the restaurant.

B OK, then. Thank you. I'd like that. Just don't tell anyone it's my birthday.

A Oh, that's silly!

T 12.6 Birthday wishes

Kelly What would I like for my birthday? That's easy! I'd like to have breakfast in bed. With the newspapers. And in the evening I'd like to go to the theatre.

Mike Well, I'd like a new computer, because my computer is so old that new programs don't work on it. And then in the evening I'd like to go to a good restaurant. I don't mind if it's Italian, French, Chinese or English. Just good food.

I'd love a new mobile phone. My mobile **Jade** is so old now. I'd like one that takes good photos. Your phone has a really good camera and it wasn't that expensive. And in the evening I'd like to go out with all my friends and have a great time!

T127 see p91

1 12.8 Listening and pronunciation

1 A What would you like? Would you like a coffee?

Yes, please. I'm very thirsty.

2 A What sort of thing do you like doing at the weekend?

B Well, I like watching films.

3 A What sort of flat do you want to move into?

В Well.

We'd like a flat with two bedrooms. Somewhere near the centre.

4 A We have this weekend free. What would you like to do?

I'd like to go into town and eat at that new restaurant!

A Okay!

5 A What do you spend all your money on?

Well, I like new clothes. I buy new clothes every week.

112.9 In a restaurant

W = Waiter, L = Liam, M = Maddy

W Are you ready to order?

L Well, I am. Are you ready, Maddy?

M Yes, I am. What's the soup of the day?

W French onion soup.

M Lovely. I'd like the French onion soup to start, please.

W And to follow?

M I'd like the salmon salad with some chips on the side.

W Thank you, And you, sir? What would vou like?

Er - I'd like the tomato and mozzarella salad, followed by the burger and chips.

W Would you like any side orders?

L No, thank you. Just the burger.

W And to drink?

M Sparkling water for me, please. What about you, Liam?

The same for me. We'd like a bottle of sparkling water, please.

Fine. I'll bring the drinks immediately.

T12.10 Signs all around

1 Hey, look! That lovely red jumper is only £19.99 now.

Oh, no. I put my money in before I saw the sign.

Can you tell me where the toilets are, please?

This is our table. It has our name on it.

I'm not waiting. There are so many people.

6 Which floor is our room on? Is it the 6th or 7th?

Oh, dear we're too late. It doesn't open again until Monday now.

I'm sorry, but you can't walk here. Didn't you see the sign on the gate?



UNIT 13

Clothes

7 trainers 1 a jumper 2 a shirt and tie 8 a jacket 3 a T-shirt and shorts a scarf 10 boots 4 a skirt 11 a suit 5 a dress 6 shoes and socks 12 trousers

1332 What are they wearing?

Nigel's wearing a grey suit and a white shirt. He's reading his emails.

Leo's wearing a yellow T-shirt and white trainers. He's running.

Rick's wearing blue jeans and a black T-shirt. He's carrying trays of drinks.

Eva's wearing a green jacket and brown boots. She's carrying a black bag.

Polly and Penny are wearing yellow dresses and blue shoes. They're eating ice-cream.

11333 see p97

1334 Asking questions

What's he doing? He's cooking dinner for friends.

What's he doing? He's driving to London.

What's he doing? He's having a shower after work.

What's she doing? She's writing an email to her mother.

What's she doing? She's skiing in France.

What's she doing? She's eating a strawberry ice-cream.

What are they doing? They're running fast.

What are they doing? They're shopping in a mall.

What are they doing? They're playing golf in the rain.

113.5 Nigel at work

Nigel is a businessman. He works from 9 o'clock to 5.30 every day. He always wears a suit and tie for work. He usually has lunch at his desk at one o'clock. He arrives home at about seven o'clock every evening and he reads to his children before they go to bed. He often feels very tired at the end of the day.

T 13.6 see p99

137 Questions about Nigel

1 Are they having a good time? Yes, they are.

2 Where are they staying? They're staying in a house with a swimming pool near the beach.

3 What are the children doing? They're swimming in the pool.

4 What's Karen doing? She's drinking lemonade.

5 What's Nigel doing? He's talking on the phone.

6 Is he wearing a suit? No, he isn't.

7 Why is Bill calling? Because he has a problem.

T 13.8 Four conversations

C = Colin, R = Roger, M = Margaret, CW = Colin's wife, CS = Colin's sons, B = boys in the hostel

Conversation 1

Hello, I'm Colin. \mathbf{C}

Hi, Colin. Lovely to meet you. This is my wife Margaret.

It's very good of you to come and help us.

I'm pleased to be here.

Conversation 2

That's much better. Now, read it again.

There was a man who work -ed, worked hard and his busi-busi

Business

... his business became very suc - suc -B cess - ful, successful!

Great. You're doing well.

Conversation 3

- C Hello, darling.
- CW Colin! How are you? We're all missing you.
- C I'm missing you too but I'm having a good time. It's very interesting here. Roger and Margaret are wonderful people.

Conversation 4

- C Hi, boys!
- CS Dad! Hi! We're doing our homework.
- C Hey, that's good. I'm working hard too.
- CS Are you having a good time?
- C I am. I'm with some really interesting people.
- CS Can we meet them?
- C Yes, you can. I'd like you to meet them.
- CS See you soon, Dad.
- C Yeah, can't wait! See you soon!

T13.9 Opposite verbs

- 1 Please don't ask me any more questions, I can't answer them.
- 2 I'm selling my old car, and I'm buying a new one!
- 3 We always get up at seven in the morning and go to bed at eleven at night.
- 4 It was cold, so Tom took off his T-shirt and put on a warm jumper.
- 5 Î usually walk to school but yesterday I was late so I ran all the way.
- 6 John's playing tennis with Peter today. He always loses. He never wins.
- 7 Don't turn off the TV, I'm watching it! Please turn it on again!

T 13.10

- 1 A Would you like an espresso?
 - B No, thank you, I hate black coffee.
 - A Do you? I love it.
- 2 C What time does the film start?
 - D 6.45.
 - C And do you know when it finishes?
 - D About 8.30, I think.
- 3 E Would you like to play tennis after work?
- F Sorry, I can't. I'm working late again.
- 4 G Our train leaves London at 13.55.
 - H And what time does it arrive in Paris?
- G 16.05.
 - H Wow! That's fast.
- 5 I Did you remember to bring your dictionary?
 - J Oh, sorry. I forgot it.
 - I Not again!
- 6 K Can I open the window? I'm hot.
 - L Of course. Just remember to close it when you leave the room.

What's the matter?

- 1 She's cold.
- 6 She's bored.
- 2 He's hungry.
- 7 He's angry.
- 3 They're tired.
- 8 She's worried.
- 4 He's thirsty.
- 9 He has a headache.
- 5 They're hot.
- 10 She has a cold.

Why don't you...?

- 1 A What's the matter?
 - B I'm tired and thirsty.
 - A Why don't you have a cup of tea?
 - B That's a good idea.
 - A Sit down. I'll make it for you.

- 2 C What's the matter?
 - **D** I have a bad headache.
 - C Oh dear! Why don't you take some aspirin?
 - **D** I don't have any.
 - C It's OK. I have some.

-

UNIT 14

114.1 Bill and Gloria's holiday

- 1 On Sunday they're flying to London.
- 2 On Monday they're going to have a bus tour of London.
- 3 On Tuesday they're travelling through Belgium and into Germany.
- 4 On Wednesday they're going to drive down to the Alps and Austria.
- 5 On Thursday they're going to drive over the Europa Bridge.
- 6 On Friday they're going to stop in Verona. They're going to see Juliet's balcony.
- 7 On Saturday evening they're having dinner in a bistro in Paris.
- 8 On Sunday morning they're going to the Louvre to see the Mona Lisa. In the evening, they're flying back to the US.

T 14.2 see p105

T 14.3

- 1 What are they doing on Tuesday?
- 2 What are they going to do on Wednesday?
- 3 When are they going to drive over the Europa Bridge?
- 4 What are they going to do in Verona?
- 5 Where are they having dinner on Saturday?
- 6 When are they going to the Louvre?
- 7 When are they flying back to the US?

T14.4 Eddie's plans

F = Friend, E = Eddie

- F What are you doing?
- E I'm planning my holiday.
- F Oh, where are you going?
- E I'm going to South Africa. It's my first time.
- Oh you're so lucky! When are you leaving?
- E I'm leaving next Monday morning.
- F Who are you going with?
- E I'm not going with anyone. Just me and my rucksack.
- F Where are you going to stay?
- Well, I'm staying with friends in Cape
 Town. Then I'm going on safari. I'm going to sleep in a tent.
- F Fantastic! And how are you going to travel?
- E By plane to Cape Town, of course, and then by jeep when I'm on safari.
- F By jeep! How exciting. And how long are you going to stay?
- E Just two weeks. I'd like to stay longer but I
- can't. It's too expensive.
- F How much is it going to cost?
- E About £2,000.
- F Mmmm, that's quite a lot. Well, have a great time. I can't wait to see your photos.
- E Oh, yes, I'm going to take a lot of photos.

T14.5 Pronunciation

Two syllables

pilot hotel women arrive married shampoo chocolate enjoy

114.6 Pronunciation

Three syllables

photograph banana vegetable magazine interesting understand designer souvenir assistant

T14.7 Rhymes

home come 1 some knows does goes her 3 were here steak speak 4 make there 5 near wear wait 6 eat great

T14.8 Past, Present, and Future

Milena Dušek My father is a journalist, and works for a newspaper called Blesk. My mother works as a chef in a restaurant in the Old Town.

Georg Reinhardt I was born in Frankfurt, where I grew up and went to school. I studied architecture at the University of Munich. I met Karlotta at university – she was a student of modern languages. We moved to Berlin in 1995.

Archie McCrae I went to Drumchapel High School. I studied biology, chemistry, and physics. At school I met Fiona, and we got married when we were 22. We studied medicine together at the same university, and we now live in Edinburgh.

T 14.9

Social expressions 2

- 1 A Good luck in the exam! I hope it goes well.
 - B Thanks. I'll do my best.
 - A See you later. Bye!
- 2 C Oh, no!
 - **D** Don't worry. It doesn't matter.
 - C I'm so sorry!
- 3 E Have a good weekend!
 - F Thanks! Same to you! What are you doing? Anything special?
 - E We're going to a wedding.
 - F Oh, lovely!
- 4 G Goodbye! Drive carefully!
 - H Thanks! I'll phone you when I arrive.
 - G See you again soon!
- 5 I I have a present for you.
 - J For me? Why?
 - I It's just to say thank-you.
 - J That's so kind of you!
- 6 K Bye! And thanks for everything!
- L It was a pleasure. We enjoyed having

Grammar Reference

UNIT 1

1.1 am/are/is

I	'm am	Ben.
You	're are	Miki.
Му пате	's is	James Bond.
This	is	Judy Koblenz.



1.2 Questions with question words

What's your name? (what's = what is)

How are you?



1.3 Possessive adjectives

My name's John. What's your name?



1.4 Plural nouns

- Most nouns add -s.
 - book books
 - computer computers camera cameras
- 2 Some nouns add -es.
 - sandwich**es** sandwich → bus bus**es**

UNIT 2



2.1 am/are/is

I'm (am)		
You're (are)	from England.	
He's (is) She's (is)	a student.	
It's (is)	a computer.	
They're (are)	in Muscat. married.	



2.2 Possessive adjectives

His name's Pablo. What's her name?

My name's Ahmed. What's your name?

• his = possessive adjective his name, his car, his camera

> He's Bruno. He's from Brazil. He's fine. (he's = he is)



2.3 Questions with question words

Where	are you is she is he	from?
What	's your (is your) 's her (is her)	name?



Name 2.4 am/are/is

I'm (am)	
You're (are)	from England. a student.
He's She's (is) It's	fine. in Paris. in Dubai. married.
They're (are)	

3.1 am/are/is

Negative

I	'm not (am not)	a teacher. from Syria.
He She	isn't (is not)	married. very well.

Yes/No questions and short answers

Are you married?	Yes, I am. No, I'm not.
Is she a teacher?	Yes, she is. No, she isn't.
Is he English?	Yes, he is. No, he isn't.
Is her name Alice?	Yes, it is. No, it isn't.

3.2 Verb to be

Positive

I	'm (am)	
He She It	's (is)	from the US.
You We They	're (are)	

Negative

I	'm not		
He She It	isn't	English.	
You We They	aren't		

Questions with question words

Questions with question words		
What	is your name? is her address? is his phone number?	
Where	are you from? is he from? are they from?	
How old	are you? are they?	

Answers

John Mason. 16, Albert Road, Bristol. 01693 456729.

From Japan.

I'm 16. They're 8 and 10.

Yes/No questions

res/tvo questions				
Is	he she it	Indian?		
Are	you we they	married?		

Short answers

Yes, he is. No. she isn't. Yes, it is.

Yes, I am. No, we aren't. No, they aren't.

UNIT 4

4.1 Possessive adjectives

This is	my your his her our their	family. school office.
---------	--	------------------------------

4.2 Possessive's

's shows possession. This is John, This is his son.

This is John's son. This is Marie. This is her car. → This is Marie's car.

his house → Tom's house her name → your wife's name

(a) is also the short form of is.

he's = he is she's she is it's = it is Who's Who is

4.3 Plural nouns

Most nouns add -s in the plural. doctor doctors book books student students

2 Nouns that end in -s, -ss, -sh, or -ch add -es.

bus bus**es** class classes sandwich → sandwiches

3 Some nouns that end in -y change to -ies.

→ cities city country countries dictionary → dictionaries

4 Some nouns are irregular.

man men woman women child children

Maria 4.4 have/has

Have is an irregular verb

I You We They	have	a good job.
He She It	has	a computer.

UNIT 5



5.1 Present Simple: I/you/we/they

Positive

I You We They	like coffee. play tennis. live in London. speak two languages. have a good job.
------------------------	---

Negative

I You We They	don't	like tennis. speak French. work in a restaurant.
------------------------	-------	--

Questions with question words

Where		you live?
What sports	do	we like?
How many languages		they speak?

Yes/No questions and short answers

Do you like football?	Yes, I do. No, I don't.
Do they speak English?	Yes, they do. No, they don't.

Do you like tea?

Yes, I do. NOT Yes, I like.



5.2 a/an

We use an before words that begin with a, e, i, o, and u.

an engineer

an English dictionary

an ice-cream

an orange

an umbrella

a burger

a television



5.3 Adjective + noun

Adjectives always come before the noun.

a German car

a car German NOT

a Japanese camera

a camera Japanese

a beautiful tree

a tree beautiful

Spanish oranges

NOT

Spanishes oranges

UNIT 6

> 6.1 Present Simple: he/she/it

Positive

He She	gets up	at 8.00.			
It	leaves				

6.2 Spelling – Present Simple: he/she/it

Most verbs add -s.

listens he/she/it leaves walks

2 Verbs ending in -s, -ss, -sh, -ch add -es.

watches he/she/it wash**es**

go, have, and do are irregular.

he/she/it goes has

6.3 Adverbs of frequency

ALC: U			
0%-	40%	90%	-100%
076	40/0	30/6	10070
never	sometimes	usually	always

Adverbs of frequency (never, sometimes, usually, always) can come before the verb.

We never watch TV.

She sometimes goes out on a Saturday night.

He usually works late.

I always have tea for breakfast.

6.4 Present Simple: he/she/it

Negative

She He	doesn't	go out in the evening. eat in a restaurant.
-----------	---------	--

Questions with question words

Questions with question words				
What		he have for lunch?		
Where	does	she work?		
What time	does	he go to bed?		
When		he leave work?		

Yes/No questions and short answers

Does he like football?	Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.		
Does she speak English?	Yes, she does. No, she doesn't.		

Does he like tea? Do you like coffee? Yes, he does. No, I don't.

NOT Yes, he likes. NOT No, I don't like.

125

UNIT 7



7.1 Question words

Look at the question words and the answers.

What?	A burger.	How?	By taxi.
When?	In the evening.	How old?	16.
What time?	At 8.00.	How many?	Two.
Who?	Peter.	How much?	\$2.
Where?	In Jeddah.	Why?	Because :



> 7.2 Pronouns

Look at the subject and object pronouns, and the possessive adjectives.

Subject pronouns	I	you	he	she	it	we	they
Object pronouns	me	you	him	her	it	us	them
Possessive adjectives	my	your	his	her	its	our	their



7.3 this/that

We use this to refer to things near to us.



This is my son.



I like this sandwich.

We use that to refer to things that are not near to us.



That's my house.



I don't like that car.

UNIT 8



8.1 There is/There are

Positive

There's a sofa in the living room. (There's = There is)

There are two CD players in my house.

Negative

There isn't a TV. There aren't any photos.

Question

Is there a TV in the kitchen? Are there any magazines on the table? How many CDs are there?



🔈 8.2 some and any

We use some in positive sentences. There are some books.

We use any in questions and negatives. Does he have any photographs? There aren't any lamps.

See 12.2 p128 for information on some and any.

> 9.1 was/were

Was and were are the past tense of am/are/is.

present

I	am	
He/She It	is	fine.
You We They	are	in class.

Past

I He/She It	was	fine.
You We They	were	at home.

Negative

I He	wasn't	at home last weekend.
You They	weren't	at school yesterday.

Questions

Where were you yesterday? Was she at school? Yes, she was./No, she wasn't.

(1) We use was/were with born, not am/is/are.

Where were you born? He was born in Russia.

NOT

Where are you born? He is born in Russia.

🦫 9.2 Past Simple – irregular verbs

Many common verbs are irregular. See the list of irregular verbs on p142.

Present	\rightarrow	Past
am/is/are		was/were
go		went
come		came
have		had
make		made
see		saw
buy		bought
say		said
find		found
do		did

UNIT 10

> 10.1 Past Simple positive

1 Regular verbs add -ed or -d in the Past Simple.

Present **Past** play**ed** play watch watched listened listen turned turn changed change

Remember: Many common verbs are irregular.

went saw see have had

See the list of irregular verbs on p142.

2 The form is the same for all persons.

I You He/She/It We They	listened to the radio. went to work. had lunch.
-------------------------------------	---

10.2 Past Simple questions and negatives

Present do/does → Past did What time does he usually get up? What time did he get up yesterday?

Questions with question words

Where	did	I you he/she/it we they	go?
-------	-----	-------------------------------------	-----

Negative

-		
You He/She/It We They	didn't	go shopping. see the film.

Yes/No questions and short answers

Did they play football?	Yes, they did.
Did you have a good time?	No, I didn't.

11.1 can

Positive

I You He/She/It We They	can	swim. drive. cook. run fast.
-------------------------------------	-----	---------------------------------------

Negative

I You He/She/It We They	can't	draw. speak German. play golf.
-------------------------------------	-------	--------------------------------------

Questions with question words

What		you do?
When	can	I go home?
How many languages		he speak?

Yes/No questions and short answers

Can you swim?	Yes, I can.	
Can he play tennis?	No, he can't.	

> 11.2 Modal verbs

Can is a modal verb. We don't use do/does/don't/doesn't with can.

Control of Intodat verbi five a		0, 110 00, 110 11 1, 110 10 11 1
I can't swim.	NOT	I don't can swim.
Can you cook?	NOT	Do you can cook?
She can't speak Spanish.	NOT	She doesn't can
They can't drive.	NOT	They don't can



11.3 Adverbs

- 1 Adverbs give more information about verbs. speak beautifully go fast draw well
- Notice the word order.

You speak English well . NO' He drives his car fast . NO'	
--	--

3 Regular adverbs end in -lv.

1108 01101 010	, 41 00	
Adjective	\rightarrow	Adverb
fluent		fluent ly
beautiful		beautifully
slow		slowly
careful		careful ly
usual		usual ly

Some adverbs are irregular.

Adjective	\rightarrow	Adverl
good		well
fast		fast
late		late
early		early
hard		hard

UNIT 12

> 12.1 would like

We use would like to ask for things.

Positive	
I You He/She We They	'd like a cup of tea.

2 We use Would ... like? to offer things.

Question

Would	you he/she	like some cake?
	they	

3 Look at the answers.

Yes, please. Would you like a cup of tea? No, thank you. We use would like, not want, to be polite. I'd like a coffee, please. NOT I want a coffee.

4 We can use would like with another verb. Would you like to go out tonight? What would you like to do?

> 12.2 some and any

We use some in positive sentences.

I'd like There's We have	some	chicken. cheese. books.
--------------------------------	------	-------------------------------

2 We use any in questions.

Is there Do you have Are there	any	chicken? money? people?

3 We use any in negatives.

Ï	There isn't		bread.
Ì	We don't have	any	friends.
	There aren't		books.

4 We use some when we offer things or ask for things.

Would you like Can I have	some	water? cheese?
------------------------------	------	-------------------

> 12.3 like and would like

- We use like and like doing to talk about things we always like. (= I always enjoy coffee.) I **like** coffee. She likes swimming in summer. What do you like doing at the weekend?
- 2 We use would like to talk about things we want now or soon. I'd like a cup of tea. (= I want a cup of tea now or soon.) She's hot. She'd like to go swimming. What would you like to do tonight?

UNIT 13

> 13.1 Present Continuous

Positive

I	am	
He She It	is	working.
You We They	are	

Negative

I	'm not	
He She It	isn't	working.
You We They	aren't	

Ouestions with question words

	am I	
What	are you are we are they	wearing?
	is he is she	

Vac/No questions and short answers

Are you wearing jeans?	Yes, I am. No, I'm not.
Is she reading a newspaper?	Yes, she is. No, she isn't.



13.2 Present Simple and Present Continuous

1 We use the Present Simple to talk about actions that are true for all time or a long time. Hans **comes** from Germany. I **love** my family. My father works in a bank. I get up at 7.30 every day.

She doesn't understand French.

2 We use the Present Continuous to talk about actions that last a short time. The actions are happening now.

I usually wear jeans, but today I'm wearing a suit. He's speaking French to that man. He speaks French very well. It's raining. They're swimming.

UNIT 14

> 14.1 Future plans

Positive

I'm You're He's She's We're They're	going to Europe. leaving next week. flying on Sunday.
--	---

I'm You're He's She's We're They're	going to	see Buckingham Palace. have a tour of the city. stay in the Ritz hotel.
--	----------	---

Questions

Where When Where Who	are you	going on holiday? leaving? staying? going with?
-------------------------------	---------	--

Word list

Here is a list of most of the new words in the units of *New Headway Plus Beginner* Student's Book. adj = adjective
adv = adverb
conj = conjunction

n = noun
pl = plural
prep = preposition

pron = pronoun v = verbinfml = informal



UNIT 1

and conj /ænd/, /ənd/ bag n /bæg/ book n /buk/ burger n /'ba:gə(r)/ bus n /bas/ Bye! /baI/ camera n /'kæmrə/ car n / ka:(r) /coffee n /'kpfi/ computer n /kəmˈpju:tə(r)/ $cup n / k \wedge p /$ day n /dei/ English adj, n /'ıŋglıʃ/ everyday adj /'evrider/ fine adj /fam/ first name n /'fs:st 'neim/ Good afternoon! /gud ˌa:ftəˈnu:n/ Good morning! /gud 'mo:nin/ Good night! /gud'naɪt/ Goodbye! /gud'bai/ Have a nice day! / hæv ə naɪs 'deɪ/ hello n /hel'au/ house n /haus/ How are you? / hav a 'ju:/ lovely adj /'lnvli/ my /mai/ name n /neim/ Nice to meet you. /,nars to 'mi:t ju/ OK adj / ov 'kei/ phone n /faun/ photograph n /'fəutəgra:f/ please /pli:z/ sandwich n /'sænwitʃ/ See you later! /,si: ju 'leɪtə(r)/ Sleep well! /'sli:p wel/ surname n /'sa:neim/ tea n /ti:/ television n /'telivi3n/ thank you /'θæŋkju:/ thanks /θæŋks/ this pron /'ðis/ today n /tə'deɪ/ very well / veri 'wel/ what? / wpt/ with prep /wið/ your /jo:(r)/ Numbers 1-10 one /wʌn/ two /tu:/ three /θri:/

four /fɔ:(r)/
five /faɪv/
six /sɪks/
seven /'sevn/
eight /eɪt/
nine /naɪn/
ten /ten/



UNIT 2

Saudi Arabia n / saudi: ə'reibi:ə/

UNII 2	
about prep /ə'baut/ awful adj /'ɔ:fl/	
beautiful <i>adj</i> /'bju:tɪfl/ building <i>n</i> /'bildɪŋ/	
centre adj /'sentə(r)/ cities n pl /'sɪtiz/ countries n pl /'kʌntriz/	
doctor n /'dpktə(r)/	
fantastic <i>adj</i> /fæn'tæstɪk/ find ν /faɪnd/ from <i>prep</i> /from/	
hear v /hiə(r)/ her /hɜ:(r)/ his /hiʒ/	
hospital n /'hospitl/ how old? /hau 'əuld/	
look at (sth) v /'luk ət/	
map n /mæp/ married adj /'mærid/	
on holiday /pn 'hplədeɪ/	
people n pl /'pi:pl/	
really good adj /ˌri:əli 'god/	
school n /sku:l/	
these pron /ði:z/ too adv /tu:/	
weather n /'weðə(r)/	
where? adv /weə(r)/	
world n /w3:ld/	
Countries Australia n /p'streilia/	
Brazil n /brəˈzɪl/	
Canada n /'kænədə/	
China <i>n</i> /'t∫aɪnə/	
Egypt n /'i:dʒɪpt/	
England <i>n</i> /'inglənd/ France <i>n</i> /fra:ns/	
Hungary n /'hʌŋgəri/	
Italy n /'rtəli/	
Japan n /dʒəˈpæn/	
Russia n /ˈrʌʃə/	
Spain n /spein/	

Numbers 11-30	phone number n /ˈfəʊn ˌnʌmbə(r)/
eleven /r'levn/	police officer n /pəˈliːs ˌpfisə(r)/
twelve /twelv/	same adj /sem/
thirteen /0s:'ti:n/	Scotland n /'skotland/
fourteen /fo:'ti:n/	shop assistant n /'∫pp ə,sistənt/
fifteen /fif'ti:n/	sorry /'spri/
sixteen /siks'ti:n/	station n /'sterfn/
seventeen /sevn'ti:n/	Sweden n /'swi;dn/
eighteen /er'ti:n/	thanks a lot /,θæηks ə 'lot/
nineteen /nam'ti:n/	tired n /'taiad/
twenty /'twenti/	town centre n / taun 'sentə(r)/
twenty-one /ˌtwenti'wʌn/	
twenty-two /,twenti'tu:/	very adj /'veri/
twenty-three /,twenti'\text{\text{\text{o}}\text{ris}}	well n /wel/
twenty-four /ˌtwenti'fɔ:(r)/	winner n /'wɪnə(r)/
twenty-five /,twenti'faɪv/	yet adv /jet/
twenty-six /,twenti'siks/	
twenty-seven /,twenti'sevn/	
twenty-eight / twenti'ert/	UNIT 4
twenty-nine /,twenti'naın/ thirty /'θs:ti/	
thirty / 0 3.ti/	a lot of to the suit
	a lot of /ə 'lɒt əv/ accountant n /ə'kauntənt/
W UNIT 3	1
UNII 3	age n /eɪdʒ/
	bank manager n /'bæŋk ˌmænɪdʒə(r)/
address n /ə'dres/	bank n /bæŋk/
all adv /ɔ:l/	best friend n /,best 'frend/
America n /ə'merikə/	big adj /big/
another pron /əˈnʌðə(r)/	both pron /bουθ/
boy n /bɔɪ/	business card n /'biznis ˌkɑ:d/
brother n /'brʌðə/	certainly adv /'ss:tənli/
builder n /'bildə(r)/	children n pl /'tʃɪldrən/
bus driver n /'bas draivə(r)/	college n /'kolīdʒ/
businessman n /'biznəsmæn/	Come on! /,knm 'pn/
charity walk n /'tʃærɪti ˌwɔ:k/	company n /ˈkʌmpəni/
excited adj /ik'sartid/	connecting ν /kəˈnektɪŋ/
excuse me /ik'skju:z ˌmi:/	dictionary n /'dɪkʃənri/
	evening n /ˈiːvnɪŋ/
forty /ˈfɔ:ti/	everybody pron /'evribodi/
good luck /gud 'lʌk/	family tree n /ˌfæməli 'tri:/
Great! adv /grent/	fans n pl /ˈfænz/
happy adj /'hæpi/	football n /'futbo:l/
here adv /hiə(r)/	friends n pl /frendz/
Hi /haɪ/	funny adj /ˈfʌni/
I don't understand	·
/aɪ ˌdəunt ʌndəˈstænd/	Germany n /'dʒɜ:məni/
I'm sorry /aım 'sori/	goal n /goul/
interesting adv /'intrəstin/	good adj /gud/
interview n /'intəvju:/	-
Ireland n /'aɪələnd/	have ν /hav/
job n /dʒɒb/	home n /houm/
live v /liv/	hotel n /həʊ'tel/
	like ν /laɪk/
magazine n /,mægəˈzi:n/	manager n /ˈmænɪdʒə(r)/
now adv /nau/	near adj /nɪə(r)/
nurse n /na:s/	new adj /nju:/

nice adj /nais/ north adj /nɔ:θ/ notice ν /'nəυtis/

of course /əv 'kɔ:s/

other adj /'ʌðə(r)/

over there /ˌəʊvə 'ðeə/ personal information n/,ps:sənl mfə'merfn/

office n /'pfis/ our /auə(r)/ part of (something) n /'pa:t əv/ part-time adj /,pa:t 'taɪm/ police n /pəˈliːs/ really adj /'ri:əli/ small adj /smo:l/ spell v /spel/ sport n /spo:t/ sports centre n /'spo:ts sento(r)/ their /ðeə(r)/ together adv /təˈgeðə(r)/ university n / ju:nɪ'vɜ:səti/ us pron /AS/ village n /'vɪlɪdʒ/ want ν /wont/ The family brother n /'braðə(r)/ daughter n /'do:tə(r)/ father n /'fa:ðə(r)/ husband n /'hʌzbənd/



UNIT 5

mother $n / m \delta \theta(r) /$

sister n /'sistə(r)/

son n / san /

wife n /waif/

parents n pl /'pearants/

Arabic n /'ærəbik/ blue adj /blu:/ cheese n /tsi:z/ chocolate n /'t∫pklət/ Coke n /kəʊk/ Come here! /ˌkʌm 'hɪə(r)/ count v /kaunt/ delicious adi /dɪˈlɪʃəs/ drama n /'dra:mə/ drink v /drink/ eat ν /i:t/ exciting adj /ık'saıtıŋ/ flat n /flæt/ food n /fu:d/ guys n pl /gaiz/ how much? / hav 'mats/ ice-cream n /'aiskri:m/ identity n /ai'dentiti/ languages n pl /'læŋgwidʒiz/ list n /list/ love ν /lnv/ Mexico n /'meksikəu/ millionaire n / miljə neə(r)/ nationalities n pl /næʃə'nælətiz/ orange n /'prind3/ order ν /'ɔ:də(r)/

pair (of) n /peə(r) (əv)/ pizza n /'pi:tsə/ play v /pleɪ/ Portugal n /'po:tsugl/ pounds n pl /paundz/ prices n pl /'praisiz/ restaurants n pl /'restronts/ skiing n /'ski:ɪŋ/ sometimes adv /'snmtaimz/ speak v /spi:k/ swimming n /'swimin/ Switzerland n /'switsələnd/ tennis n /'tenis/ terrible adj /'terabl/ the best adj /ðə 'best/ twin n /twin/ waiter n /'weitə(r)/ Nationalities American /ə'merikən/ Brazilian /brəˈzɪliən/ Chinese /tsar'ni;z/ French /frents/ German /'dʒs:mən/ Italian /1'tæliən/ Japanese / dzæpə'ni:z/ Mexican /'meksikən/ Portuguese / po:tfv'gi:z/ Saudi Arabian / saudi: ə'reibi:ən/ Spanish /'spænis/ Syrian /'sɪri:ən/ Turkish /'ta:kɪʃ/ Numbers 40-100

forty /'fo:ti/ fifty /'fifti/ sixty /'sɪksti/ seventy /'sevənti/ eighty /'eɪti/ ninety /'namti/ one hundred /wan 'handred/



UNIT 6

all day adj /,o:1 'dei/ always adv /'o:lweiz/ artist n /'a:tist/ as usual /əz 'ju:ʒuəl/ at the weekend /ət ðə ˌwi:k'end/ aunt n / a:nt/beach n /bi:tʃ/ bed n /bed/ between adv /bi'twi:n/ breakfast n /'brekfəst/ businesswoman n /'bizniswoman/ busy adj /'bizi/ buy ν /baɪ/ come v /knm/ cook v /kuk dad n /dæd/

Carly and / Fabl Fable F	dinner n /'dmə(r)/ director n /də'rektə(r)/ drive v /draɪv/	Friday n /'fraidei/ Saturday n /'sætədei/ Sunday n /'sʌndei/	
get up / get 'aps' god vol' amazing ad / 2 mezray go shopping / gau 'loprus' amazing ad / 2 mezray go shopping / gau 'loprus' amazing ad / 2 mezray go shopping / gau 'loprus' aspirian n' aspirul aspiran n' aspirul asp	eggs n pl /egz/	WNIT 7	
get up / get 'aps' god vol' amazing ad / 2 mezray go shopping / gau 'loprus' amazing ad / 2 mezray go shopping / gau 'loprus' amazing ad / 2 mezray go shopping / gau 'loprus' aspirian n' aspirul aspiran n' aspirul asp	get home / get 'haum/	300	
Spott Spot Spot		adore v /ə'dɔ:(r)/	
go shopping / gou 'bedy' anything pron 'renduty' aspirin n' resprin' Good ideal', god a rida' baby n' rhebib' beause prep furknu' beause n' ridaute v' nu'vaut' back n' ridaut' black n' ridaut' boss n' finest' card n		amazing adj /ə'merzɪŋ/	
Good ideal *, good article* have a shower /, have a '[auas(r)' because prop firskez' in prep nu' bedrooms n pl */bedrumz/ best adj fossi' best adj fossi' internet n /minanet' best adj fossi' leave v /likvl black n folekl leave v /likvl boss n howe leave v /likvl cafe n /keefel leave v /likvl cafe n /keefel leave v /likvl cafe n /keefel leave n /likvl cafe n /likvl leave n /likvl cafe n /li			
because prop Parkear' In prop Intal Internet In Intendet' Internet In Intendet' Invite V Invatal' Issuer V Internet In Intendet' Issuer V Internet Intendet' Issuer V Internet Intendet' Issuer V Internet Intendet' Issuer V Internet Intendet Inte		aspirin n /ˈæsprɪn/	
bedrooms n pl / Pochrumz/ heter n / Instanct/ hiternet n / Instanct/ hiternet n / Instanct/ leave v / Nisv/ life n / Natt/ lifestyle n /	Good idea! /,gud ar'diə/	baby n /'berbi/	
best adj /best/ hiernet n /mtsnee/ lesson n /best/	have a shower /,hæv ə 'ʃauə(r)/		
Internet n / mtanet/ Internet n / mtanet/ Internet n / mtanet/ Internet n / mtanet/ Iesson n / lessor n / less	in prep /m/		
Invite v / Invital Inv			
leave v live			
cafe n /knefe/ card n /knefe/ cat n /knefe/ cheep adj /klips/ composer n /knefe/ composer n /knefe/ card n /kredn /knefe/ card n /kredn /knefe/ credit c	leave v /li:v/		
lite n / Half litestyle n / Halfstall catrot n / Rettyl catt n / Rettyl catt n / Rettyl catt n / Rettyl catt n / Rettyl cat n / Re			
lunch n Analf morning n / morning/ never adv / heve(r) never adv / heve(r) clock adv / s'klok/ cflen adv / 'cfln, 'cfloav/ paint v / pemt/ questionnaire n /,kwestjo'neo(r) relax v / rilkeks/ schooldays n pl / kloudo/ coat n / kbout/ comfortable adj / kknithol/ comfortable adj / kknithol/ comfortable adj / kknithol/ schooldays n pl / skutiderz/ scan / sisistrul composer n / knompouza(r)/ credit card n / kredit, kod/ composer n / kod/ schopping n / 'pippny' shower v, n / fauc(r) (web)site n ('web)satv/ stoon adv sum/ casy adj / 'izzi/ every / evri/ stay v / stet/ stay v / stet/ stay n / stet/ stoon of adv studiou/ stay n / stet/ s	life n /laɪf/		
morning n / mornin	lifestyle n /ˈlaɪfstaɪl/	4	
morning n "monny" changing rooms n p! /*tjemdyn ru:mz/ mext adj /hekst/ cheny adj //tjep/ /*tjemdyn ru:mz/ cheny adj /hekst/ cheny adj //tjep/ chenist's n /*kemsts/ chen adv /*ofn, 'oftan/ chie n adv /*ofn, 'oftan/ chie n n p! /*tjub/ chips n p! /*tjub/ cott n /ksot/ comfortable adj /*kanffabl/ composer n /ksni'psotza(t)/ comfortable adj /*kanffabl/ composer n /ksni'psotza(t)/ composer n /ksni'psotza(t)/ composer n /ksni'psotza(t)/ composer n /*kredit /ksit/ credit card n /*kredit /ksit/ degrees n p! /di'griz/ degrees n	lunch n /lʌntʃ/		
	morning n /'mo:nin/		
cheap adj /ft[ip/ chemists n //kmists n //			
oʻclock adv /a'klok/ often adv /ʻofn, ʻoftan/ paint v /pennt/ questionnaire n /'kwest[ɔʾneə(r)/ relax v /rtˈlæks/ schooldays n pl /ˈskutidetz/ sean /ˈsiz/ seaside n /ˈstastd/ shopping n /ˈ[popt]/ degrees n l/siz/ seaside n /ˈstastd/ shopping n /ˈ[popt]/ shower, v n /ˈ[auact/) website n /ˈcwebsite/ stav v /steu/ soon adv /sum/ soon adv /sum/ stav v /steu/ stop v /stop/ stav n /ˈtuksi/ stop // tuksi/ stop // stop /			
Often adv / ofn, 'often/ Chile n / '/tjli/ paint v /peint/ chips n pl /tjips/ questionnaire n /,kwest[s]·nes(r)/ coat n /ksot/ relax v /rilæks/ coal alg/ksold/ schooldays n pl /'sku:ldetz/ comfortable adj /'kamftabl/ sea n /sis/ composer n /kant/ seaside n /'sissat/ credit card n /'kredit, kc/d/ Seaside n /'sisvat/ Czech Republic n /,tjek ri'pablik/ shopping n /'jopn/ degrees n pl /di'griz/ shopping n /'jopn/ door n /do:(r)/ son adv /sum/ exery /evril sta n /'sixid exery /evril sta n /'sixid exery /evril sta n /'sixid fast adj /fcixil tax n /'taksil fast adj /fcixil tax n /'taksil fast adj /fcixil tax n /'taksil fast adj /	•		
chips n pl l l l l psi		Chile n /'t∫ıli/	
Cotton			
relax v /rrlæks/ schooldays n pl /'sku:ldetz/ sea n / siz/ sea n / siz/ sea n / siz/ sea n / siz/ composer n /kəm'pauzə(r)/ credit card n /'kredit ,ka:d/ shopping n /'spnp/ shower v, n /'slaus(r)/ shopping n /'spnp/ stay v /stet/ stay n /'texksi/ shopping n /'spnshv/ stay v /stet/ stay n /'texksi/ shopping n /'spnshv/ stay v /stet/ stay n /'texksi/ shopping n /'spnshv/ stay v /stet/ stay n /'texksi/ shopping n /'spnshv/ stay v /stet/ shopping n /'spnshv/ shopping n /			-
comfortable adj /*kamftabl/ composer n /sm/ composer	questionnaire n /,kwestjə'neə(r)/		
composer n /kam'pauza(t)	relax v /rɪˈlæks/		
credit card n / kredit kaid	schooldays n pl /'sku:lderz/		
Czech Republic n /,tjek ri'pablik/ shower v, n /'jaua(r)/ degrees n pl /di'gri:z/ door n /dz-(r)/ door n /dz			
shower v, n 'fauoft' shower v, n 'fauoft' soon adv sunn stay v stet v stop v stet v studio n 'stipudiou v stax in 'tæksi v toast n thoust v tomorrow adv 'ta'mroso v TV n tii: 'vi: v tytipudiou v stet v stet v stet v stet v studio n 'stipudiou v stax in 'tæksi v stax			
(web)site n /(web)satt/ door n /dɔ:(r)/ soon adv /su:n/ easy adj /ˈi:zi/ stay v /stet/ every /ˈevri/ stop v /stop/ expensive adj //k'spensiv/ studio n /ˈstju:diou/ fast adj /fcist/ taxi n /ˈtæksi/ favourite adj /ˈfeivrit/ time n /tam/ fog n /fog/ toast n /tost/ free time n /ˌfri: 'tam/ renchman n /ˈfrentʃman/ Frenchman n /ˈfrentʃman/ TV n /,ti: 'vi:/ friendly adj /ˈfrendli/ typical adj /ˈtpikl/ hat n /hæt/ (the) US npl /ju: 'es/ hat n /hæt/ usually adv /ˈju:'qsil/ homework n /ˈhoumws:k/ visit n /ˈvzit/ homework n /houmws:k/ visit n /ˈvzit/ homework n /houmws:k/ walk n / v /wo:k/ homework n /houmws:k/ watch v /wotk/ international adj /ˌinta'næfnol/ week n /wi:k/ jacket n /ˈdʒæktt/ when/ /word jacket n /ˈdʒæktt/ when/ /word large adj /lo:dʒ/ Large adj /lo:dʒ/ learn v /ls:n/ Wednesday n //wednzdet/ look v /luk/		_	
stay v /stet/ easy adj /ˈiːzi/ stay v /stet/ every /ˈevri/ studio n /ˈstjuːdiou/ fast adj /fɑ:st/ taxi n /ˈtæksi/ favourite adj /ˈfeɪvrɪt/ time n /tam/ fog n /fog/ toast n /təust/ free time n /ˌfri: 'taɪm/ TV n /ˌti: 'vi:/ free time n /ˌfri: 'taɪm/ typical adj /ˈtupikl/ friendly adj /ˈfrendli/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ hate v /hett/ usually adv /ˈju:ʒuəli/ homework n /ˈhəumwə:k/ visit n /ˈvɪzɪt/ hot adj /hot/ walk n/v /wo:k/ how many? /ˌhau 'meni/ week n /wi:k/ jacket n /ˈdʒækɪt/ when? /wen/ jumper n /ˈdʒampə(r)/ Days of the week kids n pl /kɪdz/ Monday n /ˈmandet/ large adj /lɑːdʒ/ Tuesday n /ˈtju:zdet/ learn v /lɜːn/ Wednesday n //wednzdet/ look v /luk/		-	·
stay v /stet/ stop v /stop/ studio n /'stjudioo/ studio n /'stjudioo/ taxi n /'tæksi/ taxi n /'tæksi/ toast n /toust/ tomorrow adv /te'moroo/ TV n /ti: 'vi:/ typical adj /'trivil/ the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju:zusii/ watch v /wotf/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mandet/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdet/ Mednesday n /'wendzet/ Wednesday n /'wendzet/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdet/ Wednesday n /'wendzet/ Tuesday n /'loader/ Tuesday n /'loader/ Tuesday n /'loader/ Tuesday n /'wondze/ Tuesday n /'w			
stop v /stop/ expensive adj /tk'spensiv/ studio n /'stju:diou/ fast adj /fc:st/ taxi n /'tæksi/ favourite adj /'fc:vrit/ time n /tam/ fog n /fog/ toast n /toust/ free time n /fri: 'tam/ tomorrow adv /to'morou/ Frenchman n /'frentfmon/ TV n /ti: 'vi:/ friendly adj /'frendli/ typical adj /'tupik/ hat n /hæt/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ hate v /heit/ usually adv /'ju:zjuoli/ hoew more n /'hoursik/ visit n /'vizit/ hot adj /hot/ walk n / v /wosk/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ watch v /wotf/ international adj /,into'næfnol/ week n /witk/ jacket n /'dʒæktt/ when? /wen/ jumper n /'dʒampo(r)/ Days of the week kids n pl /kidz/ Monday n /'mander/ large adj /lu:dʒ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdet/ learn v /la:n/ Wednesday n /'wednesday look v /luk/			
studio n /*stju:diov/ fast adj /fc:st/ taxi n /*tæksi/ favourite adj /feivrit/ time n /tam/ fog n /fog/ toast n /toost/ free time n /,fri: 'taim/ tomorrow adv /ta'mprov/ Frenchman n /'frentljman/ TV n /,ti: 'vi:' friendly adj /'frendli/ typical adj /'tupikl/ hat n /hæt/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ hat v /heit/ usually adv /'ju:zusil/ homework n /'houmwa:k/ visit n /'vizit/ hot adj /hot/ walk n / v /wo:k/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ watch v /wotf/ international adj /,inta'næʃnol/ week n /wi:k/ jacket n /'dʒækit/ when? /wen/ jumper n /'dʒampa(t)/ Days of the week kids n pl /kidz/ Monday n /'mander/ large adj /lo:dʒ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdet/ learn v /la:n/ Wednesday n /'wordnzdet/ look v /luk/			
taxi n /*tæksi/ time n /tam/ toast n /təust/ tomorrow adv /tə'mɒrəu/ TV n /,ti: 'vi:/ typical adj /*tupik/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'ves/ usually adv / ju:guəli/ walk n / v /wɔ:k/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /*mʌndet/ Tuesday n /*tju:zdet/ Wednesday n /*vdizdet/ Wendesday n /*vdizdet/ We	•	•	
time n /tam/ toast n /taust/ tomorrow adv /ta'morau/ TV n /ti: 'vi:/ typical adj /'tupikl/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju:guali/ walk n /v /wa:k/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mandet/ Tusually adv /'tuzider/ Wednesday n /'tjuzder/ Wednesday n /'wednzder/ Thusdout n /'(Pounder) fog n /fog/ fog n /fog/ free time n /,fri: 'taum/ Frenchman n /'frentfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ frientfman/ hæt/ hat n /hæt/ hate v /het/ hate v /het/ homework n /'haumwa:k/ hot adj /hot/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ international adj /,inta'næfnal/ jacket n /'dʒækɪt/ jumper n /'dʒʌmpə(r)/ kids n pl /kidz/ large adj /la:dʒ/ learn v /lɜ:n/ look v /luk/			
toast n /təust/ tomorrow adv /tə'mɒrəu/ TV n /,ti: 'vi:/ typical adj /'tɪpikl/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju:ʒuəli/ visit n /'vızıt/ walk n / v /wo:k/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mandet/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdet/ Wednesday n /'wednzdet/ Thysodov n /'forentʃmən/ free time n /,fri: 'taɪm/ Frenchman n /'frentʃmən/ friendly adj /'frendli/ hat n /hæt/ hat n /hæt/ hat v /het/ hat v /het/ homework n /'həumwa:k/ homework n /'həumwa:k/ hot adj /hot/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ international adj /,ɪntə'næʃnəl/ jacket n /'dʒækɪt/ jumper n /'dʒækɪt/ jumper n /'dʒæmpə(r)/ kids n pl /kɪdz/ large adj /lɑːdʒ/ learn v /lɜːn/ look v /luk/			
tomorrow adv /tə'morəu/ TV n /,ti: 'vi:/ typical adj /'tipikl/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju:guəli/ walk n / v /wo:k/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mandet/ Tusiday n /'wednzdet/ Wednesday n /'wednzdet/ Wednesday n /'wednzdet/ Thurdey n /'dearday/ Frenchman n /'frentfjmən/ friendly adj /'frendli/ hat n / hæt/ hat n		· ·	
TV n /,ti: 'vi:/ typical adj /'tprkl/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju: quali/ walk n / v/wo:k/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mander/ Wednesday n /'wednader/ Wednesday n /'wednader/ Thursday n /'founder/ friendly adj /'frendli/ hat n /hæt/ hat v /hæt/ hate v /hett/ homework n /'hau 'meni/ international adj /,intə'næʃnəl/ jacket n /'dʒæktt/ jumper n /'dʒæktt/ jumper n /'dʒæmpə(r)/ kids n pl /krdz/ large adj /lo:dʒ/ learn v /ls:n/ Wednesday n /'wednader/ Thursday n /'wednader/ Thursday n /'gourder/			
typical adj /'tipikl/ (the) US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju:zuəli/ homework n /'həumwa:k/ hot adj /hot/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ walk n / v /wo:k/ watch v /wotf/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mʌndet/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdet/ Wednesday n /'wednzdet/ Wednesday n /'wednzdet/ Thusday n /'houndat/ Thusday n /'houndat/ Wednesday n /'wednzdet/ Thusday n /'wednzdet/	TV n /,ti: 'vi:/		
the US n pl /ju: 'es/ usually adv /'ju:3uəli/ homework n /'həumws:k/ hot adj /hot/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ walk n / v /wo:k/ watch v /wotʃ/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mʌndeɪ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdeɪ/ Wednesday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'Pounday/ Mate v /hett/ homework n /'həumws:k/ hot adj /hot/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ international adj /,intə'næʃnəl/ jacket n /'dʒækɪt/ jumper n /'dʒæhɪt/ jumper n /'dʒampə(r)/ kids n pl /kɪdz/ large adj /lɑːdʒ/ learn v /lɜːn/ book v /luk/	typical adj /'tɪpɪkl/		
usually adv /'ju:zuəli/ visit n /'vizit/ walk n / v /wo:k/ watch v /wotʃ/ week n /wi:k/ when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mʌndei/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdei/ Wednesday n /'wednazdei/ Thusday n /'wednazdei/ Thusday n /'louday/ Thusday n /'louday/ Thusday n /'wednazdei/	(the) US n pl /ju: 'es/		
visit n /'vizit/ hot adj /hot/ walk n / v /wo:k/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ watch v /wotf/ international adj /,intə'næfnəl/ week n /wi:k/ jacket n /'dʒækit/ when? /wen/ jumper n /'dʒampə(r)/ Days of the week kids n pl /kidz/ Monday n /'mʌndei/ large adj /la:dʒ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdei/ learn v /la:n/ Wednesday n /'wednzdei/ look v /luk/			-
walk n/v /wo:k/ how many? /,hau 'meni/ watch v /wotf/ international adj /,intə'næʃnəl/ week n /wi:k/ jacket n /'dʒækit/ when? /wen/ jumper n /'dʒʌmpə(r)/ Days of the week kids n pl /kidz/ Monday n /'mʌndei/ large adj /la:dʒ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdei/ learn v /la:n/ Wednesday n /'wednzdei/ look v /luk/	visit n /'vızıt/	hot adj /hpt/	
watch $v / \text{wot} f / \text{week } n / \text{wi:k} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'d} 3 \times \text{kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{'kit} / \text{gacket } n / \text{kit} / ga$	walk n / v /wak/	how many? /,hau 'meni/	
week n /wi:k/ jacket n /ˈdʒækɪt/ when? /wen/ jumper n /ˈdʒʌmpə(r)/ Days of the week kids n pl /kɪdz/ Monday n /ˈmʌndeɪ/ large adj /lɑ:dʒ/ Tuesday n /ˈtju:zdeɪ/ learn v /lɜ:n/ Wednesday n /ˈwednzdeɪ/ look v /luk/		international adj /ˌɪntəˈnæʃnəl/	
when? /wen/ Days of the week Monday n /'mʌndeɪ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdeɪ/ Wednesday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'wednzdeɪ/	·		
Days of the week Monday n /'mʌndeɪ/ Tuesday n /'tju:zdeɪ/ Wednesday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Wednesday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'Pounday/	when? /wen/	,	
Monday n /'mʌndeɪ/ large adj /lɑːdʒ/ Tuesday n /'tjuːzdeɪ/ learn v /lɜːn/ Wednesday n /'wednzdeɪ/ look v /luk/	Davis of the week		
Tuesday n /'tju:zdeɪ/ Wednesday n /'wednzdeɪ/ Thursday n /'Pouday/			
Wednesday n /'wednzder/ look v /luk/			
Thursday, at "Aprilday"			
machine n /ma ji:n/			
		Admentate 18 /IIII J1,11/	

meet v /mi:t/	
mobile phones n pl / məubail 'fəunz/	
money n /'mʌni/	
months $n pl / m n \theta s /$	
neighbours n pl /'neibəz/	
newspaper n /'nju:zpeɪpə(r)/	
no problem /ˈnəʊ ˌprobləm/	
October n /ok'təubə(r)/	
old adj /əʊld/	
over there / auva 'ðea(r)/	
packet n /'pækit/	
parcel n /'pa:sl/	
Pardon? /'pa:dn/	
PIN n /'pin/	
place n /pleis/	
post ν /pəʊst/	
Post Office n /'paust pfis/	
postcard n /'pəʊstkɑ:d/	
present n /'preznt/	
programme n /'prəugræm/	
railway station n / reilwei steifn/	
rain n /rein/	
red adj /red/	-
return ticket n /rɪˈtɜːn ˌtɪkɪt/	
sad adj /sæd/	
salad n /'sæləd/	
scales n pl /skeilz/	
seafood n /'si:fu:d/	
shampoo n /ʃæm'pu:/	
shoes $n pl / \int u \cdot z / dz$	
shops n pl /spps/	
shows n pl /ʃəuz/	
single ticket n /'sɪŋgl ˌtɪkɪt/	
stamp n /stæmp/	
Swedish <i>adj</i> /ˈswi:dɪʃ/	
take away n /'teɪkəweɪ/	
teach v /ti:t∫/	
that pron /ðæt/	-
•	
toothpaste n /'tu:θpeist/	
town n /taun/	
train n /treɪn/	
try on ν /trai on/	
T-shirt n /'ti:ʃɜ:t/	
understand v /ˌʌndəˈstænd/	
very much / veri 'mʌtʃ/	
violinist n /ˌvaɪəˈlɪnɪst/	
website n /'websait/	
wet adj /wet/	
white adj /wait/	
who? /hu:/	
why? /wai/	
wonderful adj /ˈwʌndəfl/	
wrong <i>adj</i> /roŋ/	
yellow <i>adj</i> /'jeləʊ/	

WINIT 8

alarm clock n /ə'la:m ˌklɒk/ any pron /'eni/ armchair n /'a:mtʃeə(r)/	
autumn n /'ɔ:təm/	
bathroom <i>n</i> /'ba:θru:m/ border <i>n</i> /'bɔ:də(r)/	
bus station n /'bas stersn/	
car keys n pl /'ka: ˌki:z/	
car park n /'ka: ,pa:k/ castle n /'ka:sl/	
cinema n /'sɪnəmə/ cooker n /'kukə(r)/	
cosmopolitan <i>adj</i> / _k kozmə'politən/ cycling <i>n</i> /'sarklıŋ/	
desk n /desk/	-
dining room n /'dainin ru:m/	
directions <i>n</i> /də'rekʃnz/ drawer <i>n</i> /dro:(r)/	
DVD player n /di: vi: 'di: ,pleiə(r)/	
excellent adj /'eksələnt/	
ferry n /'feri/	
festivals n pl /'festivlz/	X
fishing n /fɪʃɪŋ/ floor n /flɔ:(r)/	
fresh adj /fres/	
fridge <i>n</i> /fridʒ/ furniture <i>n</i> /ˈfɜːnɪtʃə(r)/	
games n pl /geimz/	
golf n /golf/	
home town n /,həum 'taun/	
Indian <i>adj</i> /'ɪndiən/ Internet café <i>n</i> /'ɪntənet ˌkæfeɪ/	1
kinds of /'kaındz əv/	
kitchen n /'kɪtʃn/	
lamp n /læmp/	· — —
laptop n /ˈlæptop/ left /ˈleft/	
living room n /'livin ,ru:m/	
mean adj /mi:n/	
meetings <i>n pl</i> /ˈmiːtɪŋz/ miles <i>n pl</i> /maɪlz/	
minutes n pl /'minits/	
modern adj /'mpdn/	
more pron /mɔ:(r)/ mountain n /ˈmaʊntən/	
need v /ni:d/	
next to prep /'nekst tu:, tə/ night n /naɪt/	
park n /pɑ:k/	
posters n pl /'pəustəz/	
quick adj /kwik/	
right <i>adj</i> /raɪt/ rooms <i>n pl</i> /ru:mz/	
run ν /rʌn/	
sailing n /seilin/	

signs n pl /samz/ sky n /skai/ slow adj /sləu/ snowboarding n /'snəubɔ:dɪŋ/ sofa n /'səufə/ some /snm/ spectacular adj /spek'tækjələ(r)/ sports bag n /'spo:ts bæg/ spring n /sprin/ straight on / streit 'on/ summer n /'samə(r)/ sunny adj /'sʌni/ supermarket n /'su:pəmɑ:kit/ telephone n /'telifəun/ Thai adi /taɪ/ theatre n /'θιətə(r)/ tidy adj /'taɪdi/ toilet n /'toilet/ trainers n pl /'treməz/ travel v /'trævl/ trolley bus n /'troli ,bas/ turn v /t3:n/ under prep /'Andə(r)/ walls n pl /wo:lz/ warm adj /wo:m/ water sports n /'wo:tə ˌspo:ts/ winter n /'wintə(r)/



UNIT 9

art n /'a:t/ Austria n /'pstriə/ back n /bæk/ birthday n /'bs: θ deɪ/ born v /bo:n/ Canadian adj /kə'neɪdiən/ charity shop n /'tsærəti ,fop/ colourful adj /ˈkʌləfl/ dear adj /dɪə(r)/ do ν /du:/ eldest adj /'eldist/ expert n /'eksp3:t/ famous adj /'feiməs/ film n /film/ film company n /'film kamponi/ fingerprint n /'fingəprint/ for sale /fə'seɪl/ gallery n / gæləri/ go ν /gəʊ/ good time / god 'taim/ grandfather n /'grænfa:ðə(r)/ grandmother n /'grænmʌðə(r)/ gym *n* /dʒɪm/ happy birthday /ˌhæpi 'bɜ:θdeɪ/ horrible adj /horobl/ housework n /'hauswa:k/ Irish adj /'airis/

last year /,la:st 'jiə(r)/	
make v /meik/	
mess n /mes/	
most /məust/	
musician n /mjuˈʒɪ∫n/	
next year / nekst 'jiə(r)/	
older adj /'əʊldə(r)/	
Pakistan n /,pæki'stæn/	
pay v /pei/	
politician n /ˌpɒləˈtɪʃn/	
princess n /,prin'ses/	
racing driver n /'reisin draivə(r)/	
real adj /ˈriːəl/	,
rich adj /rɪtʃ/	
Saudi Arabia n /ˌsaudi əˈreɪbiə/	7
scientist n /'saiəntist/	
see v /si:/	(i
singer n /'sɪŋə(r)/ south adj /saυθ/	-
still adj /stil/	
story n /'sto:ri/	
thousand n /ˈθaʊzənd/	
TV company <i>n</i> /,ti: 'vi: ,kʌmpən	
uncle n /'ʌŋkl/	
writer n /'raɪtə(r)/	
year n /jɪə(r)/	
yesterday adv /'jestədeɪ/	
Months of the year	
January n /dzæniuəri/	
January <i>n</i> /dʒænjuəri/ February <i>n</i> /ˈfebruəri/	
January n /dʒænjuəri/ February n /ˈfebruəri/ March n /mɑːtʃ/	
February n /'februəri/	
February n /ˈfebruəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /ˈeɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/	
February n /ˈfebruəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /ˈeɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/	
February n /ˈfebruəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /ˈeɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒuˈlaɪ/	
February n /'februari/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/	
February n /'februari/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/	
February n /'februari/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /pk'təubə(r)/	
February n /'februari/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nəu'vembə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dı'sembə(r)/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nəʊ'vembə(r)/ November n /nəʊ'vembə(r)/ December n /dɪ'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nəu'vembə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dı'sembə(r)/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nbu'vembə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dı'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /meɪ/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dɪ'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mɑ:t/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu'laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dr'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:lai/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nk'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /di'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɔ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nk'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dı'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɔ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /'sevnθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:lai/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /nk'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /di'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɔ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dɪ'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/ fourth adj /fɪθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /ˈsevnθ/ eighth adj /eɪtθ/ ninth adj /namθ/ tenth adj /tenθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:laɪ/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /dɪ'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/ fourth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /ˈsevnθ/ eighth adj /eɪtθ/ ninth adj /namθ/ tenth adj /tenθ/ eleventh adj /tlevənθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:lai/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /di'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɔ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /ˈsevnθ/ eighth adj /ettθ/ ninth adj /namθ/ tenth adj /tenθ/ eleventh adj /tlevənθ/ twelfth adj /twelfθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:lai/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /di'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /ˈsevnθ/ eighth adj /ettθ/ ninth adj /namθ/ tenth adj /tenθ/ eleventh adj /tevənθ/ twelfth adj /twelfθ/ thirteenth adj /ˌθɜ:ti:nθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑːtʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mɑːtʃ/ June n /dʒuːn/ July n /dʒuːlaɪ/ August n /'ɔːgəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təʊbə(r)/ November n /nəʊ'vembə(r)/ December n /dɪ'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜːst/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /fɔːd/ fourth adj /fɔːθ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /ˈsevnθ/ eighth adj /ettθ/ ninth adj /namθ/ tenth adj /tenθ/ eleventh adj /tevənθ/ twelfth adj /twelfθ/ thirteenth adj /ˌθɜː'tiːnθ/ fourteenth adj /ˌfɔː'tiːnθ/	
February n /'februəri/ March n /mɑ:tʃ/ April n /'eɪprəl/ May n /mei/ June n /dʒu:n/ July n /dʒu:lai/ August n /'ɔ:gəst/ September n /sep'tembə(r)/ October n /ok'təubə(r)/ November n /nəu'vembə(r)/ December n /di'sembə(r)/ Ordinal numbers first adj /fɜ:st/ second adj /'sekənd/ third adj /θɜ:d/ fourth adj /fɔ:θ/ fifth adj /fɪfθ/ sixth adj /sɪksθ/ seventh adj /ˈsevnθ/ eighth adj /ettθ/ ninth adj /namθ/ tenth adj /tenθ/ eleventh adj /tevənθ/ twelfth adj /twelfθ/ thirteenth adj /ˌθɜ:ti:nθ/	

seventeenth adj /sevn'ti:nθ/

eighteenth adj /ˌeɪ'ti:nθ/ nineteenth adj /ˌnam'ti:nθ/ twentieth adj /'twentiəθ/ thirtieth adj /'θɜ:tiəθ/



UNIT 10

ago adv /əˈgəʊ/ at prep /æt, ət/ bus tour n /'bas toə(r)/ camping n /'kæmpɪŋ/ castle n /'ka:sl/ clean v /kli:nd/ coffee bar n /'kpfi |ba:(r)/ date n /deit/ diner n /'damə(r)/ enjoy v /in'dʒɔɪ/ free adj /fri:/ get v /get/ horse riding n /'ho:s ,raidin/ ice-skating n /'ais skeitin/ India n /'mdiə/ interested n /'intrəstid/ lake n /leik/ last adj /la:st/ late adj / adv / leit/ leisure activity n /'leʒə(r) ækˌtɪvəti/ listened v /'lɪsnd/ lots pron /lots/ lucky adj /'lnki/ market n /'ma:kit/ meal n / mi:l /milk n /milk/ much pron /mats/ museum n/mju'zi:əm/ once adv /wns/ orange juice n /'prind3 ,d3u:s/ pasta n /'pæstə/ Really? /'ri:əli/ relaxing adj /rɪˈlæksɪŋ/ roast beef n / roust 'bi:f/ rugby n /'rʌgbi/ show ν /ʃəʊ/ sightseeing n /'saɪtsi:ɪŋ/ sit v /'sɪt/ skiing n /ski:ɪŋ/ special adj /'spesl/ square n /skweə(r)/ start ν /stg:t/ sun n /sʌn/ swimming pool n /'swimin pu:1/ tour n /toə(r)/ tourist n /'toərist/ tourist office n /'toərist pfis/ villa n /'vɪlə/

weekend *n* /,wi:k'end/ windsurfing *n* /'windss:fiŋ/ zoo *n* /zu:/



WUNIT 11

160	
a little bit /ə 'lɪtl ˌbɪt/	
accident n /'æksidənt/	
act v /ækt/	
afraid adj /ə'freid/	
airport n /'eəpɔ:t/	
also adv /'ɔ:lsəʊ/	
anywhere adv /'eniweo(r)/	
architect n /'a:kitekt/	
Argentina n /a:d3en'ti:ne/	
arm n /a:m/	
athlete n /'æ θ li:t/	
barbecue <i>n</i> /'bɑ:bɪkju:/ beef <i>n</i> /bi:f/	
better adj /'betə(r)/	
bill n /bil/	
blog n /blog/	
boring <i>adj</i> /'bɔ:rɪŋ/ button <i>n</i> /'bʌtn/	
cake n /keik/	
can v /kæn/	
chat ν /tʃæt/	
chess n /tses/	
communicate v /kəˈmju:nɪkeɪt/	
computer games n pl	
/kəm'pju:tə ˈgeɪmz/	
continue v /kənˈtɪnjuː/	
dangerous adj /'deɪndʒərəs/	
defense n /di'fens/	3
department <i>n</i> /dr'pa:tmənt/	
draw v /dro:/	
endless adj /'endləs/	
everything <i>pron</i> /'evriθιη/	
farmer n /'fɑ:mə(r)/	
film star n /'film sta:(r)/	
fluently adj /ˈflu:əntli/	
fly v /flai/	
football player <i>n</i> /'futbo:l pleiə/	
geography n /dʒi'ɒgrəfi/	
glass n /gla:s/	
grandma n /ˈgrænmaː/	
green adj /gri:n/	
help ν /help/	
history <i>n</i> /'histri/ horse <i>n</i> /hɔ;s/	7
hour n /'auə(r)/	
hurt v /ha:t/	
interpreter n /ɪn'tɜ:prɪtə(r)/	
jumbo jet n /ˌdʒʌmbəu ˈdʒet/	
kind adj /kamd/	_
lift v /lɪft/	
lost adj /lost/	

walk v /'wo:k/

	J	
message n /'mesidʒ/	dawn n /do:n/	
metres n pl /'mi:təz/	describe v /dɪˈskraɪb/	
millions n pl /'mɪljənz/	dessert n /dr'za;t/	
miss ν /mis/	diet n /'daɪət/	
mostly adv /'məustli/	dishes n pl /'dɪʃɪz/	
motor racing n /'məutə ˌreɪsɪŋ/	dollars n pl /'doləz/	
	dry <i>adj</i> /draɪ/	
network n /'netwa:k/		
news n /nju:z/	feel v /fi:1/	·
offer ν /'pfə(r)/	fish n /fɪʃ/	
	floors n pl /flo:z/	
passport n /'pɑ:spɔ:t/	follow v /tə 'fɒləʊ/	
pilot n /'paɪlət/	followed by /'fplaud bai/	
planes n pl /plemz/	forget v /fəˈget/	
possible adj /'posobl/	fruit <i>n</i> /fru:t/	
problem n /'problem/		
push ν /pυʃ/	garden n /'ga:dn/	
radio n /'reidiau/	gate n /geɪt/	
really well /,ri:əli 'wel/	hair n /heə(r)/	
request v /ri'kwest/	immediately adv /ɪˈmiːdiətli/	
ride ν /raɪd/	juice n /dʒu:s/	
safe adj /seif/	just adv /dzʌst/	
science n /'sarəns/	kilometres <i>n pl</i> /ˈkɪləmi:təz/	
scientist n /'sarəntist/	· ·	
send v /send/	little adj /'lrtl/	
share ν /send/	lunch box n /'lant j boks/	
	mains n pl /memz/	
slowly adj /'slauli/	marathon n /'mærə θ ən/	
something pron /'sʌmθɪŋ/		
swim v /swim/	maybe adv /'merbi/	
tall <i>adj</i> /to:1/	mayonnaise n /,meiə'neiz/	
the Net n /ðə 'net/	meat n /mi:t/	
ticket n /'tɪkɪt/	menu n /'menju:/	
ticket machine n /'tɪkɪt məˌʃiːn/	mineral water n /'minərəl ˌwɔ:tə(r)/	
	mixed salad n / mikst 'sæləd/	
tractor n /'træktə(r)/	mobile phone n / məubail 'fəun/	
try v /trai/	move into /ˌmuːv ˈɪntu, ɪntə/	
turn off ν /,ta:n 'pf/		
use ν /ju:z/	nearly adv /'nɪəli/	
	normal adj /ˈnɔ:ml/	
water n /'wo:ta(r)/	on the side /ˌɒn ðə ˈsaɪd/	
What's the matter? /wots ðə 'mætə(r)/	onion n /ˌʌniən/	
worldwide adj /'ws:ldwaid/	ordering v /'ɔ:dərɪŋ/	
young <i>adj</i> /jʌŋ/		
	perhaps adv /pəˈhæps/	5
	plate n /pleit/	
WWW UNIT 12	polite adj /pəˈlaɪt/	
OINTI 12	programs n /'prəugræmz/	
	pull ν /pυl/	
anyone pron /'eniwʌn/	report ν /rɪˈpɔ:t/	
Anything else? /ˌeniθɪŋ 'els/	rice n /rais/	
apple pie n /,æpl 'paɪ/		
around / ə'ravnd/	salmon n /'sæmən/	
	service n /'sa:vis/	
bar <i>n</i> /ba:/	side orders n pl /'saɪd ˌɔ:dəz/	
beans n pl /bi:nz/	siesta n /si'estə/	
bike n /baɪk/	silly <i>adj</i> /ˈsɪli/	
bookshop n /'bukʃop/	Sir n /s3:/	
bottle n /'bptl/	slices n pl /'slaisiz/	
bread n /bred/	smaller adj /'smo:lə(r)/	
	smallest adj /'smo:list/	
cereal n /'srarial/	smile n /smail/	
chicken n /'tʃɪkɪn/		
	ama alsa ay /ama aysts/	
chocolate cake n /'tʃɒklət ˌkeɪk/	smoke v /sməuk/	
coffee shop n /'kpfi fpp/	snack n /snæk/	
	snack n /snæk/ soup n /su:p/	
coffee shop n /'kpfi fpp/	snack n /snæk/	

stand v /stænd/
starters n /'stɑ:təz/
sugar n /'ʃugə(r)/
sunset n /'sʌn,set/
swap v /swop/

take photos v /ˌteɪk 'fəutəuz/
thirsty adj /'θa:sti/
till prep /tɪl/
too mato n /tə'mɑ:təu/
too many /ˌtu: 'meni/
too much /ˌtu: 'mʌtʃ/
vegetable n /'vedʒtəbl/
wait v /weɪt/
waitress n /'weɪtrəs/
world n /'wɜ:ld/



UNIT 13

actions n pl /'æksnz/ angry adj /'æŋgri/ apartments n pl /ə'pa:tmənts/ arrive v /əˈraɪv/ at the moment /ət ðə 'məumənt/ boots n pl /bu:ts/ bored adj /bo:d/ bring v /brin/ build v /bild/ business n /'biznəs/ call v /kɔ:l/ carry v /'kærı/ choose v /t∫u:s/ close v /klauz/ cold / kəuld/ colours n pl /'kʌləz/ country house n / kantri 'haus/ do well / du: 'wel/ dress n /dres/ end adj /end/ especially adv /r'spe[əli/ espresso n /e'spresau/ extra adj /'ekstrə/ finish n /'finis/ guess ν /ges/ happening n /'hæpənɪŋ/ have a cold v /'hæv ə kəʊld/ headache n /'hedeik/ helping n /'helpɪŋ/ homeless n /'həumləs/ hostel n /'hostəl/ hungry adj /'hʌŋgri/ jeans n pl /dji:nz/ lose ν /lu:z/ open ν /'əupən/ pleased adj /pli:zd/ poor adj /po:(r)/ private plane n / praivət 'plein/ public transport n /pablik 'trænspo:t/

put on v /put 'on/ remember v /rɪˈmembə(r)/ road n /raud/ scarf n /ska:f/ secret n /'si:krət/ sell v /sel/ shirt $n / \int 3:t/$ shorts n pl /so:ts/ skirt n /ska:t/ sleep v /'sli:p/ socks n pl /soks/ someone pron /'sʌmwʌn/ spend money v / spend 'mni/ spend time v / spend 'taim/ strawberry n /'stro:bəri/ successful adj /sək'sesfl/ suit n /su:t/ take off n /'terk of/ teenage adj /'ti:neɪdʒ/ tie n /taɪ/ trousers n pl /'trauzəz/ turn on ν / ts:n 'on/ turn off ν / ts:n of/ TV programme n/ˌti: 'vi: ˌprəugræm/ video n /'vidiəu/ wear ν /'weə/ window n /'windəu/ win v /win/ work v /ws:k/ worried v /'warid/ worth adj /w3:θ/

Colours

black adj /blæk/ blue adj /blu:/ brown adj /braun/ green adj /gri:n/ grey adj /grei/ red adj /red/ white adj /wart/ yellow adj /'jeləu/



UNIT 14

abroad v /ə'brɔ:d/

across adv /ə'krps/
all year round /,ɔ:l jiə 'raund/
along prep /ə'loŋ/
assistant n /ə'sistənt/
autoroute n /'ɔ:təuru:t/
balcony n /'bælkəni/
banana n /bə'nɑ:nə/
begin v /br'gɪn/
Belgium n /'beldʒəm/
biology n /baɪ'plədʒi/
bistro n /'bi:strəu/
boat n /bəut/
bridge n /bridʒ/

campus n /'kæmpəs/	
canals n pl /kə'nælz/	
carefully adj /'keəfəli/	
check in v /,tfek 'm/	
chef n /ʃef/	
chemistry n /'kemistri/	
connection n /kəˈnekʃn/	
cost n /kpst/	
cruise n /kru;z/	
developing countries n pl	
/dɪˌveləpɪŋ 'kʌntriz/	
doctors n pl /'doktəz/	
east n /i:st/	
economics n /,i:kə'npmɪks/	
Europe n /ˈjʊərəp/	
events n pl /1'vents/	
exam n /ig'zæm/	
explain v /ik'splein/	
expressions n pl /ik'spresnz/	
flight n /flart/	
future n /'fju:tʃə(r)/	
grow up /ˌgrəʊ 'ʌp/	
hope ν /həʊp/	
housewife n /'hauswaif/	
how long? adv /ˌhaʊ 'lɒŋ/	
imagine v /ɪˈmædʒɪn/	
important <i>n</i> /im'po:tent/	
jeep n /dʒi:p/	
journalist n /ˈdʒɜːnəlɪst/	
Journalist 11 / U.S.Malisti	
know v /nəu/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
know v /nəu/	
know v /nəʊ/ local <i>adj</i> /ˈləʊkl/	
know v /nəu/ local <i>adj</i> /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/	
know v /nəu/ local <i>adj</i> /ˈləʊkl/ medicine n /ˈmedsn/ modern languages n pl	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,mɒdn 'læŋgwɪdʒɪz/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwɪdʒɪz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaɪk/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'nıəbai/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'nɔ:vəs/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'nıəbai/ nervous adj /'nɔ:vəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,mɒdn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'nıəbai/ nervous adj /'nis:vəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvə/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kplədʒi/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kplədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəvəs/ overnight adv /,əuvə'nait/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kplədʒi/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'læŋgwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'meiʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'plezə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kblədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/ quite often /,kwait 'pfn/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃin/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kolədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/ quite often /,kwait 'pfn/ research company n	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kolədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/ quite often /,kwait 'ofn/ research company n /ri'sa:tʃ ,kʌmpəni/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kolədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/ quite often /,kwait 'ofn/ research company n /rī'sa:tʃ ,kʌmpəni/ revision n /rī'viʒn/	
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know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sai'kolədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/ quite often /,kwatt 'pfn/ research company n /rɪ'sɔ:tʃ ,kʌmpəni/ revision n /rɪ'vɪʒn/ ride n /raid/ rucksack n /'rʌksæk/ safari n /sə'fɑ:ri/ Same to you /,seim tu 'ju:/ Scottish adj /'skotɪʃ/	
know v /nəu/ local adj /'ləukl/ medicine n /'medsn/ modern languages n pl /,modn 'længwidʒiz/ motorbike n /'məutəbaik/ move v /mu:v/ nearby adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ nervous adj /'niəbai/ painter n /'peintə(r)/ Physics n /'fiziks/ piece of information n /,pi:s əv infə'metʃn/ plans n pl /plænz/ pleasure n /'pleʒə(r)/ Psychology n /sar'kɒlədʒi/ quickly adv /'kwikli/ quite often /,kwatt 'pfn/ research company n /rɪ'sɔ:tʃ ,kʌmpəni/ revision n /rɪ'vɪʒn/ ride n /raɪd/ rucksack n /'rʌksæk/ Safari n /sə'fɑ:ri/ Same to you /,seim tu 'ju:/	

South Africa n / saυθ 'æfrikə/ souvenir n / su:və'nıə(r)/ steak n /steik/ sunshine n /'sʌn∫aɪn/ tent n /tent/ there adv /ðeə(r)/ transport n /'trænspo:t/ trip n /trip/ tunnel n /'tʌnl/ women n pl /'wimin/ Zambia n /'zæmbiə/

Pairwork pages



UNIT 2 p14

PRACTICE

Cities and countries

2 Work with a partner.

Student A Look at the photos on p14.

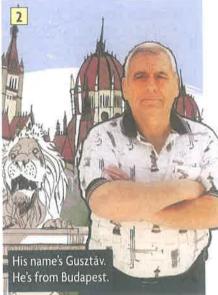
Student B Look at the photos on this page.

Ask questions and write the answers.

What's her name? Where's she from?

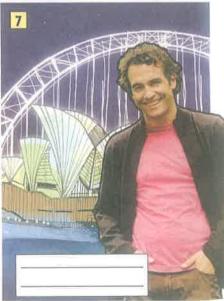
> What's his name? Where's he from?



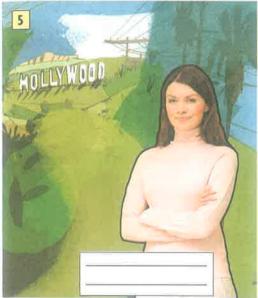


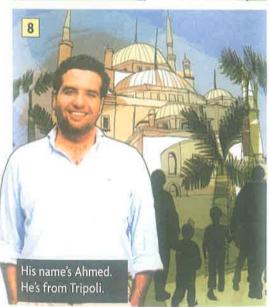














UNIT 8 p59

PRACTICE

Two different rooms

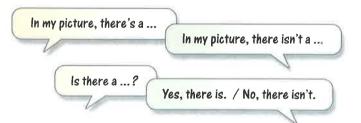
3 Work with a partner.

Student A Look at the picture on p59.

Student B Look at the picture on this page.



Your pictures are different. Talk about them to find differences.



Irregular verbs

Base form Past Simple		Base form	Past Simple
be	was/were	lose	lost
begin	began	make	made
bring	brought	mean	meant
build	built	meet	met
buy	bought	pay	paid
can	could	put	put
catch	caught	read /ri:d/	read /red/
come	came	ride	rode
cost	cost	run	ran
do	did	say	said
draw	drew	see	saw
drink	drank	sell	sold
drive	drove	send	sent
eat	ate	sit	sat
feel	felt	sleep	slept
find	found	speak	spoke
fly	flew	spell	spelt
forget	forgot	spend	spent
get	got	stand	stood
give	gave	swim	swam
go	went	take	took
have	had	teach	taught
hear	heard	think	thought
know	knew	understand	understood
learn	learnt/learned	wear	wore
leave	left	win	win

Phonetic symbols

	Cons	onants		
	1	/p/	as in	pen /pen/
	2	/b/	as in	big/big/
1	3	/t/	as in	tea /ti:/
	4	/d/	as in	do /du:/
	5	/k/	as in	cat /kæt/
	6	/g/	as in	go /gəʊ/
	7	/f/	as in	four /fo:/
1	8	/v/	as in	very /'veri/
	9	/s/	as in	son /san/
	10	/z/	as in	zoo /zu:/
	11	/1/	as in	live /lɪv/
	12	/m/	as in	my /maɪ/
	13	/n/	as in	now /naʊ/
	14	/h/	as in	happy /ˈhæpi/
	15	/ r /	as in	red /red/
	16	/j/	as in	yes /jes/
	17	/w/	as in	want /wpnt/
	18	/0/	as in	thanks /θæŋks/
	19	/ð/	as in	the /ðə/
	20	/ ʃ /	as in	she /ʃi:/
ı	21	/3/	as in	television /'telɪvɪʒn/
	22	/tʃ/	as in	child /t∫aɪld/
	23	/d ₃ /	as in	German /ˈdʒɜ:mən/
	24	/ŋ/	as in	English /ˈɪŋglɪʃ/

Vowels			
25	/i:/	as in	see /si:/
26	/I/	as in	his /hɪz/
27	/i/	as in	twenty /'twenti/
28	/e/	as in	ten /ten/
29	/æ/	as in	bag /bæg/
30	/a:/	as in	father /'fa:ðə/
31	/a/	as in	hot /hpt/
32	/ɔ:/	as in	morning /ˈmɔ:nɪŋ/
33	/ʊ/	as in	football /'futbo:1/
34	/u:/	as in	you /ju:/
35	/^/	as in	sun /san/
36	/3:/	as in	learn /lɜ:n/
37	/ə/	as in	letter /'letə/

Diph	Diphthongs (two vowels together)		
38	/eɪ/	as in	name /neɪm/
39	/აʊ/	as in	no /nəʊ/
40	/aɪ/	as in	my /maɪ/
41	/aʊ/	as in	how/hau/
42	/IC/	as in	boy/boi/
43	/iə/	as in	hear /hɪə/
44	/ea/	as in	where /weə/
45	/ʊə/	as in	tour /tʊə/

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